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No. 164.

1880.

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WHICH ARE

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UPWARDS OF ONE THOUSAND PRIZES AND AWARDS

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FOR NEW AND RARE PLANTS ALONE,

AT THE PRINCIPAL LONDON AND INTERNATIONAL FLOWER SHOWS.

Mr. W. BULL mentions this as conveying some idea of the importance of his collection.

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The illustrations in Mr. W. B.'s Catalogues have been carefully drawn and engraved by eminent artists, from plants introduced at great expense from their native habitats; the Catalogue has, therefore, been registered and the copyright is reserved, and any infringement will be proceeded against.

DIEFFENBACHIA LEOPOLDII.

For description and price, *vide* page 4.

DIEFFENBACHIA SPLENDENS.

For description and price, *vide* page 4.

SENECIO SPECIOSUS.

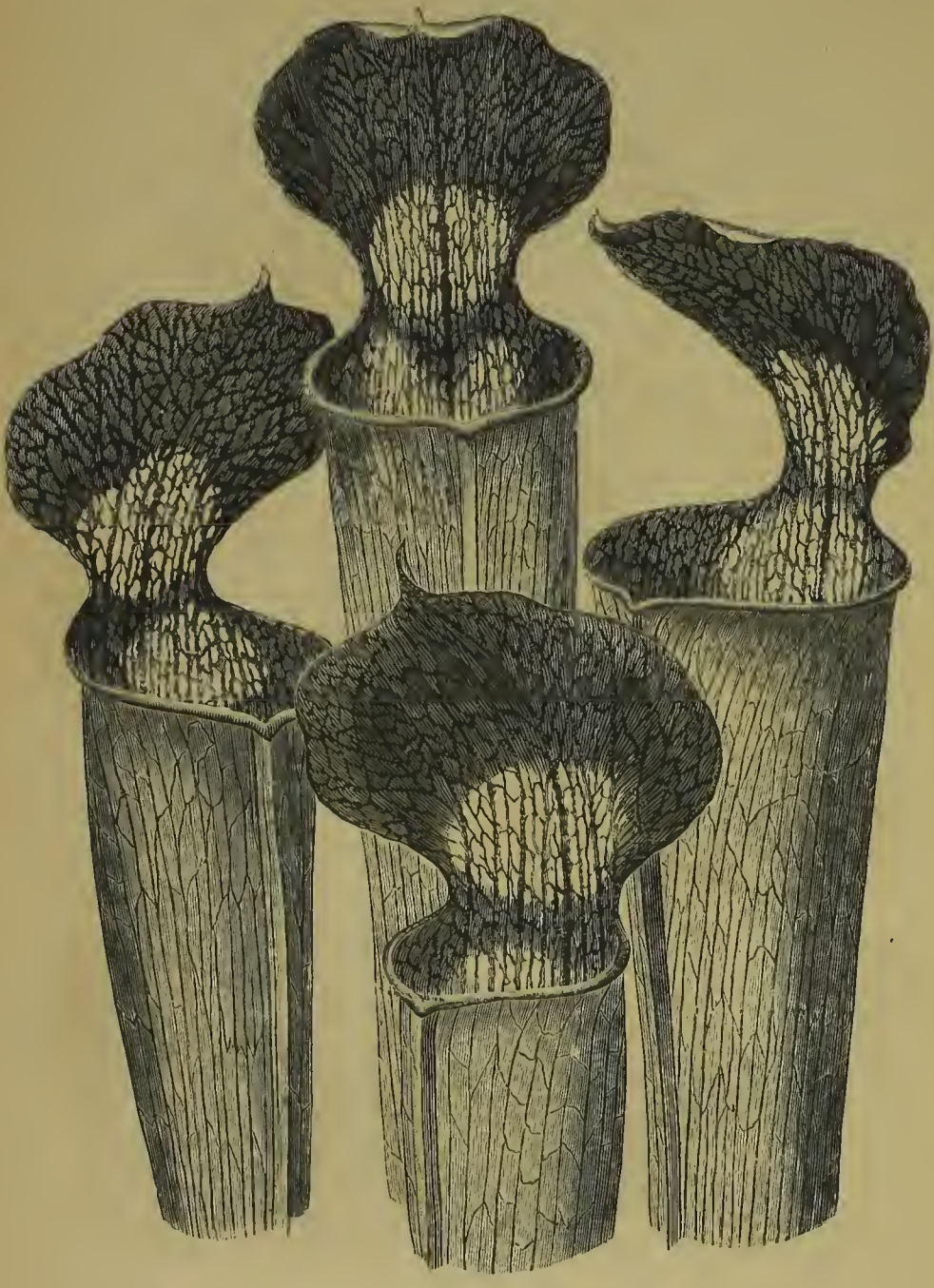
For description and price, *vide* page 7.

POLYSTICHUM VIVIPARUM.

For description and price, *vide* page 6.

SARRACENIA FLAVA ORNATA.

For description and price, *vide* page 7.



SARRACENIA ATROSANGUINEA.

For description and price, *vide* page 7.

SARRACENIA CRISPATA.

For description and price, *vide* page 7.

PHILODENDRON CARDERI.

For description and price, *vide* page 6.

HÆMANTHUS KALBREYERI.

For description and price, *vide* page 5.

NEW VARIETIES OF COLEUS.

For descriptions and prices, *vide* page 10.

ASPARAGUS PLUMOSUS.

For description and price, *vide* page 3.

MARANTA NITENS.

For description and price, *vide* page 6.

DIEFFENBACHIA CARDERI.

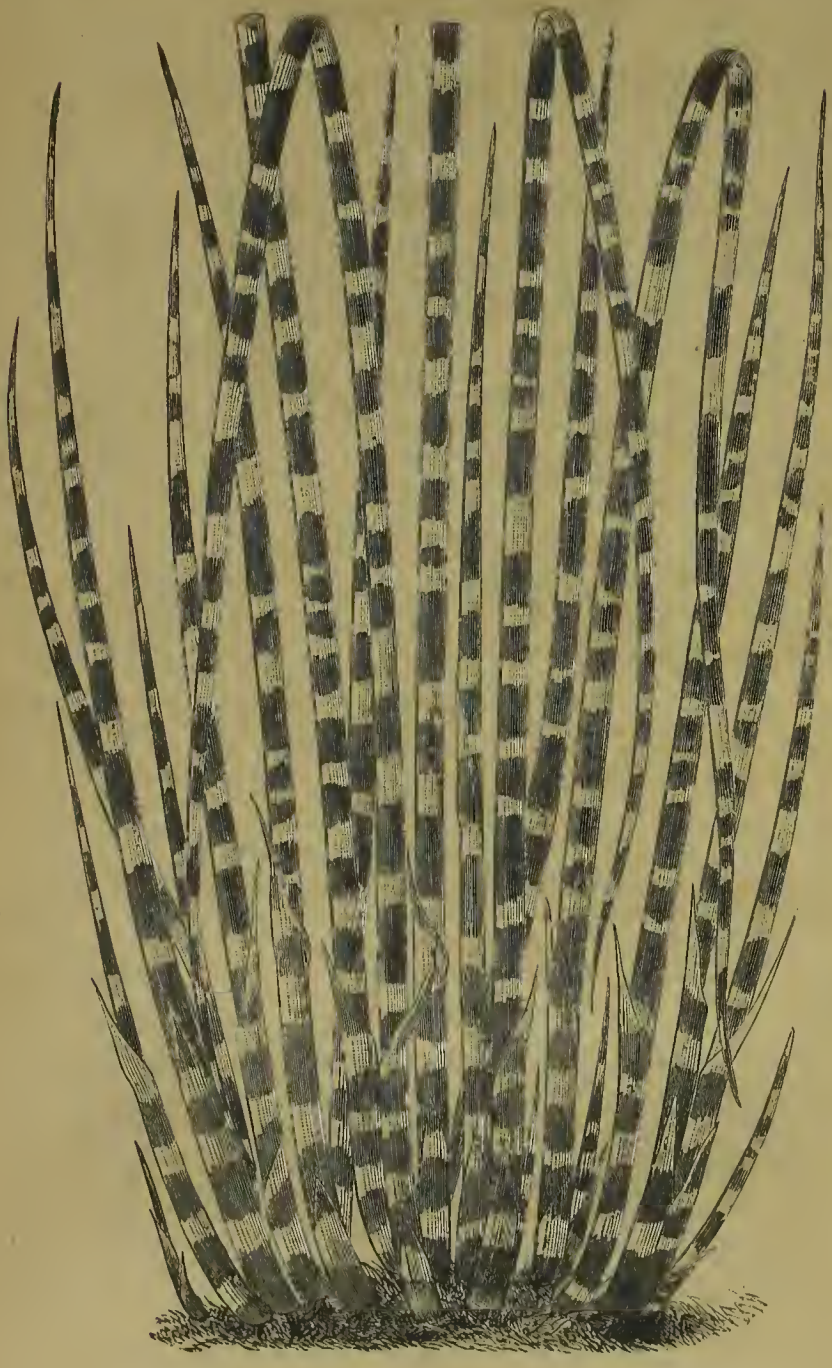
For description and price, *vide* page 4.

DIEFFENBACHIA AMŒNA.

For description and price, *vide* page 3.

PAVONIA MAKOYANA.

For description and price, *vide* page 6.



JUNCUS ZEBRINUS.

For description and price, *vide* page 5.

NEW PLANTS

ANNOUNCED FOR THE FIRST

BY

WILLIAM BULL, F.L.S.

ASPARAGUS FALCATUS.

A copiously-branched twining evergreen greenhouse plant, imported from South Africa. It is remarkable in the young stete for its resemblance to some of the long-leaved Acecias. It grows several feet in height, and has slender angular branches. The leaf-like cladodia are in threes, bright green and glabrous; the hermaphrodite flowers are white, and grow twenty or thirty together, in lateral racemes, from the nodes of the branches. 7*s.* 6*d.*

The above plant was sent out by Mr. W. B. last year, after his Catalogue was published; so that it must be considered en introduction of 1879.

ASPARAGUS PLUMOSUS.

An elegant overgreen climber, from South Africa, with slender stems, smooth and numerous spreading braneches; the hermaphrodite white flowers are produced from the tips of the branchlets. It is an exceedingly handsome ornamental plant for the greenhouse or conservatory, and its pretty feathery growths are extremely useful for cutting for decoration. For illustration, *vide* page XI. 1 guinea.

BERTOLONIA VITTATA.

A very pretty hybrid Melastomaccous plant, belonging to the class sometimes popularly called Jewel Plants, on account of the sparkling richness of their colouring. The variety now offered has a dwarf stem, from which spread the shortly-stalked leaves, which are ovate-oblong in form; the colour is a velvety olive green, the midrib being marked out by a glistening band of burnished silver, while the side ribs are indicated by a slighter dotted line of the same; the flowers are of a soft rose colour. 10*s.* 6*d.*

The above plant was sent out by Mr. W. B. last year, after his Catalogue was published; so that it must be considered an introduction of 1879.

CRINUM AMŒNUM.

This pretty bulbous plant has been imported from Assem. Its fragrant flowers are white, tinted on the outside with rose, about five inches across; the stamens and style are crimson, forming a nice contrast with the white segments. 5*s.*

The above plant was sent out by Mr. W. B. last year, after his Catalogue was published; so that it must be considered an introduction of 1879.

CYPHOMANDRA ARGENTEA.

A strikingly handsome stove plant, imported from Brazil. The leaf blade is elliptic, eight to ten inches long and four to five inches broad, with a dark costa and prominent distant primary veins, the principal part of the leaf proper being of a bright silvery tint, broken up by a few transverse green veins; the underside is glossy, and deeply stained with purple. The stems and leaves are quite smooth, and rather fleshy in texture. The white surface of the leaves renders this plant pleasing and attractive. 1 guinea.

The above plant was sent out by Mr. W. B. last year, after his Catalogue was published; so that it must be considered an introduction of 1879.

DIEFFENBACHIA AMŒNA.

An effective variety of this showy race of Arads, obtained from the tropical regions of South America. Its oblong acute leaves are of a deep green, marked with very abundant elongate blotches of white and pale yellow, which are as well defined on the under as on the upper surface. It is a very attractive plant, on account of its bright and abundant maculation. For illustration, *vide* page XIV. 1½ guinea.

DIEFFENBACHIA CARDERI.

ɔited plant, introduced from South America. It has oblong-ovate leaves, .ewhat deflexed, of a rich dark green, strikingly blotched and variegated; /ariegation being about equally distributed, makes the plant exceedingly lt has received a First Class Certificate from the Royal Botanic Society. ; XIII. 1½ guinea.

DIEFFENBACHIA DELECTA.

.ottled green stems, and elliptic-lanceolate leaves, eight to ten inches long, having satiny surface, spotted with a whitish variegation. The narrowish spreading and .eaves give it an elegant character. 1 guinea.

DIEFFENBACHIA LEOPOLDII.

.e South American stove plant of resplendent beauty. The leaves are oblong-ovate, of a rich .ustrous satiny green, traversed by a broad and stout ivory-white rib, which is bordered on each side .rough its entire length with a whitish band, and shows in strong contrast to the colour of the leaf surface, producing a marvellously fine pictorial effect. It is one of the most handsome of the Dieffenbachias yet introduced, and was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the Provincial Show of the Royal Horticultural Society held at Preston in 1878, and the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition held at Ghent in 1878. For illustration, *vide* page 1. 1½ guinea.

DIEFFENBACHIA SPLENDENS.

A striking stove plant of great beauty, remarkable for the lustre of its colouring. The stem is faintly mottled with dark and light green. The leaves have a thick ivory-white mid-rib, and the ground colour is of a rich deep velvety bottle green, with a conspicuously lustrous surface, freely marked with whitish striated blotches, which stand out in striking contrast with the dark green ground colour. It is a remarkably fine and telling plant, imported from the United States of Columbia. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Ghent in 1878. For illustration, *vide* page II. 1½ guinea.

DOODIA ASPERA MULTIFIDA.

A handsome crested new greenhouse Fern, of neat dwarf evergreen habit, with prettily arched fronds, rendered drooping by the dense tassel at their apex; the young fronds are prettily tinted with pink. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the Provincial Show of the Royal Horticultural Society, held at Preston in 1878. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

The above Fern was sent out by Mr. W. B. last year, after his Catalogue was published; so that it must be considered an introduction of 1879.

DROSERA DICHOTOMA RUBRA.

A very beautiful form of Sundew, with dichotomously-parted leaves, but obviously differing from *D. dichotoma* (*binata*) by its red colour, and its always more repeatedly forked leaves. The plant is moreover altogether smaller, and the segments of its leaves are narrower and shorter. The leaf-lobes are densely fringed and studded with red hairs tipped by a transparent white globule, the hairs in *D. dichotoma* being white tipped with a red globule. The flower-scape is about a foot high, divided into three erect branches, each forming a short raceme of white flowers. 1½ guinea.

GENTIANA KURROO.

A very beautiful herbaceous perennial, introduced from Assam. It forms a tuft of longish, broadly-linear leaves, much like those of a broad-leaved Statice. The flower-scapes are axillary and recumbent, two or more flowered; the individual blossoms about two inches long; the outside of the tube white, the face of the limb bright cobalt blue, freckled in the centre part of each lobe with small white dots, the edge being unspotted. It is a very pretty plant, and quite distinct. Figured in the *Botanical Magazine* for January, 1880, tab. 6470, and in the *Garden* for March 20th, 1880. 7*s.* 6*d.*

The above plant was sent out by Mr. W. B. last year, after his Catalogue was published; so that it must be considered an introduction of 1879.

HÆMANTHUS KALBREYERI.

Having received a large importation of this magnificent species from the West Coast of Africa, Mr. W. B. can make special offer of good bulbs of it by the dozen or hundred. Its showy flower heads are of immense size, often producing in a single head, upwards of a hundred of its attractive flowers, which are of a bright reddish vermilion colour. The filaments are brightly coloured, while the golden anthers have a pretty effect in contrast with the mass of glowing colour. Figured in *L'Illustration Horticole* for August, 1879, and in the *Garden* for November 15th, 1879. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the Great Show of the Royal Horticultural Society held at Kensington in 1879. For Illustration, *vide* page IX. 5*s*., 7*s*. 6*d*. and 10*s*. 6*d*.

The above plant was sent out by Mr. W. B. last year, after his Catalogue was published ; so that it must be considered an introduction of 1879.

HETEROSPATHE ELATA.

A very elegant Palm from Java. It is a smooth-stemmed species, and is remarkable for the length of the tapered segments of its pinnate fronds. The leaflets are half an inch broad, with somewhat wider intervals between them, bright green on both the surfaces, narrowing upwards into a long slender tapering point. The plant has a naturally graceful spreading habit, and ranks amongst the most ornamental of the pinnate-leaved series. 2 guineas.

IRIS KÆMPFERI CHELSEA HERO.

A very large and handsome double-flowered variety of Kæmpfer's Iris, introduced from Japan. The flowers are flat and regular in form, fully five and a half inches across, of a rich blue purple, lit up by a golden bar at the base of each of the six segments, which are closely imbricated, and spread out horizontally. The breadth of the segments, and the complete imbrication of the inner over the outer series, give a peculiar fulness to the flower. 1 guinea.

The above plant was sent out by Mr. W. B. last year, after his Catalogue was published ; so that it must be considered an introduction of 1879.

JUNCUS LÆTEVIRENS.

A free-growing tall species of rush, imported from Japan, and remarkable for its vivid green colour. The root is creeping, throwing up crowded tufts of leaves, which are three feet or more in height, somewhat distichously sheathing at the base, and distinctly compressed at the sides ; the bright green colour is a very striking and characteristic feature of the plant, which probably, will prove to be quite hardy. 10*s*. 6*d*.

JUNCUS ZEBRINUS.

This remarkable Japanese plant (which has been introduced to cultivation through the agency of Mr. T. Hogg of New York), has a most peculiar appearance when growing, the idea suggested by a group of it being that of a cluster of porcupine quills. The plant, which is a true rush, throws up erect terete leaves, but these, instead of being green, are transversely banded with white and green, the colours being in most cases, pretty evenly distributed ; sometimes the white preponderates, the surface being either wholly white, or the green bands being narrower and less conspicuous ; but in the best marked leaves, the green and white portions occupy alternately nearly equal bands of about half an inch deep. It is a most interesting plant. For illustration, *vide* page XVI. Small plants, 7*s*. 6*d*. and 10*s*. 6*d*.; good plants, 1 and 1½ guinea.

JUSSIÆA MACROCARPA CILIATA.

An interesting and showy, free-growing, half-hardy plant, having pentangular stems, which are hairy and somewhat winged at the angles ; they are furnished with alternate ciliated leaves, both surfaces of which are smooth, and bear towards the extremities large yellow axillary flowers, fully two inches across. It was introduced through one of my collectors, from the United States of Colombia. 10*s*. 6*d*.

The above plant was sent out by Mr. W. B. last year, after his Catalogue was published ; so that it must be considered an introduction of 1879.

LITOBROCHIA COMANS DENSA.

A handsome pteroid Fern of bold character, the fronds of which form a spreading head around an erect caudex. The fronds are pentangular in outline, pedately-bipinnate in division, and firm in texture. The lower pinnæ are stalked and unequally developed, the posterior basal pinnule being larger than the rest. It has been introduced from New Caledonia. 10*s*. 6*d*.

The above Fern was sent out by Mr. W. B. last year, after his Catalogue was published ; so that it must be considered an introduction of 1879.

MARANTA NITENS.

An elegant and small growing plant, imported from Brazil. The leaves are green with a bright glossy surface, marked on each side of the midrib with a series of oblong acute bars, alternating with numerous lines of a dark green on the palish bright green ground. The plant is distinct, and of a pleasing character. For Illustration, *vide* page XII. 10*s.* 6*d.*

OREODOXA GRANATENSIS.

A very ornamental pinnate-leaved Palm, introduced by one of my collectors from the United States of Colombia. The stem is smooth, and the leaf pinnate, with long narrow leaflets, which are more or less drooping. It is a very elegant plant, and in the young state is admirably adapted for table decoration. 1 guinea.

The above Palm was sent out by Mr. W. B. last year, after his Catalogue was published; so that it must be considered an introduction of 1879.

PAVONIA MAKOYANA.

A handsome free-blooming plant of erect growth, with oblong-lanceolate coriaceous leaves; it belongs to the Malvaceæ, and has been imported from Brazil. Its corymbs of flowers are peculiarly attractive from the bracteoles being large, and of a bright rosy carmine colour, forming a striking contrast with the dark purple corolla. The plant is extremely floriferous, and the blossoms remain a long time in perfection. For Illustration, *vide* page XV. 1 guinea.

PHILODENDRON CARDERI.

This exquisitely coloured Arad is a native of South America, whence it was sent to England by the collector, whose name it bears. The leaves are cordate, broadish, of a dark shaded bottle green, with a satiny lustre, the principal ribs being marked out by bright green lines of a glaucous or metallic hue; at the back the leaves are of a shaded wine purple, the course of the veins being marked by broad green lines. The glossy shaded satiny surface of the leaves imparts to them a wondrous degree of beauty.

This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the Provincial Show of the Royal Horticultural Society held at Preston in 1878, and one of the nine New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the great Show of the Royal Horticultural Society held at Kensington in 1878. For Illustration, *vide* page VIII. 10*s.* 6*d.*

PIERIS OVALIFOLIA DENSIFLORA.

An evergreen shrub of elegant character and vigorous constitution, introduced from Assam. The leaves are acuminate, of firm texture, and slightly scabrous. The flowers are white, and grow in racemes at the end of the branches. 10*s.* 6*d.*

The above plant was sent out by Mr. W. B. last year, after his Catalogue was published; so that it must be considered an introduction of 1879.

POLYSTICHUM LENTUM.

A neat-habited and desirable stove Fern of moderate stature, introduced from India. It has an erect caudex, from which the lanceolate fronds grow up somewhat in shuttlecock fashion, spreading at the tips. The short lanceolate, spiny-toothed pinnæ are almost sessile, and are more or less deeply lobate. It has received a First Class Certificate from the Royal Horticultural Society. 10*s.* 6*d.*

The above Fern was sent out by Mr. W. B. last year, after his Catalogue was published; so that it must be considered an introduction of 1879.

POLYSTICHUM VIVIPARUM.

An evergreen West Indian Fern, with an erect dark-scaled caudex, from which the glossy green fronds arch out on all sides, forming a handsome specimen. The species is remarkable for its habit of producing buds at the tip of the fronds, from which young plants arise. The fronds are a foot and a half or more in length, with numerous pinnæ. It is a pretty and desirable introduction. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Royal Botanic Society. For illustration, *vide* page IV. 10*s.* 6*d.*

The above Fern was sent out by Mr. W. B. last year, after his Catalogue was published; so that it must be considered an introduction of 1879.

SARRACENIA ATROSANGUINEA.

A strikingly handsome variety of the Side-saddle flower. The pitchers form long narrow funnels, tapering below into the somewhat angular petiole, and expanding at the mouth, which has a recurved margin. The broad roundish lid is keeled at the back, erectly curved over the orifice, at first green, with red reticulations, but gradually becoming deeper coloured, and at length entirely covered with a rich, deep, sanguineous red, which has a satiny lustre. The flowers are very regularly campanulate in outline, upwards of three inches across, the five petals regularly curving downwards and then turning outwards at the edge ; they are of a creamy white, and hide the green umbraculiform style ; the sepals, which are primrose yellow, curve over the petals but stand quite separated from them, and have their edges recurved. The flower is particularly elegant in shape. This very remarkable plant was imported from North America, and was awarded a First Class Certificate when exhibited at South Kensington. For illustration, *vide* page VI. 1 guinea.

The above plant was sent out by Mr. W. B. last year, after his Catalogue was published ; so that it must be considered an introduction of 1879.

SARRACENIA CRISPATA.

A distinct and striking form of Side-saddle flower, introduced from North America. It may possibly be a natural or wild hybrid between *S. flava* and *S. rubra*. It has erect funnel-shaped pitchers ; the lid is erectly arched and roundish ; the upper part of the pitcher and the central part of the lid are marked by longitudinal pencillings of red, forming a rather open reticulation. The flowers are fully three inches broad, the petals drooping, white, spathulately oblong, hanging loosely, but somewhat converging at the tips, recurved at the edge ; the sepals arch over the petals, and have the margins recurved. For illustration, *vide* page VII. 10*s*. 6*d*.

The above plant was sent out by Mr. W. B. last year, after his Catalogue was published ; so that it must be considered an introduction of 1879.

SARRACENIA FLAVA ORNATA.

This is a very distinct and handsome plant, remarkable for its bold and strongly-pronounced venation. The mouth of the pitcher is slightly trumpet-shaped, and recurved at the edge ; the upper part of the pitcher is strongly marked with well-defined reticulations of dark purplish-red, which are continued over the lid. It is a very handsome form, the contrast between its clear green and the bold red venation being striking and effective. The flowers are large and very attractive, of a bright yellow colour. Introduced from North America. For illustration, *vide* page V. 10*s*. 6*d*. and 15*s*.

The above plant was sent out by Mr. W. B. last year, after his Catalogue was published ; so that it must be considered an introduction of 1879.

SELAGINELLA CAULESCENS GRACILIS.

A remarkably neat and pretty Indian species. It has creeping rhizomes from which the erect arching stems spring up ; those are distantly branched, the branches ovate with about six or seven divisions, each of which is three or four times parted. Its bright green colour and elegant dwarf growth, combine to give a most pleasing character. 10*s*. 6*d*.

SELAGINELLA KRAUSSIANA AUREA.

This is a bright golden-tinted variety, and has the same vigorous free-growing habit as the type, and differs from it only in the colour of its leaves, which instead of being green are golden yellow, making the plant exceedingly distinct and ornamental ; it will be most valuable for all decorative uses. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society, and also by the Royal Botanic Society. 5*s*.

The above plant was sent out by Mr. W. B. last year after his Catalogue was published ; so that it must be considered an introduction of 1879.

SENECIO SPECIOSUS.

The exceedingly bright and pretty magenta-coloured flowers of this plant make it very attractive ; it is a half-hardy perennial introduced from South Africa, and is exceedingly floriferous, so much so that in a cool greenhouse, its cheerful blossoms are successionally produced throughout the year ; they are each about one and a half inch in diameter and are produced in large branching corymbose spikes. The leaves are obovate lanceolate, and crenately toothed.

This charming Senecio is a striking object planted in the open borders during the temperate months of the year. For illustration, *vide* page III. 7*s*. 6*d*.

NEW ABUTILONS.

AGATHA, orange yellow striped with crimson ; a short expanded flower of distinct shape. 5*s*.

CELEBES, light reddish cinnamon, veined with light crimson ; a fine large flower. 5*s*.

ERMAN, orange buff veined with crimson ; the flowers of this variety are of very peculiar formation, the petals being somewhat spoon-shaped. 5*s*.

LYDIA, light yellow flushed with crimson and richly veined and reticulated with bright crimson ; very attractive. 5*s*.

ROSINA, delicate blush veined with rose ; a very fine large flower of good form and substance. 5*s*.

SIDONIE, a full round flower of a bright yellow colour ; very pretty. 5*s*.

TRIBUTE, blush pink, veined with rose and flushed with lilac ; a distinct and effective variety. 5*s*.

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW FUCHSIAS.

AMBROSIA, bright crimson tube and sepals, tube short and thick, sepals broad and nicely reflexed ; fine large corolla of a rich purplish plum colour, marked with rosy crimson at the base ; an attractive flower of good form. 10*s*. 6*d*.

CLARINDA, this variety has a huge spreading double white corolla, which is extremely attractive ; short tube and broad sepals of a rich crimson colour. 10*s*. 6*d*.

CREUSA, rich crimson tube and sepals, the latter short and completely reflexed ; fine large corolla of a rich dark purple plum colour, shaded crimson at the base ; the corolla is of a glossy satiny texture ; a beautiful flower. 10*s*. 6*d*.

GASPAR, the corolla of this variety is distinctly striped and flaked with rose on a violet purple ground ; tube and sepals bright coral red, the sepals very broad and partly overlapping the corolla, which is of large size and extremely attractive. 10*s*. 6*d*.

MANTLE, this variety produces fine flowers with monstrously large corolla, very full and double, of a rich purple colour ; the segments of the corolla somewhat fimbriated ; the sepals, which are small, short and broad, are of a bright crimson colour. 10*s*. 6*d*.

SYROS, tube and sepals deep rose, the sepals very broad and horizontally reflexed ; the corolla is of great substance, and of a rich deep bluish purple colour ; a very effective flower. 10*s*. 6*d*.

THERA, short tube and horizontally reflexed sepals of a light carmine rose colour ; fine large wax-like corolla of a deep purplish plum colour ; a fine showy flower. 10*s*. 6*d*.

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW GLOXINIAS,

WITH ERECT FLOWERS.

ARIADNE, very bright carmine lobes, shading off to rose ; pure white throat, the white running up into the centre of each lobe ; a fine flower and exceedingly attractive. 7*s*. 6*d*.

AURELIA, milky white, each lobe marked with a ring of mauve dots ; throat and mouth cream colour, the base of the throat dotted with purplish crimson ; a very fine large flower. 7*s*. 6*d*.

CONQUEST, rich velvety purplish crimson, shading off to rose towards the edge of the lobes ; throat deep crimson, freckled at the base ; rich and showy. 7*s*. 6*d*.

DIONE, pure white, the lobes covered with a dense sprinkling of minute blue dots ; creamy white throat, dotted with blue ; a magnificent variety. 7*s*. 6*d*.

FLORIAN, white, the lobes prettily penciilled with rose, the base of the throat marked with rosy pink ; a large and exceedingly beautiful flower. 7*s*. 6*d*.

TEMPLAR, lobes white, spotted with blue, the mouth encircled with purplish violet ; light throat, freckled with crimson ; a showy and effective variety. 7*s*. 6*d*.

URANIE, lobes white, the centre of each rayed and spotted with bright pink, the outer part of lobes and the mouth freckled with pink ; light throat, densely freckled with pink ; extremely pretty. 7*s*. 6*d*.

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW FANCY PELARGONIUMS.

BELUS, upper petals deep rose, with light edge ; under petals soft rose, edged with white ; large attractive white centre. 7*s*. 6*d*.

GENUINE, rich deep rose, all the petals edged with lavender, light centre ; a pretty flower. 7*s*. 6*d*.

SCIPIO, upper petals rich crimson, with light edge ; under petals rich rose, light centre. 7*s*. 6*d*.

SEMELE, upper petals very dark crimson, with purple shading ; under petals rich deep crimson ; all the petals edged with white ; a fine large flower with white centre. 10*s*. 6*d*.

NEW FANCY PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

TIMON, dark crimson maroon, the under petals shaded with violet crimson; light centre; a very dark-coloured variety. 10*s.* 6*d.*

UMBRIA, upper petals rich rosy crimson, shaded with violet, light edge; light under petals, mottled rose; large white centre; a fine large flower of good form. 10*s.* 6*d.*

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW SPOTTED PELARGONIUMS.

GRISON, light rosy pink, all the petals heavily blotched with very dark blackish maroon, and shaded with crimson; a very fine flower. 7*s.* 6*d.*

MARCELLA, upper petals blackish maroon, with narrow margin of bright crimson; under petals deep rose, spotted with dark crimson; a fine flower, extremely showy and attractive. 10*s.* 6*d.*

RENDIGO, upper petals nearly black, with crimson edge; under petals crimson, blotched with maroon. 7*s.* 6*d.*

SYPHAX, upper petals bright carmine, blotched with maroon and edged with white; under petals rich crimson, with maroon spots and light edge. 7*s.* 6*d.*

TELAMON, upper petals blackish maroon, margined with fiery crimson; under petals light red, slightly shaded with orange and spotted with dark maroon; a very fine flower. 10*s.* 6*d.*

UKRAIN, upper petals bright crimson, blotched with maroon and edged with white; under petals deep rose, edged with white; white centre, shaded with violet, the petals slightly fringed; a very free and pretty variety. 10*s.* 6*d.*

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW REGAL PELARGONIUMS.

MAID OF KENT, an exceedingly attractive variety, of neat dwarf habit and extremely free blooming; the flowers are pure white, with bright rose-coloured spots on all the petals, which are beautifully undulated and fringed, giving the blossoms a full crispy appearance. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 15*s.*

PRINCESS OF WALES, an extremely beautiful variety with very large and effective flowers, which are of a most pleasing colour; rosy lake marbled and reticulated with white; large, clear and distinct white centre; all the petals margined with white, and the upper ones blotched with maroon; an exceedingly attractive flower. Figured in the *Florist*. This charming variety has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society, and also by the Pelargonium Society. 1 guinea.

NEW ZONAL PELARGONIUMS.

ARRIAN, a magnificent flower, with thick shell-like petals of a deep rosy carmine colour, shaded with violet. 7*s.* 6*d.*

ENNIUS, pure white, with bright salmon pink centre; a very clean-looking and attractive variety. 5*s.*

FABIUS, rich deep scarlet, with white eye; a fine flower of a very intense shade of colour. 5*s.*

SOLON, a fine large showy flower of an extremely rich bright crimson colour, the upper petals shaded with scarlet. 7*s.* 6*d.*

THRASEA, this variety produces flowers of a very rich and deep shade of brilliant scarlet; the blooms are large and fine, and the trusses immense. 7*s.* 6*d.*

TIGRANES, a fine large flower of a deep salmon pink colour, lighter towards the margin of the petals; immense trusses. 7*s.* 6*d.*

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW COLEUS.

ALARM, a distinct variety of the marbled type, having leaves of a yellowish green colour, flaked and sometimes pounced with rich velvety maroon; unique and pleasing.

FLAMBEAU, richly coloured and therefore exceedingly attractive; the leaves have a broad surface of rich velvety maroon on which is displayed a feathered bar of bright magenta, bordered by a narrow edge of olive.

GAIETY, the most highly coloured of all the marbled and grotesquely marked varieties, the leaves being of a bright yellow colour, irregularly flaked and mottled with vivid scarlet crimson, with which green and maroon markings are blended; strikingly effective.

PHŒBUS, this variety has small leaves deeply cut in at the edge; the colouring is very striking, the centre being scarlet crimson, with a few darker shaded patches, and the lobes yellow with green tips; the small jagged leaves and brilliant colour are very fascinating.

NEW COLEUS—Continued.

TURBAN, in this variety crimson is the pervading colour of the leaves, while in the centre the mid-rib and veins are marked out by a feathered bar of purplish maroon, and the margin defined by a thin wire edge of bright green.

VICTORY, the leaves of this attractive variety are of a rich chocolate colour with a remarkably brilliant feathered centre of magenta crimson, and narrow bright green edge.

YELLOW GEM, in this distinct form, the leaves are clear yellow with ivory white veins, the margin and little bullate patches between the ribs being of a bright green colour, which produces a pretty contrast. Received a Certificate from the Royal Botanic Society.

Price 5s. each; the collection of seven varieties for £1 10s.

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW COLEUS.

The following are very novel and handsome, quite distinct in character to anything yet offered. For Illustration, *vide* page X.

AMAZEMENT, in this variety the leaves are very curiously cut in a laciniate manner, so that the parts often seem to hang together almost without support; they are of a chocolate colour, the centre and bullate prominences being of a bright maroon crimson, while the tips are usually but not always green. Extremely curious from its comical cutting.

BRILLIANT, the leaves of this variety are deeply toothed, the central portion is bright crimson lake, shaded with maroon crimson, exterior to which occur a series of yellow blotches, various in size and shape, while the tips of the marginal lobes are a greenish colour, all the colours being very intense.

CAPTIVATION, the deeply-toothed leaves are in this variety bright green, with a feathered centre of sulphur yellow, which is just flushed with a pale tint of rosy purple, the yellow extending more or less towards the edge in a series of reticulated markings.

CHELSEA BEAUTY, the most beautiful of the Coleuses; it has deeply and broadly toothed leaves, the mid-rib and principal veins of which are bright crimson lake, between which lie blocks of rich dark velvety maroon, which extend half way up the teeth, and along this portion are bordered with white, the tips being green and forming a pretty outer fringe to the other rich and attractive colours.

CHERUB, the leaves here are small and very deeply pectinately toothed, with an enlarged terminal lobe; the colour is a pale reddish maroon, with the ribs of a darker maroon, the extreme edge being yellow passing here and there to green. Truly elegant from its small size and regular style of cutting.

Price 7s. 6d. each; the collection of five varieties for £1 10s.

For General Collection, vide Index.

NEW PLANTS RECENTLY INTRODUCED BY Mr. W. B.,

THAT CAN BE VERY STRONGLY RECOMMENDED.

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NEW, RARE AND DESIRABLE STOVE PLANTS.

ACALYPHA ILLUSTRATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MACAFEEANA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MACROPHYLLA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MARGINATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MUSAICA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ACANTHUS MONTANUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ACHIMENES, *vide* Index.
ADANSONIA DIGITATA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
ÆCHMEA AMAZONICA, 5*s.*
—— **DISCOLOR**, 5*s.*
—— **FULGENS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **MARIÆ REGINÆ**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MINIATA**, 5*s.*
—— **VEITCHII**, *vide* Chevalliera Veitchii.
ÆSCHYNANTHUS, of sorts, at 3*s.* 6*d.*
AGLAONEMA COMMUTATUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ALLAMANDA CATHARTICA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CHELSONI**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ALLAMANDA GRANDIFLORA, 5*s.*
—— **HENDERSONI**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **NERIIFOLIA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **NOBILIS**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SCHOTTII**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ALOCASIA AMABILIS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GIGANTEA**, 5*s.*
—— **HYBRIDA**, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— **ILLUSTRIS**, 5*s.*
—— **INTERMEDIA**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **JENNINGSII**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LOWII**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **MACRORRHIZA VARIEGATA**, 5*s.*
—— **METALLICA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **(SCHISTOCASIA) PORTEI**, 1½ and 2 guineas
—— **VEITCHII**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ZEBRINA**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

ALOCASIA JOHNSTONI.

A most remarkable Aroid, which has been introduced from the Solomon Islands in the Pacific Ocean. The leaf-stalks are furnished at intervals with irregular whorls of stiff spines, the points of which are turned upwards, the stem itself being darkly mottled, and having flesh-coloured bands just above the spines; the leaf-blade is semi-erect, arrow-shaped, peltately attached, the front lobe being about twelve inches long, and the two back lobes fourteen inches long and divergent, olive green, prettily variegated and strikingly veined with bright rosy red. This plant from its distinct character and the coloured venation of the leaves is altogether unique and very attractive. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. William Bull gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Carlisle in September, 1877. 1, 1½ and 2 guineas.

ALPINA VITTATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
AMARYLLIS ACHIEVEMENT, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ACHILLES**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ACKERMANNI PULCHERRIMA**, 1 and 1½ guinea
—— **AMAZON**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **AMBASSADOR**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ARIADNE**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ASPASIA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **AULICA SUPERBA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **BARRON**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CERBERUS**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **COMMANDER**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **COQUETTE**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CORSAIR**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **COUNTESS**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CYRUS**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **DIADEM**, 15*s.*
—— **ELECTRA**, 1 guinea
—— **EMMELINE**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **EUROPA**, 1 guinea
—— **EUTERPE**, 15*s.*
—— **FIGARO**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GENERAL**, 1 guinea
—— **HENDERSONI**, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
AMARYLLIS HENDERSONI COCCINEA, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— **HEROINE**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **IGNESCENS**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **IMPERIALIS**, 1 guinea
—— **JOSEPHINÆ**, 15*s.*
—— **JUPITER**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LEOPOLDII**, 1 and 1½ guinea
—— **MABEL**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **METEOR**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **NEPTUNE**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **NIMROD**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **OBERON**, 1 guinea
—— **ONDINE**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **OPTIMA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **OSCAR**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PARDINA**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PAULINE**, 15*s.*
—— **PORTIA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PRINCEPS**, 1 guinea
—— **PYRROCHROA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **REGALIS**, 1 guinea
—— **REGINA**, 1 guinea
—— **RETICULATA**, 5*s.*
—— —— **PIRLOTI**, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

AMARYLLIS ROMEO, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ROSALIND**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **RUTILA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SAPPHO**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SOUVENIR**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SULTANA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SYLVIA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
AMARYLLIS TITANIA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **TROJAN**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **URANIE**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **VERONA**, 15*s.*
—— **VESTA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **VESUVIUS**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **VICTORIA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*

AMARYLLIS, choice selections of good sorts, 3, 4 and 6 guineas per dozen.

AMORPHOPHALLUS CAMPANULATUS, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ORNATUS**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **TITANUM**, 3 guineas
ANANASSA SATIVA VARIEGATA, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
ANÆCTOCHILUS, *vide* Orchids.
ANCHOMANES DUBIUM, 10*s.* 6*d.*
ANCYLOGYNE LONGIFLORA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ANDROPOGON SCHŒNANTHUS, 5*s.*
ANTHURIUM CANDIDUM, 7*s.* 6*d.*

ANTHURIUM CRYSTALLINUM.

This extremely attractive and ornamental plant has fine large leaves of a rich dark olive green colour, the mid-rib and principal veins being bordered on each side with a beautiful bright silvery white band. The young leaves are of a rich bronzy shade, forming an effective contrast with the more matured foliage. 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

ANTHURIUM DECHARDI.

This splendid plant is a native of New Granada. It is of robust growth, with deep green foliage, and beautiful large snowy white flowers, which are slightly fragrant. It is a remarkably useful and effective plant for decoration, its magnificent white flowers rendering it exceedingly conspicuous and attractive. 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

ANTHURIUM LEUCONEURUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MAGNIFICUM**—*syn.* **A. grande** and **A. cordifolium**, 5*s.*
ANTHURIUM REGALE, 5*s.*
—— **SCHERZERIANUM GIGANTEUM**, 2 and 3 guineas

ANTHURIUM SCHERZERIANUM.

This has been introduced from Costa Rica, and is a most striking and attractive flowering plant, producing beautiful scarlet floral spathes, each of which remains from two to three months fresh and brilliant. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*; fine plants, 1, 2 and 3 guineas.

ANTHURIUM SCHERZERIANUM ALBUM.

This most desirable novelty, which is a white variety of the well-known favourite *A. Scherzerianum*, has been introduced from Costa Rica; it has lanceolate acuminate stalked leaves, of a deep green colour, and partakes of the same general character as *A. Scherzerianum*. Being, like that species, an abundant bloomer, it will make a splendid companion plant, its beautiful white spathes forming an admirable contrast to the brilliant scarlet of those of the older typical form. 2, 3, 4 and 5 guineas.

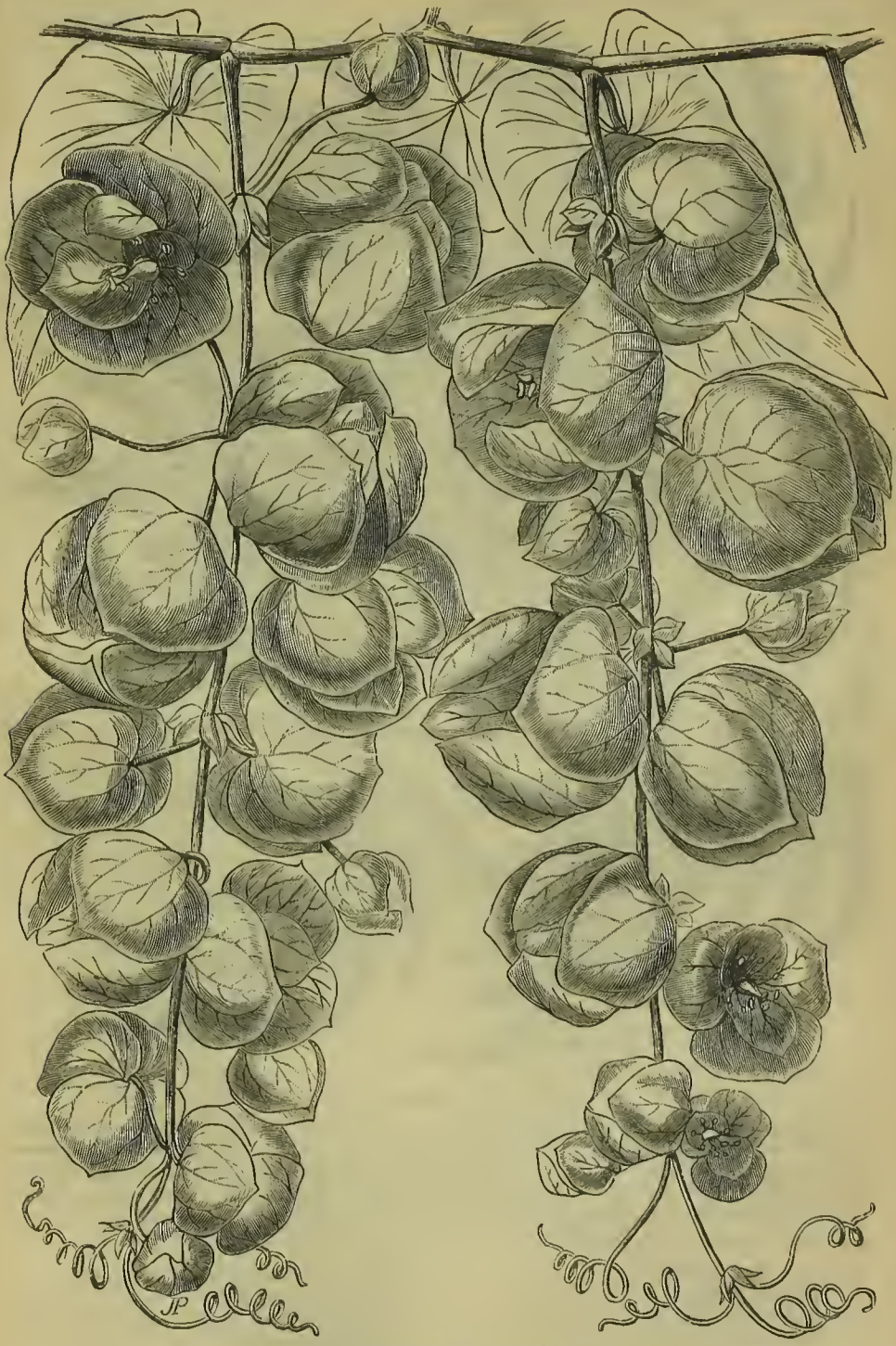
ANTIARIS TOXICARIA.

The virulent (but fabled) Upas tree of Java. 10*s.* 6*d.*

ANTIGONON INSIGNE.

This magnificent stove climber was discovered in the United States of Colombia by one of my collectors. The calyx, which is the showy part of the flower, has five membranous segments of a beautiful rosy pink colour. The profusion with which this species blooms, and the lovely pink colour of the flowers, render it extremely effective and ornamental. All collectors and travellers agree as to the extreme beauty of the Antigonons as seen in South and Central America. The species now offered is the handsomest of them all, its inflorescence being much larger, and consequently more attractive, than that of any of the other kinds. For illustration, *vide* page 13. 1 guinea.

ANTIGONON AMABILE, 5*s.*
APHELANDRA AURANTIACA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ROEZLII**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CRISTATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **FASCINATOR**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LEOPOLDII**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
APHELANDRA NITENS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PORTEANA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PUMILA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
ARALIA ELEGANTISSIMA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **FILICIFOLIA**, *vide* page 14
—— **GRACILLIMA**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GUILFOYLEI**, 5*s.*



ANTIGONON INSIGNE.

For description and price, *vide* page 12.

ARALIA FILICIFOLIA.

ARALIA FILICIFOLIA.

An ornamental-leaved stove plant of the first rank, graceful in habit, well furnished with foliage, and altogether one of the most valuable decorative plants of its family. It is a native of the South Sea Islands. The stem and leaf-stalks are purplish, thickly marked with oblong white spots ; the leaf stalks are sheathing at the base, and terete in the upper part, expanding into a broad leafy limb which is imparipinnately divided ; the pinnæ themselves are of a bright green with a purplish costa, opposite and deeply pinnatifid. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

ARALIA LEPTOPHYLLA, 5*s.*
—— **MACULATA**, 5*s.*
—— **RETICULATA**, 5*s.*
—— **VEITCHII**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **GRACILLIMA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
ARDISIA OLIVERI, 10*s.* 6*d.*
ARDISIAS, of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
ARISÆMA WIGHTII, 7*s.* 6*d.*
ARISTOLOCHIA CLYPEATA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CORDIFOLIA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **DUCHARTREI**, 5*s.*
—— **FLORIBUNDA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*

ARISTOLOCHIA GIGAS, 5*s.*
—— **TRICAUDATA**, 5*s.*
—— **TRILOBATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
ARTANTHE RUBRONODOSA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
ARTOCARPUS CANNONI, 5*s.*
—— **EBURNEA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **INCISA** (*Bread Fruit*), 1½ guinea
—— **LACINIATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **METALLICA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ASPARAGUS CONSANGUINEUS, 1 guinea
ATACCIA CRISTATA, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
BAMBUSA STRICTA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
BARLERIA ARGENTEA, 5*s.*
BATATAS PANICULATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
BAUHINIA MALABARICA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
BAUHINIAS, of sorts, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
BEAUMONTIA GRANDIFLORA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
BEGONIA, *vide* Index.
BERTOLONIA GUTTATA, 5*s.*
—— —— **ALBA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **SPLENDENS**, 15*s.*
—— —— **SUPERBA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MARCHANDI**, 5*s.*
—— **MARGARITACEA SUPERBA**, 15*s.* and 1 guinea.
—— **MARMOREA SUPERBA**, 5*s.*
—— **MIRANDÆI**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PRIMULÆFLORA**, *vide* Monolena primulæflora.
—— **VAN HOUTTEI**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **VELUTINA**, 5*s.*
—— **VITTATA**, *vide* page 3.

BERTOLONIA SUPERBISSIMA.

An exquisitely beautiful stove perennial belonging to the ornamental-leaved class, and truly deserving the designation "most superb." The ground colour of the leaves is bright olive green, on which, in each space between the ribs, are usually three rows of spots about an eighth of an inch in diameter, of a charming purplish rose colour, the surface between the spots being freckled with minute dots of the same colour; these markings are finely relieved by the clear emerald green which shows along the course of the ribs. At the edge there is one row of the larger spots. The under surface is of a delicate purplish rose. It is a charmingly beautiful plant, not inappropriately called by general observers the "Jewel Plant." 1½ and 2 guineas.

BIGNONIA MAGNIFICA.

A free-growing and extremely floriferous stove plant, of scandent habit, introduced through one of my collectors from the United States of Colombia. The flowers, which are produced in large branching panicles, are of great size (about 3½ inches across), and of an exceedingly attractive colour, ranging from delicate mauve to rich deep purplish crimson, relieved by a conspicuous throat of light primrose colour. For illustration, *vide* page 16. 1 guinea.

BIGNONIA AURANTIACA, 7*s.* 6*d.* & 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CHAMBERLAYNII**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **ORNATA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PICTA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **RETICULATA**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ROEZLIANA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **VILLOSA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SPECIOSA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **VENUSTA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
BILLBERGIA FARINOSA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LEOPOLDII**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MORELIANA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ORNATA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SAUNDERSII**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **THYRSOIDEA**, 5*s.*
—— **VITTATA**, 5*s.*
BONAPARTEA JUNCEA, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
BOUGAINVILLEA GLABRA, 2*s.* 6*d.* & 3*s.* 6*d.*
BOUGAINVILLEA LATERITIA, 3*s* 6*d.*
—— **SPECIOSA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SPECTABILIS**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SPLENDENS**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
BROWNEA ARIZA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **COCCINEA**, 1 guinea
—— **ERECTA**, 1 and 1½ guinea
—— **GRANDICEPS**, 1½ guinea
—— **HYBRIDA**, 1½ guinea
BURCHELLIA CAPENSIS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
CALADIUM, *vide* Index.
CALATHEA RUFIBARBA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
CALLIPHRURIA SUBEDENTATA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
CAMPSIDIUM FILICIFOLIUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CAMPYLYBOTRYS, *vide* Hoffmannia.
CANNA, *vide* Index.
CARAGUATA, *vide* Tillandsia.
CARUMBIUM POLYANDRUM, 10*s.* 6*d.*

CARYOPHYLLUS AROMATICUS.

This is the plant that produces the well-known Clove of commerce. 15*s.*

CENTRADENIA FLORIBUNDA ROSEA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GRANDIFLORA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CENTROPOGON LUCYANUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CENTROSOLENIA BULLATA (EPISCIA TESSELATA), 5*s.*
CEROPEGIA GARDNERI, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
CHAMERANTHEMUM BEYRICHII VARIEGATUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GAUDICHAUDIANUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **NITIDUM**, *vide* Ebermaiera nitida.

BIGNONIA MAGNIFICA.

For description and price, *vide* page 15.

CHEVALLIERA (ÆCHMEA) VEITCHII.

This is a very fine new Bromeliad, discovered and sent to me from the United States of Colombia by my collector, Mr. Shuttleworth, in 1874, and again found and sent by my collector, Mr. Carder, in 1875. Its flowers are produced in a dense oblong head, each subtended by a squarroso bright scarlet horny-toothed bract, the rich colour of which renders the plant highly attractive. Sepals lanceolate-deltoid, bright scarlet in the lower flowers of the head, white in the upper ones. This new plant has been also sent from the United States of Colombia by Mr. Wallis, and has been described and admirably figured in the *Botanical Magazine* for November, 1877, tab. 6329. Mr. Shuttleworth, however, says that in its native habitat the flower-heads are fully double the size of the one figured, and present a most effective appearance, hence doubtless the reason that three collectors were struck with it and sent it home. 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

CINNAMOMUM VERUM, 7*s.* 6*d.*
CISSUS ARGENTEA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **DISCOLOR**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LINDENI**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **PORPHYROPHYLLA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
CLERODENDRON BALFOURIANUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CALAMITOSUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **FALLAX**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **FRAGRANS FL. PL.**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **HASTATUM**, 5*s.*
CLERODENDRON INFORTUNATUM, 5*s.*
—— **KÆMPFERI**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **SPECIOSUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **SPLENDENS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **THOMSONÆ**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **VISCOSUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
CLIDEMIA VITTATA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
COFFEA ARABICA *(The Coffee Plant)*, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— **VARIEGATA**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
COLA ACUMINATA, 1 guinea.

COFFEA LIBERICA.

This new species of Coffee has been introduced from Liberia, on the West Coast of Africa. It is a plant of the highest commercial importance, and in all probability the most valuable economic introduction of the present century.

It is of robust and vigorous growth, with large coriaceous leaves, which in form are elliptic-obovate, oblong and shortly acuminate. The flowers are produced in axillary clusters in great profusion. The berries of this Coffee are much larger than those of *C. arabica*, and the plant much more productive, added to which it produces large crops at a low elevation, where *C. arabica* could not be successfully cultivated.

From these and its other desirable characteristics, this new species is now attracting considerable attention in all the Coffee-growing countries of the world. Price on application.

COLEUS, *vide* Index.
—— **NEW**, *vide* pages 9 and 10.
COLOCASIA ARGYRONEURA, 5*s.*
COLUMNEAS, of sorts, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
COMBRETUM GRANDIFLORUM, 5*s.*
—— **PURPUREUM**, 5*s.*

CORYNOSTYLIS HYBANTHUS ALBIFLORA.

The genus Corynostylis belongs to the family of the Violets. The present species was found on the banks of the Amazon. It is a remarkably free blooming plant, of a trailing or climbing habit, bearing ovate-acuminate leaves, and lovely white horn-shaped or trumpet-shaped flowers, about two inches in length, suspended on long thread-like peduncles. These interesting flowers, taken in profile, present the appearance of some long-spurred Tropæolum, while on the front view they bear a resemblance to those of a gigantic Violet. For illustration, *vide* page 18. 10*s.* 6*d.*

COSTUS ALBESCENS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ELEGANS**, 5*s.*
—— **ZEBRINUS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
CRINUM AMABILE, 15*s.*
—— **AMERICANUM**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **AUSTRALE**, *vide* Greenhouse Plants
—— **CAREYANUM**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GIGANTEUM**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ORNATUM RUBRO-VITTATUM**, 15*s.*
CROSSANDRA FLAVA, 5*s.*
CROTON ANDREANUS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **ANGUSTIFOLIUS**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **APPENDICULATUS**, 5*s.*
—— **ARGUS**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **AUREO-LINEATUS**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **BARONNE JAMES DE ROTHSCHILD**, 1 guinea
—— **BISMARCKI**, 5*s.*
—— **CAMPTOPHYLLUS**, 5*s.*
—— **CHALLENGER (IMPERATOR)**, 10*s.* 6*d.*

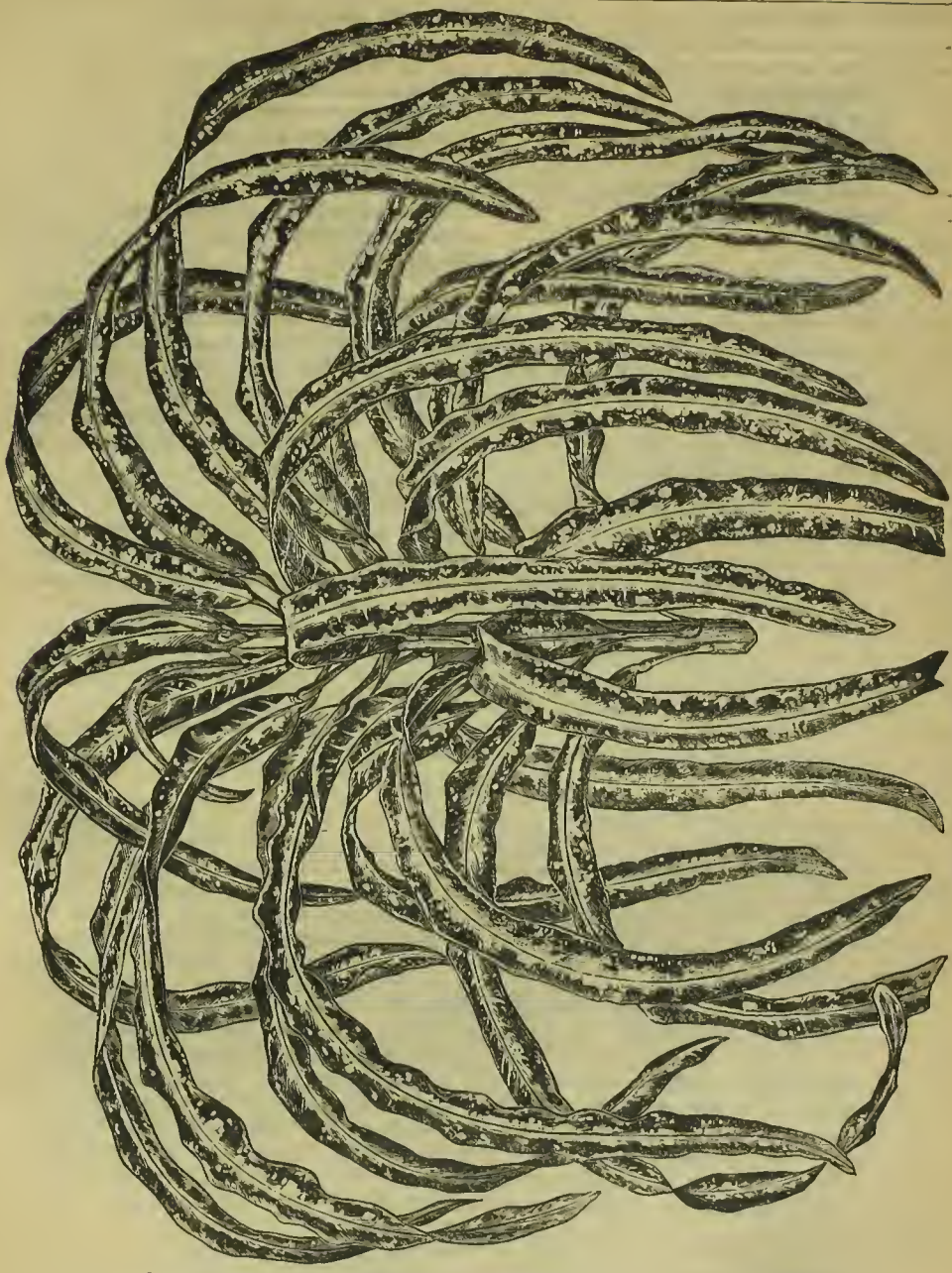
CORYNOSTYLIS HYBANTHUS ALBIFLORA.

For description and price, *vide* page 17.

CROTON CHELSONI.

This Croton was introduced to this country from New Guinea. It is a remarkably elegant narrow leaved form of high and rich colouration. The leaves are sometimes plane, sometimes twisted spirally, and in this latter state the variegation shows up most distinctly, being of a bright salmony orange tint, shaded with crimson. From its narrow drooping leaves it is one of the most graceful of Crotons, and can be highly recommended for decoration and exhibition. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the first prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Dundee, in 1876. 1 guinea.

CROTON CHRYSOPHYLLUS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CONCINNUS**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CONTORTUS**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **DIADEM**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **DIANA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **DORMANIANUS**, 1 guinea
CROTON EARL OF DERBY, *vide* C. trilobus Earl of Derby.
—— **EVANSIANUS**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **FALCATUS**, *vide* C. variabilis.
—— **FASCIATUS**, *vide* C. Hendersoni.
—— **FENZII**, 15*s.*



CROTON GLORIOSUS (PRINCESS OF WALES).

CROTON GLORIOSUS (PRINCESS OF WALES).

This is one of the long-leaved drooping forms of Croton, and is perfectly distinct in character. It comes from the New Hebrides. The leaves are from 1½ to 2 feet in length, sometimes plane, and sometimes strongly undulated. The ground colour is green, and the variegation creamy-yellow, very variable in character. In some there is a creamy-yellow mid-rib, with a band on each side ; in others the midrib is bright green. The markings are of the maculate style, with here and there large blotches of clear creamy yellow, and in other parts clouded markings of smaller confluent blotches and spots. Occasionally these conditions are reversed, and there are longish patches on which the ground colour is creamy, relieved by a few clouded green markings. The spreading arching habit, and the maculate style of variegation, are the characteristic features of this useful decorative variety. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr William Bull gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition held at Dundee in 1876. 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

CROTON GROTESQUE, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **HANBURYANUS**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **HARWOODIANUS**, *vide* C. triumphans.
—— **HASTIFERUS**, 5*s.*
—— **HAWKERI**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **HENDERSONI (FASCIATUS)**, 5*s.*
—— **HOOKERIANUS**, 5*s.*
—— **IMPERATOR**, *vide* C. Challenger.
—— **IMPERIALIS**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **JAMESII**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
CROTON JOHANNIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **JUBILEE**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LANCIFOLIUS**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MACAFEEANUS**, 5*s.*
—— **MACARTHURI**, 5*s.*
—— **MAJESTICUS**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MOOREANUS**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MORTII**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MUTABILIS**, *vide* C princeps.
—— **PRESIDENT**, 10*s.* 6*d.*

CROTON PICTURATUS.

A handsome and distinct variety, highly coloured and effective, as well as curious in its development. The midrib is bright red, and the surface is marked throughout in an irregular blotchy manner with clear yellow passing to red. In certain stages of growth leaves of a different character are produced; there is, for example, an oblong leafy peltate base, from the back of which the costa is continued like an excurrent thread, at the end of which is appended another elongate leafy portion, having a cupped or peltate base. The form of these parts is variable. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. William Bull gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Ghent in 1878. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

CROTON PRINCEPS (MUTABILIS).

A stout habited free-growing variety of *Croton*, obtained from the New Hebrides. It has broad linear leaves, at first green, with a yellow costa, yellow margins, and a few scattered yellow blotches on the laminæ. By the time they reach maturity they have entirely changed these colours, the green portions taking on a dark bronzy hue, and all the yellow markings, midrib and all, passing into the richest rosy crimson. It is one of the richest-coloured varieties in cultivation, and is strikingly handsome. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. William Bull gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition held at Dundee in 1876, and the First Prize at the Great International Horticultural Exhibition held at Ghent in 1878. 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

CROTON PRINCE OF WALES, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PRINCESS OF WALES**, *vide* C. gloriosus.
CROTON QUEEN VICTORIA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

CROTON REX.

A remarkably attractive and handsome variety introduced from the South Sea Islands. The predominant colour throughout the leaves is bright crimson, indeed it is one of the best of the red-coloured series. The drooping strap-shaped leaves are of a bronzy green ground colour, with conspicuous rich crimson midrib. The younger leaves are veined and spotted with yellow, which colour changes to reddish crimson as they acquire age, rendering the plant extremely effective. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition held at Ghent, in 1878. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

CROTON ROSEO-PICTUS.

A very pretty and distinct form of Croton, of hybrid origin. It is of compact habit, densely leafy, and from its pleasing colouration is one of the most useful for decorative purposes. The leaves are obovate-acuminate, flat, and always colour well. The primary ground colour is green, the midrib and its border being pale yellow, as are also the principal veins which are marked in an arcuate manner, while between and beyond them the surface is broken up in yellow reticulations. These markings take on a pretty rose tint, which is most decided near the margins. The pleasing colouring and the excellent habit of the plant must render it a general favourite. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the Provincial Show of the Royal Horticultural Society held at Preston, in 1878. For illustration, *vide* page 21. 1½ guinea.

CROTON ROYAL PRINCE, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SOVEREIGN**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
CROTON SPIRALIS, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SPLENDIDUS**, 15*s.*

CROTON SUPERBIENS.

One of the finest of known varieties, and of a thoroughly distinct character. The leaves are oblong, acute, rounded at the base. The colouring is exceedingly rich, and quite unique. In the least coloured condition, the leaves are green, with clouded yellowish markings. As these mature, the green deepens, the yellow brightens, and the coppery-red veining and margin are brought out. Subsequently the green becomes blackish-bronze, while all the pale portions become coppery, the veins and the costa being picked out with crimson, which shows in a very marked degree on the costa. In this state the colouration is truly superb. It is a native of New Guinea and is a gem amongst the Crotons. 1½ guinea.

CROTON ROSEO-PICTUS, *for description and price, vide* page 20.

CROTON TORQUATUS, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **TRILOBUS**, 5*s.*
—— —— **ALBERTI**, 5*s.*
—— —— **DISRAELI**, 5*s.*

CROTON TRILOBUS EARL OF DERBY
1 guinea
—— —— **LORD CAIRNS**, 5*s.*
—— —— **TRAVELLER**, 7*s.* 6*d.*

CROTON TRIUMPHANS (HARWOODIANUS).

CROTON TRIUMPHANS (HARWOODIANUS).

A fine and distinct variety obtained from the New Hebrides. The leaves are linear-lanceolate with a long tapered point, usually recurved and frequently also revolute. They are deep green, with a golden line on each side the midrib, the principal veins also golden, running into a net-work of the same colour towards the point. The costa is of a rich bright crimson, and forms a pretty contrast with the colour on either side In the fully matured state, the leaves become rich greenish-bronze coloured, and the costa becomes of an intense rosy crimson, very bright and effective. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition held at Carlisle in 1877. 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

CROTON UNDULATUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **VARIABILIS (FALCATUS)**, 7*s.* 6*d.*

CROTON VEITCHIANUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **VIVICANS**, 10*s.* 6*d.*

CROTON VOLUTUS.

A very distinct and beautiful form, the great peculiarity of which consists in the leaves being rolled up from the end in a volute, after the manner of the curving of a ram's horn. The ground colour is deep green, a golden bar runs down the centre, from which yellow veins diverge at about half-inch intervals, and meet near to, and so as to coalesce with the golden margin, in which occur scattered spots. The markings are very regular, a little pink sometimes appearing in the midrib ; the curving of the leaf blade is also very constant, causing the edges to be elevated so as to form a kind of channel. It has received a First Class Certificate from the Royal Horticultural Society, under the temporary name of *cornigerum*, which is not properly applicable to it. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

CROTON WEISMANNI, 3*s.* 6*d.*

CROTON WILLIAMSII.

This is one of the best of the large-leaved Crotons, of free growth, with bold foliage, handsomely marked and richly coloured. It is one of the red-tinted series, very strongly flushed with violet crimson. The leaf has a central band and costa of yellow, from which the pinnate veins of the same colour branch out on either side, more or less forking and coalescing near the edge. These veins all change to a deep crimson, and the whole plant becomes flushed with a glowing tint of crimson, shaded with violet, which renders it extremely conspicuous, well adapted for decoration, and a strikingly effective plant for exhibition purposes. 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

CUPANIA FILICIFOLIA, *vide* Jacaranda Clausseniana.

CURCULIGO RECURVATA.

A noble plant of Indian origin, extremely useful for decorative purposes. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

CURCULIGO RECURVATA VARIEGATA, for description and price, *vide* page 25.

CURCULIGO RECURVATA STRIATA.

This is a remarkably handsome variety of a well-known and exceedingly ornamental stove perennial. It has the same long-stalked spreading lanceolate longitudinally plaited leaves as the parent, but differs in being marked with a distinct and effective central band of pure white, the back of the petiole being also whitish. It is a most telling decorative plant, on account of its bold and spreading habit. 1½ and 2 guineas.

CURCULIGO RECURVATA VARIEGATA.

A plant of noble aspect, producing from a tuberous rhizome, an arching head of recurved plaited oblong-lanceolate leaves, upwards of two feet long and six inches broad, on stalks a foot and a half in length ; the leaves are green, banded in a varying manner with clear white stripes. The rich Palm-like foliage of this plant renders it of the highest ornamental character. The flowers are yellow, and grow in short racemes at the base of the leaves. For illustration, *vide* page 24. 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

CURCUMERIA WALLISII, for description and price, *vide* page 26.

CURCUMA CORDATA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PETIOLATA**, 5*s.*
—— **ROSCOEANA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
CURCUMA RUBRICAULIS, 5*s.*
—— **ZEDOARIA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
CURMERIA PICTURATA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

CURMERIA WALLISII.

A dwarf-growing stove plant, of distinct aspect, and very ornamental in character. The leaves are spreading, and marked with very irregular dark green maculations, some running out from the green costa, and others situated near the edge. The intermediate spaces are furnished with broadish patches of very pale yellowish green, which in the more matured leaves becomes a greenish gray. The colours are about equally dispersed, though the marking is very irregular, both as to the size and form of the blotches. Introduced from the United States of Colombia. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition held at Dundee in 1876. For illustration, *vide* page 25. 1 guinea.

CURMERIA ROEZLII, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
CYANOPHYLLUM BOWMANNII, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
CYANOPHYLLUM MAGNIFICUM, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SPECTANDUM**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

CYANOTIS (TRADESCANTIA) MULTICOLOR.

A charmingly pretty variegated plant of continental origin, with the trailing habit of the well-known *C. zebrina*. The leaves are longitudinally banded with green, white and purple, and flushed with rose. It is an elegant plant for vases and suspended baskets, and will be found exceedingly useful for all purposes where procumbent or trailing plants are required. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CYANOTIS (TRADESCANTIA) ZEBRINA ARGENTEA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CYCADS, *vide* Index
CYPERUS ALTERNIFOLIUS, 1*s.* 6*d.* & 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **VARIEGATUS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **LACOURII (KYLLINGIA MONOCEPHALA)**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
CYPHOMANDRA ARGENTEA, *vide* p. 3.
CYPRIPEDIUM, *vide* Orchids
CYRTANTHERA CHRYSOSTEPHANA, 5*s.*
CYRTANTHERA MAGNIFICA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **POHLIANA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CYRTOCERAS REFLEXUM, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
CYRTODEIRA CHONTALENSIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **FULGIDA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **METALLICA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
DALECHAMPIA ROEZLIANA ALBA, 5*s.*
—— —— **ROSEA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

DAVIDSONIA PRURIENS.

A noble looking hothouse plant, of erect habit, with alternate imparipinnate leaves, nearly two feet long, the petioles and rachides thickly covered with short stiff hairs, and furnished between and below the pinnæ with a narrow lobate biserrated hairy wing. There are five or six pairs of pinnæ, the terminal one about nine inches long. The leaves are densely furnished with pungent hairs, and strongly biserrate at the margin. In the young state they are of a bright red colour, from which they pass to a deepish green. The spreading habit of the ample foliage, and its distinct form, will render this a very desirable plant for ornamental purposes. It is one of the most interesting and remarkable plants in Queensland, and produces a succulent edible fruit nearly as large as a Magnum Bonum Plum. 1½ guinea.

DICHORISANDRA MUSAICA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **UNDATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
DICHOTRICHUM TERNATEUM, 1 guinea
DIEFFENBACHIA AMABILIS, 15*s.*
—— **AMAZONICA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **AMŒNA**, *vide* page 3.
DIEFFENBACHIA BARAQUINIANA, 5*s.*
—— **BOWMANNI**, 5*s.*
—— **BAUSEI**, 5*s.*
—— **BRAZILIENSIS**, 5*s.*
—— **CARDERI**, *vide* page 4.

DIEFFENBACHIA CHELSONI.

A very handsome stove plant, obtained by my collector, Mr. Shuttleworth, in the United States of Colombia. The colour of the leaves is a dark satiny green, the costa marked with a gray band, which runs out into a feathered edge, and extends about one-third across each half of the blade, the surface of which is also freely spotted and blotched with bright yellow green for about two-thirds of its breadth, the spots distinct or coalescing into patches of irregular form. The well-marked contrast between the three colours renders the leaf variegation very effective. This was one of the New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition held at Brussels in 1876. 1 guinea.

DIEFFENBACHIA DELECTA, *vide* page 4.
—— **EBURNEA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **FLAVO-VIRENS**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GRANDIS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **ILLUSTRIS**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LANCEOLA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LEOPOLDII**, *vide* page 4.
—— **LUCINDA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MACULOSA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **NEBULOSA**, 5*s.*
DIEFFENBACHIA NOBILIS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PICTA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SHUTTLEWORTHII**, 1½ guinea
—— **SPLENDENS**, *vide* page 4.
—— **VELUTINA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **VITTATA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **WEIRII**, 5*s.*
DIONÆA MUSCIPULA, *vide* Index
DIOSCOREA ANÆCTOCHILUS, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

DIOSCOREA ARGYRÆA.

This pretty slender stove climber has been introduced from Colombia. It has wiry stems, and cordate seven-nerved green leaves, the nerves of which are bordered with distinct irregular angular patches of silvery gray, which, being thus disposed, appear to form a series of broken variegated silvery bands, extending from the base to the apex. The blade of the leaf is about five inches across, and slightly more in length, and the petioles are thickened both at the base and apex. 10*s.* 6*d.*

DIOSCOREA BULBIFERA, 5*s.*
—— **CHRYSOPHYLLA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
DIOSCOREA DISCOLOR VARIEGATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

DIOSCOREA ILLUSTRATA.

A handsome-foliaged climber, from Rio Grande do Sul. The leaves have an irregular central band of silvery gray, and a few angular patches of the same colour generally placed in juxtaposition with the ribs, of which there are four on each side of the costa. The surface is a satiny green, shaded with olive green, and marked by fine transverse whitish parallel lines between the nerves, a third series of irregular veinlets crossing between the latter. The under surface is purple. 7*s.* 6*d.*

DIOSCOREA MELANOLEUCA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **METALLICA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **VITTATA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
DIPLADENIA AMABILIS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **AMŒNA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **BOLIVIENSIS**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

DIPLADENIA BREARLEYANA.

This splendid variety of Dipladenia is one of the best exhibition plants extant. It is of free growth, and of the most floriferous character, in this respect greatly exceeding any other Dipladenia. It is an evergreen stove climber of the very first rank, and is furnished with opposite oblong acute dark green leaves, which serve as a fine contrast for the superbly-coloured flowers, which are of the largest size, opening pink and changing to the richest crimson colour. They have this remarkable peculiarity, that the colour increases in intensity with the age of the flowers. Beautiful as were the Dipladenias of some few years since, they have been quite eclipsed by the improved varieties which have been obtained, and amongst these *D. Brearleyana* is certainly the most distinct and beautiful. For illustration, *vide* page 28. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*; extra sizes, 1 and 1½ guinea.

DIPLADENIA INSIGNIS, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MAGNIFICA (ACUMINATA)**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
DIPLADENIA MARTIANA (CRASSINODA), 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

DIPLADENIA ORNATA.

A very fine variety of this useful and effective class of stove climbers. It produces fine large flowers of a rich crimson colour, beautifully suffused with violet. 15*s.*

DIPLADENIA REGINA.

An extremely beautiful early-flowering variety, the best of all the light-coloured Dipladenias; it is of neat growth and remarkably free habit; the flowers are blush on first opening, and change afterwards to a most delicate flesh colour, the throat being suffused with rose; they are of good round shape, the lobes well-formed and of great substance. 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

DIPLADENIA ROSACEA.

A distinct and attractive variety, producing pretty soft rosy pink flowers, which are suffused here and there and also bordered with a deeper and richer shade of the same colour, and have a yellow throat, marked with a bright rose ring at the mouth. This will be found an exceedingly useful and effective plant for exhibition and general ornamental purposes. 1 guinea.

DIPLADENIA SPLENDENS, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **WILLIAMSII**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
DRACÆNA ALBA MARGINATA, 15*s.*
—— **AMABILIS**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

DIPLADENIA RREABLEYANA, for description and price, *vide* page 27.

DRACÆNA AMBOYNENSIS.

This plant was found growing on the crater of Amboyna. It is remarkable for the strongly-marked and decided colouring of the lower half of the leaves. These are oblong-lanceolate acuminato, of a deep bronzy tinted green, the lower half having a distinct edging, a quarter of an inch wide, of bright rosy carmine. The petioles are tinted with rosy purple, and the leaves are spreading and gracefully arching. 1 guinea.

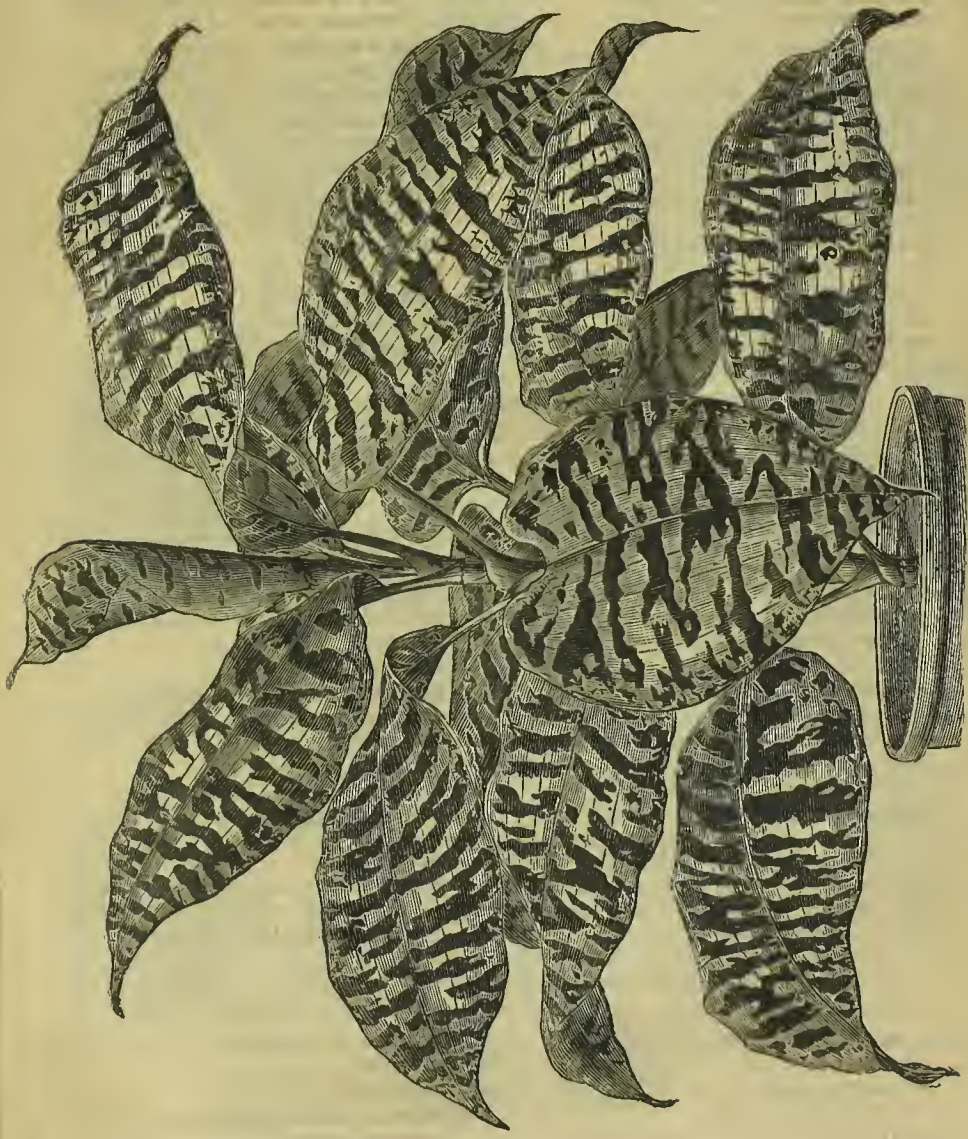
DRACÆNA AMŒNA, 1 guinea
—— **AMPLIATA**, 1 guinea
—— **ANERLEYENSIS**, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— **AURANTIACA**, 1 guinea
—— **BAPTISTII**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **BARRONI**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **BAUSEI**, 15*s.*
—— **BELLULA**, *vide* D. olegans rubra
DRACÆNA BERKELEYI, 15*s.*
—— **CANTRELLII**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CAUSTONII**, 1½ guinea
—— **CHELSONI**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **COCCINEA**, 1 guinea
—— **CONGESTA (RUBRA)**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **COOPERI**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **CRISTULA**, 5*s.*

DRACÆNA CORONANS.

This variety has oblong leaves of a bronzy-green colour, the leaf margins distinctly marked, especially towards the base, with rosy carmine, and the tips of the leaves for some distance downwards conspicuously flaked with the same colour, this peculiar style of colouration being the distinctive characteristic of the variety. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA CRUENTA, 1 guinea
—— **DECORA**, 1 guinea
—— **DUFFII**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **EBURNEA**, 1 guinea
—— **ELEGANS RUBRA (BELLULA)**, 5*s.*
—— **ELIZABETHÆ**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ERNESTII**, 15*s.*

DRACÆNA EXCELSA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **FERREA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **VARIEGATA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **FORMOSA**, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— **FRASERI**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **FREDERICI**, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— **GLADILINA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GLADSTONEI**, 7*s.* 6*d.*



DRACÆNA GOLDIEANA, for description and price, *vide* page 30.

DRACÆNA GOLDIEANA.

One of the most magnificent ornamental-foliaged plants ever introduced, and altogether unique in character and aspect. It is a native of Western Tropical Africa. The plant is of erect habit, and the stems are closely set with stalked spreading leaves, the petioles of which are of a grayish colour, terete, with a narrow furrow along the upper side, the base being dilated and sheathing the stem. The blade of the leaf is cordate-ovate acuminate, with a yellowish-green costa, and marbled and irregularly banded with dark green and silver-gray in alternate straight or furcate bands, the colours being about equally distributed. The back of the unfolded leaves is a pale reddish purple or wine colour, and the stem where visible at the upper joints is of similar hue, the lower parts becoming green. It is, without doubt, one of the most superb of ornamental stove plants, and indispensable in all first-class collections. This beautful species has frequently been shown in Mr. W. B.'s winning collections of New Plants. For illustration, *vide* page 29. 1, 1½ and 2 guineas.

DRACÆNA GRACILIS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **GUILFOYLEI**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **HENDERSONI**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **HYBRIDA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **IGNEA**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **IMPERATOR**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **IMPERIALIS**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **JUCUNDA**, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— **KNAUSII**, 1½ guinea
—— **LEOPOLDII**, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— **LUCINDA**, 1½ guinea
—— **MAGNIFICA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MAJESTICA**, 15*s.*
—— **METALLICA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MINIATA**, 1 guinea
—— **MIRABILIS**, 1 guinea
—— **MOOREANA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
DRACÆNA MRS. BAUSE, 15*s.*
—— —— **C. J. FREAKE**, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— —— **WILLS**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **NIGRO-RUBRA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— **STRIATA**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **NITZSCHNERI** 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PHRYNIOIDES**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PRINCEPS**, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— **REALI**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **REBECCÆ**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **RECURVA**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **REFLEXA**, 5*s.*
—— **REGALIS**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **REGINA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **REGIS**, 3 guineas
—— **RENARDIÆ**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ROBINSONIANA**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

DRACÆNA REX.

A very handsome form of Dracæna of hybrid origin. It is of bold character and highly coloured. The leaves are erect, broadly lanceolate or oblong-lanceolate, upwards of a foot in length, and of a bronzy green colour, flushed with rosy purple, the blades freely stroaked with bright carmine rose; the petioles are margined with purplish rose, and the back of the costa is of the same cheerful colour. It has been Certificated both by the Royal Horticultural and the Royal Botanic Societies, and is really a very fine and attractive plant. 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA ROSACEA, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— **RUBELLA**, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— **RUBESCENS**, 1 guinea
—— **RUBRA**, *vide* D. congesta.
—— **SALMONEA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SCOTTIÆ**, 15*s.*
—— **SEYFORTHII**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SHEPHERDII**, 5*s.*
—— **SPECIOSA**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SPLENDENS**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
DRACÆNA STELLA, 1 guinea
—— **STRIATIFOLIA**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **STRICTA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SUPERBA**, 15*s.*
—— **SURCULOSA MACULATA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SYDNEYI**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **TELLINGII**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **TERMINALIS**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ALBA**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **THOMSONII**, 1½ guinea.

DRACÆNA TRIUMPHANS.

This variety is remarkable for the very dark colour of its narrow lanceolate leaves which appear to taper into the stalk by the incurving of the winged edges of the petiole, while in the upper part the blade assumes a half-channeled form. The colour is a black purple relieved by the glaucous hue of the under surface and of the leaf-stalks, while the edges of the young leaves towards the centre are deeply edged with rose colour, which in combination with the dark body-colour has a peculiar purplish blush. It is a fine decorative plant, contrasting admirably with the broad-leaved varieties. 1½ guinea.

DRACÆNA VENUSTA, 1½ guinea
—— **VESTALIS**, 1 guinea
—— **VIRGINALIS**, 1 guinea
—— **VIVICANS**, 1 guinea
—— **VOLUTA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
DRACÆNA WEISMANNII, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **WILLSII**, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— **WILSONII**, 1½ guinea
DRACONTIUM ALBOSTIPES, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ANNULATUM**, 10*s.* 6*d.*

DRACONTIUM ASPERUM, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CARDERI**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SCALPTURATUM**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
DRYMONIA TURIALVÆ, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
DYCKIA LEMAIREANA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
EBERMAIERA (CHAMERANTHEMUM) NITIDA, 5*s.*
ECHITES, *vide* Dipladenia.
—— **PICTA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **RUBRO-VENOSA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
ELETTARIA DIEPENHORSTII, 7*s.* 6*d.*
ENCEPHALARTOS, *vide* Index
ENCHOLIRION CORALLINUM, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
ENCHOLIRION JONGHEI, 10*s.* 6*d.*
EPIPHYLLUM, of sorts; these are useful for winter and early spring blooming, and are very showy and attractive. 30*s.* and 42*s.* per doz.
EPISCIA TESSELATA, *vide* Centrosolenia bullata
ERANTHEMUM ATROPURPUREUM, 5*s.*
—— **MARMORATUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **NIGRESCENS**, 5*s.*
—— **MOOREI**, 5*s.*
—— **PULCHELLUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **RETICULATUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **TRICOLOR**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **VERSICOLOR**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

ERYTHRINA PARCELLI. For description and price, *vide* page 33.

ERYTHRINA GLAUCA.

A South American Coral-tree, with arboreous prickly stems, and pinnately-trifoliate leaves. The flowers grow in racemes, and are copper-coloured with a spreading cuneiform standard, and a keel longer than the wings. *7s. 6d.*

FICUS EXSCULPTA. For description and price, *vide* page 33.

ERYTHRINA PARCELLI.

A very handsomely variegated stove plant from the South Sea Islands. It has a stoutish woody stem, furnished with alternate leaves, the petioles of which support three leaflets. The variegation is yellow, sometimes forming a feather-like stripe along the costa and main veins, sometimes more suffused, and forming a band an inch wide, in which case the lateral veins take on more colour, and the coloured line becomes again branched; when at its fullest colouring, the centre of the leaf is mottled with yellow. The flowers are also attractive, of a bright cinnabar red colour. For illustration, *vide* page 31. 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

ERYTHROXYLON COCA.

This extremely interesting plant is of great officinal importance in South America, where its leaves are largely employed as a masticatory, under the name of Coca. When taken internally it acts as a powerful stimulant of the nervous system; and, when under its influence, persons are able to perform long and rapid journeys without exhaustion: "Four times a day, whatever the nature of his occupation—whether employed in the mines, the fields, as a muleteer, or domestic servant, the Indian resigns himself to the pleasures of Coca chewing." Its sustaining powers during long and tiring journeys have been tested among the Scottish mountains by Sir R. Christison, who found advantage from its use. 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

EUCHARIS AMAZONICA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CANDIDA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
EUCODONIA, *vide* Index.
EUGENIA MAGNIFICA, 1 guinea.
EUPHORBIA JACQUINIÆFLORA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SPLENDENS**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
EURYCLES CUNNINGHAMII, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
EXOSTEMMA CHONTALENSIS, 10*s.* 6*d.*
FERNS, *vide* Index.
FICUS BARBATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **DEALBATA**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **EBURNEA**, 5*s.*

FICUS EXSCULPTA.

A handsome stove plant, furnished with evergreen leaves of a peculiarly elegant form. It has been introduced from the South Sea Islands. The leaves are shortly stalked, lanceolate in outline, and sinuately lobed, the lobes again sinuate so as to produce a prettily-cut margin, the curious crenations giving the leaf the appearance of having been stamped or punched out. In the upper half the lobes become so much enlarged that the margin is deeply pinnatifid. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. William Bull gained the First Prize at the Provincial Show of the Royal Horticultural Society, held at Preston in 1878. For illustration, *vide* page 32. 1 guinea.

FICUS LANCEOLATA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
FICUS PARCELLI, 3*s.* 6*d.*

FICUS SYCOMORUS.

This is the exceedingly rare Sycamore Tree of Scripture. 10*s.* 6*d.*

FICUS RADICANS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
FITTONIA ARGYRONEURA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GIGANTEA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PEARCEI**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
FRANCISCEA ACUMINATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **AUGUSTA (RAMOSISSIMA)**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **CALYCINA**, 5*s.*
—— **CONFERTIFLORA (LAURIFOLIA)**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **EXIMIA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **HOPEANA (UNIFLORA)**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
FRANCISCEA HYDRANGEÆFORMIS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **LATIFOLIA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **LINDENI**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **MAGNIFICA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ROSEA PERFECTA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **VIOLACEA GRANDIFLORA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
GARCINIA LIVINGSTONI, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— **MANGOSTANA**, 2 and 3 guineas.
GARDENIA AMŒNA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CITRIODORA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **FLORIDA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **FORTUNEI**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— **VARIEGATA**, 5*s.* to 10*s.* 6*d.*

GARDENIA GLOBOSA.

The merits of the Gardenias as garden plants are well known, their evergreen character and the fragrance of their flowers being some of their leading peculiarities. The present subject, which is a native of Natal, where it extends from the sea-coast to an elevation of 1200 feet, is a free-flowering shrub, having lanceolate glabrous leaves. The large white funnel-shaped fragrant flowers are terminal, the tube broad, an inch long, hairy at the mouth, and with the spreading limb an inch and a half across; they are succeeded by globose fruits, as large as a walnut, to which the name bears reference. 10*s.* 6*d.*

GARDENIA RADICANS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **VARIEGATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— **MAJOR**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

GARDENIA THUNBERGII, 5*s.*
GEISSOMERIA MARMORATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
GESNERA DONKELAARI, 7*s.* 6*d.*

GUSTAVIA GRACILLIMA. For description and price, *vide* page 35.

GESNERA DUVALII.

A remarkably beautiful Gesneraceous plant, belonging to the bulbous-rooted section ; it is extremely free-blooming, producing large showy panicles of fine long flowers of a velvety reddish vermilion colour ; very showy and attractive. *5s.*

GESNERA LEOPOLDII, *3s. 6d.*
—— **MACRANTHA**, *3s. 6d.*
—— *vide* Index.
GLONERA JASMINIFLORA, *10s. 6d.*
GLORIOSA PLANTII, *3s. 6d.* and *5s.*
—— **SUPERBA**, *3s. 6d.* and *5s.*
GLOXINIA, *vide* Index.
GODWINIA GIGAS, *10s. 6d.*
GOMPHIA DECORA, *5s.* and *7s. 6d.*
GOODYERA, *vide* Orchids.
GRAPTOPHYLLUM PICTUM, *3s. 6d.*
GRIFFINIA BLUMENAVIA, *7s. 6d.*
—— **HYACINTHINA**, *7s. 6d.*
—— —— **MAXIMA**, *7s. 6d.* and *10s. 6d.*
—— **ORNATA**, 1 guinea.

GUSTAVIA GRACILLIMA.

This magnificent plant was discovered in the United States of Colombia by M. Roezl. It has a smooth slender woody stem, clothed with elongate linear-lanceolate acuminate leaves, undulated and sharply serrated on the margin. The flowers grow from the axils of the leaves in the young plants, and from the older leafless parts of the trunk in older ones ; they are solitary or in pairs, four inches in diameter, of a charming rose colour, consisting of eight obovate oblong petals, with the yellow incurved staminal tube bearing numerous densely packed purple anthers, in a ring of an inch or more across. It is one of the grandest and most remarkable flowering plants of recent introduction. It was figured in the *Botanical Magazine* for March, 1875, Tab. 6151. For illustration, *vide* page 34. 3 guineas.

GUZMANNIA PICTA (NIDULARIUM FULGENS), *7s. 6d.* and *10s. 6d.*
GYMNOSTACHIUM, *vide* Fittonia.
HÆMANTHUS KALBREYERI, *vide* page 5.
HÆMANTHUS MANNII, *10s. 6d.* and *15s.*
HEDYCHIUM ACUMINATUM, *5s.*
HEMEROCALLIS, *vide* Pancratium.
HERNANDIA SONORA, *10s. 6d.*

HEVEA BRASILIENSIS.

An important plant from the commercial value of its product, for it yields one of the best kinds of Caoutchouc, which is known as Para Rubber. It is a native of Brazil and other parts of South America, where it forms a large tree. The leaves are trifoliolate, with membranaceous elliptic-lanceolate leaflets, and are clustered towards the ends of the branches, while the inflorescence is paniculate. It belongs to the order *Euphorbiaceæ*. Caoutchouc consists of the milky juice of this and some other plants, which is collected and dried for commercial use.

HIBISCUS ROSA-SINENSIS, *3s. 6d.* and *5s.*
HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) ALBO-VARIEGATUS, *3s. 6d.*

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) BRILLIANTISSIMUS.

A superb variety, with large single flowers of the richest and most brilliant crimson scarlet, flushed with orange. The flower is fully five and a half inches across, spreading almost flat, but having a short funnel-shaped base formed by the convergence of the bases of the petals, which are in that part stained with a deeper crimson, and overlap each other so that they form a circular flower. *5s.*

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) CARMINATUS PERFECTUS, *3s. 6d.*

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) COLLERI.

A remarkably free and distinct variety, recently introduced from the South Sea Islands. The general habit of the plant, and the character of the ovate foliage entirely correspond with those of the type, but the flowers are of a buff yellow, with a crimson scarlet base, and are particularly handsome. Being of a free-blooming habit, it will be quite an acquisition amongst flowering stove plants. *5s.*

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) COOPERI, *3s. 6d.*
HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) CRUENTUS, *3s. 6d.*

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) DENNISONI.

A very distinct variety, producing fine large creamy white flowers ; the plant is of dense and compact habit, with thick glaucous leathery ivy-shaped leaves. *5s.*

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) FULGIDUS.

This magnificent variety, which was obtained from the South Sea Islands, is remarkable alike for the size, colour and marking of its brilliant flowers. The leaves are broadly ovate, with coarsely serrated margins. The flowers are of very large size (five inches in diameter), composed of fine broad, rounded and beautifully undulated petals, of an intense carmine scarlet, paler and somewhat rosy-tinted towards the base, where on each petal is an oblong blotch of deep crimson, forming a blunt-rayed star in the centre of the flower. It is one of the finest varieties yet introduced. 3*s.* 6*d.*

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) KERMESINUS, 5*s.*

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) LAMBERTII, 3*s.* 6*d.*

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) PUNICEUS, 7*s.* 6*d.*

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) MINIATUS SEMI-PLENUS.

This remarkably showy stove plant has firm almost leathery ovate leaves, which are coarsely toothed, and brilliant flowers of a vermilion scarlet colour, darker towards the base of the petals. The flowers are semi-double, the petals very much waved and recurved, forming an irregular undulated mass four inches across, from which the partially petaloid staminal column projects two inches. The brilliant and attractive flowers are remarkable for the absence of formality, the shape being wild, and abounding in fantastic curves, but nevertheless they are remarkably handsome. It has been imported from the South Sea Islands. 3*s.* 6*d.*

HIBISCUS (ROSA SINENSIS) VIVICANS.

A fine free-flowering stove plant of vigorous habit, with ovate stalked leaves, and remarkably large flowers, four and a half to five inches in diameter, full double, the centre being completely filled up with broad convolute petals, having tufts of stamens intermixed. The colour is a brilliant crimson scarlet. It is a very showy variety, and was imported from the South Sea Islands. 5*s.*

HIBISCUS (ROSA SINENSIS) ZEBRINA.

A very distinct and handsome variety with double flowers, which are beautifully flaked and striped. The individual blossoms are about 3½ inches in breadth, and 2½ inches in depth ; the five outer petals scarlet edged with creamy yellow in the lower part. The staminal column is entirely petaloid, with a few large petal-like bodies, forming numerous irregular tufts at the apex, of a creamy yellow colour, variously and irregularly striped and flaked with scarlet. Both the form and marking of the flowers are very irregular and grotesque. 7*s.* 6*d.*

HIPPEASTRUM, *vide* **AMARYLLIS.**
HOFFMANNIA (HIGGINSIA) GHIESBREGHTII, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— —— **VARIEGATA,** 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ORTGIESII,** 5*s.*
—— —— **REFULGENS,** 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— —— **ARGYRONEURA,** 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— **ROBUSTA,** 5*s.*
HOMALOMENA PELTATA, 1 guinea
HOYA BELLA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CAMPANULATA,** 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **CARNOSA,** 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **PICTA AUREA,** 5*s.*
HOYA CARNOSA VARIEGATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **IMPERIALIS,** 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
HYDROCOTYLE NITIDULA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
IMPATIENS JERDONIÆ, 5*s.*
IPOMŒA HORSFALLIÆ, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **INSIGNIS,** 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **LEARII,** 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MEXICANA,** 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **TERNATA,** 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
ISOLOMA MOLLIS, 5*s.*
IXORA AFFINIS, 5*s.*
—— **AMABILIS,** 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **AMBOINENSIS,** 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

IXORA CHELSONI.

The flower pips of this splendid variety are of large size, and of exceptionally good form and great substance ; they are produced in immense round full trusses ; colour bright orange salmon, flushed and shaded with pink. From its profuse flowering habit, dwarf-branching growth, and the rich tint of its blossoms, this variety will be found exceedingly useful and effective, and one of the very best kinds that can be grown for exhibition purposes. 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

IXORA COCCINEA SUPERBA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **COLEI,** 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CROCATA,** 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— **RUTILANS,** 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **DIXIANA,** 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **DUFFII,** 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **FORMOSA,** 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **FRASERI,** 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
IXORA GRIFFITHII, 5*s.*
—— **INCARNATA,** 5*s.*
—— **JAVANICA,** 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— **FLORIBUNDA,** 5*s.*
—— **LOBBII,** 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **PRINCE OF ORANGE,** 5*s.*
—— **PRINCEPS,** 5*s.*

IXORA PROFUSA.

An extremely free-flowering variety, throwing very fine huge trusses, densely furnished with flower pips of a beautiful rich soft rosy-salmon colour. The enormous size of the flower heads renders it admirably adapted for exhibition and general decorative purposes, and the charming rosy tint with which the flowers are suffused makes it exceedingly distinct and attractive. 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

IXORA REGINA.

An extremely attractive and distinct variety, freely producing large dense trusses very full of pips, which are of a rich violet salmon colour. It is of a dwarfer and more compact habit than *I. Williamsii*, and the flowers are of a deeper shade of colour ; the trusses are of somewhat similar shape to those of *I. coccinea*, but the plant is much more compact in growth than that variety. It is a most superb and effective flowering plant. For illustration, *vide* page 39. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

IXORA ROSEA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **SALICIFOLIA,** 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **SANGUINEA,** 5*s.*
—— **SPECTABILIS,** 5*s.*
—— **WILLIAMSII,** 5*s.*
JACARANDA CLAUSSENIANA, 2 guineas
—— **ELEGANTISSIMA,** 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MIMOSÆFOLIA,** 7*s.* 6*d.*
JASMINUM DUCHESSE D'ORLEANS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GRACILE,** 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **VARIEGATUM,** 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **HIRSUTUM (MULTIFLORUM),** 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
JASMINUM LIGUSTRIFOLIUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SAMBAC,** 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— **FLORE PLENO,** 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
JATROPHA MULTIFIDA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
JUSTICIA ZEBRINA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
KÆMPFERIA BENSONIÆ, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **BERKELEYI,** 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MOULMEINENSIS,** 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ROSCOEANA,** 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **UNDULATA,** 7*s.* 6*d.*
KYLLINGIA MONOCEPHALA, *vide* Cyperus Lacourii.
LAPORTEA SCHOMBURGKII VERSICOLOR, 10*s.* 6*d.*

IXORA REGINA, for description and price, *vide* page 38.

LAURUS CINNAMOMUM, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
LIBONIA PENRHOSIENSIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
LUCULIA, *vide* Greenhouse Plants.
MACROZAMIA, *vide* Index.
MAGNOLIA MUTABILIS, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PUMILA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
MANETTIA BICOLOR, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CORDATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **MICANS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
MANGIFERA INDICA, 1 guinea
MANTISIA SALTATORIA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
MARANTA ALBO-LINEATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **AMABILIS**, 5*s.*
—— **ARGYREA**, 5*s.*
MARANTA BACHEMIANA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **BARAQUINII**, 5*s.*
—— **BELLA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **BICOLOR**, 5*s.*
—— **BINOTII**, 2 guineas
—— **CHIMBORACENSIS**, 5*s.*
—— **CONCINNA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **EXIMIA**, 5*s.*
—— **FASCIATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **GOVEANA**, 5*s.*
—— **ILLUSTRIS**, 5*s.*
—— **KERCHOVEANA**, 2 guineas
—— **LEGRELLIANA**, 5*s.*
—— **LIETZEI**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

MARANTA LEOPARDINA.

A deciduous perennial, with slender erect terete petioles sheathing at the base, and bearing at the top a spreading limb, with one side considerably larger than the other. The colouring is effective, being a pale or yellowish green, marked on each side the costa with several blotches of deep green, which are oblong in form and acuminate, and are arranged in nearly opposite pairs. This handsome Maranta belongs to the semi-deciduous section. It is a native of Brazil. 10*s.* 6*d.*

MARANTA LINDENI, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **MAKOYANA**, 5*s.*
—— **MASSANGEANA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **NITENS**, *vide* page 6.
—— **OPPENHEIMIANA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ORNATA**, 5*s.*
—— **PICTURATA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PORPHYROCAULIS**, 5*s.*
—— **PRASINA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
MARANTA PRINCEPS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PULCHELLA**, 5*s.*
—— **REGALIS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **ROSEO-LINEATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **ROSEO-PICTA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **SANGUINEA**, 5*s.*
—— **SEEMANNI**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SMARAGDINA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SPLENDIDA**, 5*s.*

MARANTA TUBISPATHA, 5*s*.
—— **UNDULATA**, 5*s*. and 7*s*. 6*d*.
—— **VEITCHII**, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
—— **VIRGINALIS**, 5*s*.
—— **VITTATA**, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
—— **WALLISII**, 5*s*. and 7*s*. 6*d*.
MARANTA WARSCEWICZII, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
—— **WIOTII**, 5*s*.
—— **ZEBRINA**, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
MARCGRAVIA DUBIA, 5*s*.
—— **PARADOXA**, 10*s*. 6*d*.

MARICA NORTHIANA.

An Iris-like plant, a native of Brazil; with broad sword-shaped leaves, the flower-stem being flattened and leaf-like, and bearing singularly handsome flowers, which consist of three ovate ivory white sepals, spotted with brown at the base, and three petals yellowish marked with rich brown in the lower parts, and white veined with blue at the recurved tips. The singular form and charming colouration, never fail to attract attention to its beauty. 1 guinea.

MEDINILLA AMABILIS, 7*s*. 6*d*.
—— **MAGNIFICA**, 5*s*. and 7*s*. 6*d*.
MESUA FERREA, 10*s*. 6*d*.
METHONICA, *vide* Gloriosa.
MEYENIA ERECTA, 3*s*. 6*d*.
MONOLENA (BERTOLONIA) PRIMULÆFLORA, 5*s*.
MONSTERA DELICIOSA (Philodendron pertusum), 15*s*. and 1 guinea
MUSA CAVENDISHII, 10*s*. 6*d*. and 15*s*.
—— **ROSACEA**, 15*s*.
—— **SUMATRANA**, 1 guinea
—— **SUPERBA**, 15*s*. and 1 guinea
—— **TEXTILIS**, 1 guinea
—— **ZEBRINA**, 1 guinea
MUSSÆNDA FRONDOSA, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
—— **LUTEOLA**, 3*s*. 6*d*.
MYRTUS TOMENTOSA, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
NAPOLEONA IMPERIALIS, 5*s*. and 7*s*. 6*d*.
NEPENTHES AMPULLARIA VITTATA, 1 and 1½ guinea
NEPENTHES DOMINII, 15*s*. and 1 guinea
—— **HOOKERI**, 1½ and 2 guineas
—— **HYBRIDA MACULATA**, 15*s*. and 1 guinea
—— **PHYLLAMPHORA**, 5*s*. and 7*s*. 6*d*.
—— **RAFFLESIANA**, 1½ and 2 guineas
—— **SEDENI**, 10*s*. 6*d*., 15*s*. and 1 guinea
NIDULARIUM FULGENS, *vide* Guzmannia picta
—— **INNOCENTII**, 10*s*. 6*d*.
—— **SPECTABILE**, 10*s*. 6*d*. and 15*s*.
—— **TRISTE**, 7*s*. 6*d*.
ORCHIDS, *vide* Index
OUVIRANDRA FENESTRALIS, 1 and 2 guineas
OXALIS SENSITIVA, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
PALMS, of sorts, *vide* Index.
PANAX EXCELSUM, 7*s*. 6*d*. and 10*s*. 6*d*.
—— **FRUTICOSUM**, 7*s*. 6*d*. and 10*s*. 6*d*.
—— **LACINIATUM**, 5*s*.
—— **OBTUSUM**, 7*s*. 6*d*.

PANAX PLUMATUM.

A very elegant small-growing stove plant, introduced from the South Sea Islands. The leaves form a crispy head of foliage, and are very elegantly divided, the pinnules long-stalked and more or less deeply lobed, the edges notched with more or less upcurved teeth. It is a plant of pleasing character, having somewhat the aspect of *P. laciniatum*, but being many degrees more finely cut. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Ghent in 1878. For illustration, *vide* page 42. 10*s*. 6*d*.

PANCRATIUM AMŒNUM, 5*s*. and 7*s*. 6*d*.
—— **CARIBBÆUM**, 15*s*. and 1 guinea
—— **FRAGRANS**, 10*s*. 6*d*.
PANDANOPHYLLUM HUMILE, 1½ guinea
PANDANUS JAVANICUS VARIEGATUS, 7*s*. 6*d*.
—— **UTILIS**, 3*s*. 6*d*. to 10*s*. 6*d*.
—— **VEITCHII**, 7*s*. 6*d*. and 10*s*. 6*d*.
PAPYRUS ANTIQUORUM, 7*s*. 6*d*. & 10*s*. 6*d*.
PARMENTIERA CEREIFERA, 1 guinea.
PASSIFLORA ALATA SUPERBA, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
—— **AMABILIS**, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
—— **ARBOREA (GLAUCA)**, 10*s*. 6*d*.
—— **BIJOU**, 5*s*. and 7*s*. 6*d*.
—— **BUONAPARTEA**, 3*s*. 6*d*.
—— **CAPSULARIS**, 10*s*. 6*d*.
—— **CARDINALIS**, 3*s*. 6*d*.
—— **EDULIS**, 3*s*. 6*d*.
—— **FULGENS**, *vide* Tacsonia Buchanani.

PASSIFLORA HAHNII.

This is a very distinct and beautiful variety of Passion-flower. It is a native of Mexico, and is a free-growing temperate stove climber. The flowers are about three inches across, of a creamy white, with a yellowish corona, and are produced in great profusion. It received a First Class Certificate from the Royal Horticultural Society, October 14th, 1879. 5*s*.

PASSIFLORA KERMESINA, 3*s*. 6*d*.
—— **LAURIFOLIA**, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
PASSIFLORA LOUDONI, 3*s*. 6*d*.
—— **MADONNA**, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.

PANAX PLUMATUM, for description and price, *vide* page 41.

PASSIFLORA MACROCARPA.

A free-growing climber, introduced from the Rio Negro. The blossoms are very large, white and purple, but it is chiefly remarkable for its immense fruits, which often weigh as much as eight pounds each or more, and are of excellent quality. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

PASSIFLORA MALIFORMIS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **MARMOREA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **MUTABILIS**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

PASSIFLORA PRINCEPS (RACEMOSA), 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **QUADRANGULARIS**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

PASSIFLORA QUADRANGULARIS VARIEGATA.

The bold character and beautiful flowers of *Passiflora quadrangularis* are too well known to need description. The present variety differs from it in having the foliage variegated. The leaves are very freely covered with yellow blotches and spots, producing a colouration which is at once handsome and conspicuous. 5*s.*

PASSIFLORA SANGUINOLENTA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SHEPPARDII**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **TRIFASCIATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
PAULLINIA OCEANICA, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— **THALICTRIFOLIA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
PAVETTA BORBONICA, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

PAVONIA MULTIFLORA (WIOTII).

A very remarkable and pretty Malvaceous plant. Its flowers are very persistent, freely produced, and borne in subterminal corymbs; the bracteoles are of a lively red, long, narrow, and slightly ciliate; the folded corolla is dark purple, from the mouth of which protrude the stamens, crowned with bright blue anthers. Mr. William Bull received this extremely interesting species from his collector in Brazil. 5*s.*

PAVONIA MAKOYANA, *vide* page 6.
PEDILANTHUS TITHYMALOIDES VARIEGATUS, 10*s.* 6*d.*
PENTAS CARNEA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **KERMESINA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PEPEROMIA ARGYREA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **VELUTINA**, 5*s.*
PEPEROMIA VERSCHAFFELTII, 5*s.*
PEPINIA APHELANDRÆFLORA, 1 guinea
PETRÆA ERECTA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
PHILODENDRON CARDERI, *vide* page 6.
—— **CRINIPES**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **DAGUENSE**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **DISCOLOR**, 5*s.*

PHILODENDRON GLORIOSUM.

A magnificient species, with beautiful foliage, of the most rich and brilliant deep green colour, ornamented with a large white central vein and smaller side veins. The young leaves on opening have a silky reflection. The white veining and rich velvety shade of the foliage render this plant extremely attractive. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.* each.

PHILODENDRON LINDENIANUM, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **MELANOCHRYSUM**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PERTUSUM**, *vide* Monstera deliciosa
PHILODENDRON RADIATUM, 7*s.* 6*d.*
PHYLLANTHUS ATROPURPUREUS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **NIVOSUS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **ROSEO-PICTUS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

PHYLLANTHUS SEEMANNIANUS.

A recent introduction from the New Hebrides. It is an erect-growing stove plant, producing long leaf-like branches which bear shortly stalked alternate leaves, from the axils of which the curious but inconspicuous flowers are developed. It is interesting as being one of those plants which have the appearance of bearing their flowers upon their leaves—here apparently in the axils of the leaflets. 10*s.* 6*d.*

PHYLLARTHRON COMORENSE, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
PHYLLOTÆNIUM LINDENI, 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
PIPERS, of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.*, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
PISTIA STRATIOTES, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PITCAIRNIA PLATYPHYLLA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **TABULÆFORMIS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
PLOCOSTEMMA LASIANTHUM, 5*s.*
PLUMBAGO COCCINEA SUPERBA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ROSEA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
POGOSTEMON PATCHOULI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
POINCIANA PULCHERRIMA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **REGIA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
POINSETTIA PULCHERRIMA, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ALBA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **PLENISSIMA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— **ROSEO-CARMINATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
POSOQUERIA MULTIFLORA, 15*s.*
POTHOS ARGYREA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MACROPHYLLA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PSIDIUM CATTLEYANUM (The Guava), 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

PSYCHOTRIA CYANOCOCCA.

If one were to search the vegetable kingdom through, it would be difficult to find any other plant which displays, either in its flowers, fruit, or seeds, such a beautiful ultramarine colour as is exhibited by the berries of this species from Chontáles, Nicaragua. The colour and size of the flowers is disappointing to the lovers of gay tints and large blossoms, but as soon as the fruit begins to assume shape and substance, a tint is displayed which can be but imperfectly rendered by the Greek term *cyaneus*. In its native woods, the plant grows as underwood, and is loaded throughout the winter with large blue berries, as many as from 30 to 35 growing on one bunch. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

PTERIDOPHYLLUM PENTAPHYLLUM, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
PUYA MAIDIFOLIA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— SULPHUREA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— UNDULATA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
RAVENALIA MADAGASCARIENSIS, "The Traveller's Tree," 15*s.* and 1 guinea
REIDIA GLAUCESCENS, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
RHOPALA, of sorts, 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
RIVINA FLAVESCENS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— LÆVIS (humilis), 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
ROGIERA CORDATA (amœna), 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— GRATISSIMA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— THYRSIFLORA, 5*s.*
RONDELETIA BREVIFLORA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— BRILLIANTISSIMA, 5*s.*
—— SPECIOSA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— MAJOR, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
ROSCOEA PURPUREA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
RUDGEA MACROPHYLLA, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
RUELLIA ROSEA, 5*s.*

RUELLIA ACUTANGULA.

This is a showy Acanthaceous stove plant introduced from Brazil, very free-growing and floriferous, and having a handsome appearance when in blossom. The flowers are sessile, and collected into dichotomously-branched cymes, each having a tube an inch long, and a spreading limb an inch and a half in diameter, of a bright scarlet colour, with a yellow throat. 5*s.*

RUSSELLIA JUNCEA, 5*s.*
SACCHARUM OFFICINARUM, "The Sugar Plant," 7*s.* 6*d.*
SAMYDA NOBILIS, 1 guinea
SANCHEZIA NOBILIS GLAUCOPHYLLA 5*s.*
—— —— VARIEGATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
SANSEVIERA GUINEENSIS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— ZEYLANICA (javanica), 3*s.* 6*d.*
SAXO-FRIDERICIA SUBCORDATA, 3 guineas
SCHUBERTIA GRAVEOLENS, 5*s.*
SCIADOCALYX DIGITALIFLORA, 5*s.*
—— LUCIANA, 5*s.*
SCINDAPSUS PICTUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
SCUTELLARIA MOCINIANA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
SERICOGRAPHIS GHIESBREGHTIANA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

SIMONISIA CHRYSOPHLÆA.

The young growth of this Brazilian plant is conspicuously clothed with an appressed covering of bright orange coloured hairs, whence the specific name. The leaves are olive-green, marked down the centre with a silvery-gray bar. 10*s.* 6*d.*

SINNINGIA PUNCTATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— PURPUREA NIGRA, 5*s.*
SIPHOCAMPYLUS HUMBOLDTIANUS (FULGENS), 5*s.*
SMILAX LONGIFOLIA VARIEGATA, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
SMILAX SHUTTLEWORTHII, 7*s.* 6*d.*
SONERILA HENDERSONI, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— PICTURATA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— SPECIOSA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— MARGARITACEA ALBA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

SPATHIPHYLLUM PICTUM.

A grand South American plant, with something the aspect of a Dieffenbachia. Its large broadly ovate-elliptic leaves have a glossy dark green surface, freely mottled along the course of the transverse veins with blotches of golden green, the midrib being prominent and of a pale green. It is a very effective plant, its bold leaves being very handsomely mottled. For illustration, *vide* page 45. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

SPHÆROGYNE LATIFOLIA, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
SPHÆROSTEMA MARMORATUM, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
SPONDIAS PLEIOGYNA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
STADMANNIA AMABILIS, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— JONGHEI, 10*s.* 6*d.*
STANGERIA, *vide* Index

STENOSPERMATIUM WALLISII.

A very remarkable and beautiful Aroid, bearing large boat-shaped ivory-white thick spathes; it is an extremely distinct species, certainly one of the most interesting of Aroids, new alike to science and to gardens. 10*s.* 6*d.*

STEPHANOPHYSUM BAIKIEI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— LONGIFOLIUM, 7*s.* 6*d.*
STEPHANOTIS FLORIBUNDA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
STEUDNERA COLOCASIÆFOLIA, 5*s.*
—— DISCOLOR, 1 guinea
STIGMAPHYLLUM CILIATUM, 5*s.*
STRELITZIA AUGUSTA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— JUNCIFOLIA, 1 guinea
—— NICOLAI, 2 guineas
—— REGINÆ, 1 guinea
—— —— HUMILIS, 1 guinea

SPATHIPHYLLUM PICTUM, for description and price, *vide* page 44.

SYNGONIUM ALBO-LINEATUM, 5*s.*
—— **WENDLANDII**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
TABERNÆMONTANA CAMASSA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **CORONARIA FLORE-PLENO**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **WALLICHIANA**, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
TACSONIA BUCHANANI (VITIFOLIA), 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
TERMINALIA ELEGANS, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
TETRANEMA MEXICANUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
THEOBROMA CACAO, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
THEOPHRASTA IMPERIALIS, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
THUNBERGIA CHRYSOPS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **FRAGRANS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **HARRISII**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **LAURIFOLIA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
THYRSACANTHUS RUTILANS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
TILLANDSIA ACAULIS ZEBRINA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

TILLANDSIA LINDENIANA VERA.

One of the most beautiful of the Bromeliads; a native of Ecuador, of dwarf compact growth with recurved leaves of an olive green colour. The flower scape bears an ovate flattened spike of a bright rosy hue, from the bracts of which issue in succession the beautiful lilac flowers; the contrast of which with the rose-coloured scape presents a most charming and fascinating appearance. 1½ and 2 guineas

TILLANDSIA BIVITTATA, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— **(CARAGUATA) MUSAICA**, 3 and 4 guineas
—— **SPLENDENS**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **STRICTA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **(CARAGUATA) ZAHNII**, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
TINNEA ÆTHIOPICA (VIOLET-SCENTED TINNEA), 3*s.* 6*d.*
TORENIA ASIATICA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PULCHERRIMA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
TOXICOPHLÆA SPECTABILIS, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
TRADESCANTIA, *vide* Cyanotis
TYDÆA, *vide* Index
URCEOLINA AUREA, 5*s.*
UTRICULARIA MONTANA, 1 & 1½ guinea
VANILLA AROMATICA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
VINCA ALBA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **OCULATA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ROSEA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
VRIESIA BRACHYSTACHYA, 1 guinea
—— **PSITTACINA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SPLENDENS (SPECIOSA)**, 5*s.* & 7*s.* 6*d.*
ZAMIA, *vide* Index
ZINGIBER OFFICINALE, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

NEW, RARE AND DESIRABLE GREENHOUSE PLANTS.

ABUTILON AGATHA, *vide* page 8.
—— **ANNA CROZY**, immense globular flowers of a very soft rose colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **AURELIA**, a very fine large flower of a rich and bright golden yellow colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **BLANDII**, a magnificent flower of a deep yellow colour, richly veined with dark crimson, and attractively reticulated with light crimson; an exceedingly beautiful variety. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **BOULE DE NEIGE**, white, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— **BOULE D'OR**, large globular flowers of a beautiful golden yellow colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **BUISSON D'OR**, a well-formed flower of a brilliant golden yellow colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CELEBES**, *vide* page 8.
—— **DARWINII**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **GRANDIFLORUM**, clear yellow, reticulated with carmine. 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **MAJUS**, large flowers of a rich yellow colour, reticulated with carmine. 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ROBUSTUM**, a beautiful flower, rosy red, veined with purple. 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **SUPERBUM**, a great improvement on *Darwinii*. 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **TESSELLATUM**, leaves deep green, marbled or tessellated with golden yellow; flowers cinnabar red, veined crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **DESBOISI**, large well-formed flowers, of a beautiful bright rose colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ABUTILON ERMAN, *vide* page 8.
—— **EVELINE**, delicate blush, shaded with pink and beautifully veined with deep rose; a fine large flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LA LORRAINE**, bright red, the interior chamois, veined with red. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LE GRELOT**, delicate rose colour, with very bright reticulations. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LE NAIN**, clear mauve, with darker veins, slightly shaded with orange. 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LETITIA**, buff pink, veined with rose and shaded with crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LILACEA ALBA**, white, beautifully shaded with soft lilac mauve. 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **L. VAN HOUTTE**, globular flowers, of a bright mauve purple colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LYDIA**, *vide* page 8.
—— **MARSHAL**, light reddish cinnamon, shaded with orange and veined with crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MEGAPOTAMICUM VARIEGATUM**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MONSIEUR LOUIS MARIGNAC**, delicate rose colour; the reverse of the petals of a silvery hue; dwarf and floriferous. 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PERLE D'OR**, large flowers of a clear canary yellow colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ROSÆFLORUM**, bell-shaped drooping flowers of a rosy pink colour, veined with rosy crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ROSINA**, *vide* page 8.

ABUTILON SELLOWIANUM VARIEGATUM, beautifully variegated leaves, golden yellow, richly tessellated with green. 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— **SERAPH**, pure white; a long tubular-shaped flower; very fine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— **SIDONIE**, *vide* page 8.

—— **SIMON DELAUX**, soft chamois, shaded with purple; the veins and back of the petals of a rosy mauve purple colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— **THÉODORE SCHMITH**, a pretty variety with salmon pink flowers. 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— **TRIBUTE**, *vide* page 8.

—— **TROPHY**, bright lemon yellow, reticulated and veined with carmine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ABUTILON VENOSUM ROSEUM, large flowers of a soft rose colour, darkly veined. 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— **VERONA**, soft rosy pink, shaded with salmon and veined with light crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ACACIA DRUMMONDII, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— **GRANDIS**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— **PLATYPTERA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— **TENUIFOLIA**, 5*s.*

—— of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.*, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

ACANTHOPANAX QUINQUEFOLIUM VARIEGATUM, 5*s.*

ACROPHYLLUM VENOSUM, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

ADENANDRA FRAGRANS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

AGAPANTHUS UMBELLATUS ALBUS.

A pure white flowered variety, extremely useful for bouquets, and very suitable for most decorative purposes; it makes an excellent companion to the blue kinds. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

AGAPANTHUS UMBELLATUS EXCELSUS.

A robust growing plant, giving vigorous flower stems about six feet high, which bear very large umbels of light blue flowers; altogether a very stately plant. It has been introduced from the Cape of Good Hope. 10*s.* 6*d.*

AGAPANTHUS UMBELLATUS FLORE-PLENO.

This distinct plant has been introduced from the Cape of Good Hope. It differs materially from the normal type by producing large umbels of dark blue double flowers, which are extremely effective. Being a plant of easy culture it is a desirable acquisition. 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

AGAPANTHUS, of sorts, 1*s.* 6*d.*, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

AGAVE AMERICANA LONGIFOLIA VARIEGATA, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

—— —— **VARIEGATA**, 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

—— **BULBOSA**, *vide* Foureroya

—— **FILIFERA**, 15*s.* and 1 guinea

—— **HETERACANTHA**, 1 guinea

—— **HORRIDA**, 3 guineas

—— **SEEMANNI**, 1½ guinea

—— —— **ACUTA**, 1½ guinea

—— —— **PAPILLOSA**, 1½ guinea

—— —— **PARVISPINA**, 1½ guinea

—— **SHAWII**, 7*s.* 6*d.*

ALOE SOCOTRINA, 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

AMARYLLIS, *vide* pages 11 and 12.

AMORPHOPHALLUS (PROTEINOPHALLUS) RIVIERI, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

ANOPTERUS GLANDULOSA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

ANTHERICUM VARIEGATUM, *vide* Phalangium argenteo-lineare

ANTHOLYZA ÆTHIOPICA MAXIMA, 3*s.* 6*d.*

AOTUS GRACILLIMA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

APHELEXIS MACRANTHA PURPUREA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— **MACRANTHA ROSEA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— **PROLIFERA BARNESII**, *vide* Phœnocoma

—— **RUPESTRIS GRANDIFLORA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

ARALIA ARMATA, 7*s.* 6*d.*

—— **JAPONICA (SIEBOLDII)**, *vide* Fatsia japonica.

—— **PAPYRIFERA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

—— **QUINQUEFOLIA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*

—— **TRIFOLIATA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*

ARAUCARIA BIDWILLII, 10*s.* 6*d.*

—— **COOKII**, 10*s.* 6*d.*

—— **CUNNINGHAMII**, 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

ARAUCARIA EXCELSA.

Mr. W. B. has lately imported a fine lot of this handsome conservatory plant. 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 1 guinea. Specimens 2 and 3 guineas.

ARAUCARIA RULEI, 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

ARISÆMA CONCINNUM, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

—— **CURVATUM**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

—— **SPECIOSUM HOOKERIANUM**, 10*s.* 6*d.*

ARUNDO DONAX VARIEGATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

ASPARAGUS DECUMBENS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

—— **FALCATUS**, *vide* page 3.

—— **PLUMOSUS**, *vide* page 3.

ASPARAGUS VIRGATUS.

This remarkably elegant feathery-looking greenhouse plant of fruticose habit, has been recently introduced from the Cape of Good Hope. The stems, which issue from the crown of the stout fleshy roots, are of a dark green colour, and bear at the upper end a corymboso head of erect branches, of which the lowest is the youngest or most recently developed. These branches are again twice branched, the ultimate branchlets being furnished with acicular cladodia, half an inch long, which grow usually in threes. The berries are round, about as large as an early frame Pea. 1 guinea.

AZALEA INDICA.

Good selections can be made by Mr. William Bull at 30*s*., 42*s*. and 60*s*. per dozen.
New varieties, 5*s*., 7*s*. 6*d*. and 10*s*. 6*d*. each.

NEW AZALEAS.

The two following Azaleas will be found extremely useful for winter and early spring blooming. They belong to the *amœna* section, indeed are varieties raised from that well-known kind; they are both of neat and compact habit, and their flowers are produced in the greatest profusion, and being of small size are well adapted for bouquets and other purposes for which cut flowers are required.

EMBLEM, the blossoms of this attractive variety are of a charming magenta crimson colour, brightly spotted in the upper segments. The rich colour of its flowers makes this variety extremely desirable for decoration during the winter. 10*s*. 6*d*. each; six plants for 2 guineas.

MARVEL, rose, slightly shaded with violet, and brightly spotted with carmine in the upper segments; the anthers are frequently developed into small petaloid segments, giving the flowers a semi-double appearance. This variety received a First Class Certificate from the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 10*s*. 6*d*. each; six plants for 2 guineas.

NEW DOUBLE-FLOWERED INDIAN AZALEA.

EMPRESS OF INDIA, an extremely beautiful variety, of sterling merit, remarkably free-blooming and of nice compact growth. Its attractive double flowers are of a very large size and excellent form, the outer petal elegantly undulated and slightly recurved, showing the central petaloid filaments; the ground colour is a warm rosy salmon tint, with a pure white border along the undulated part of every segment, and the upper segment is marked with a blotch of carmine spots. It was awarded the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition held at Ghent in 1878, and has received a First Class Certificate from the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 15*s*. and 1 guinea.

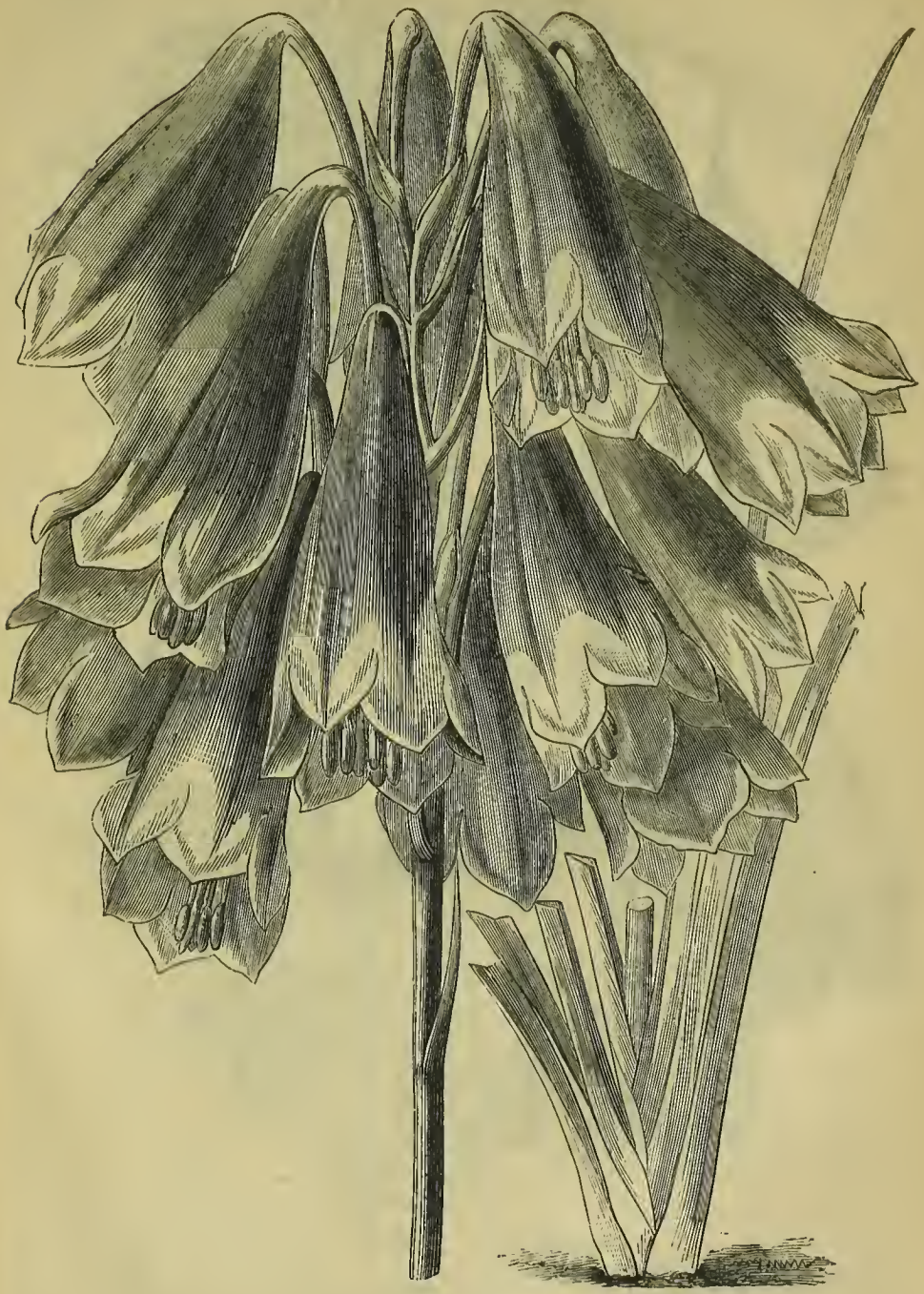
BEGONIA, *vide* Index.
BERBERIDOPSIS CORALLINA, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
BIGNONIA CHERERE, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
—— **EXCELSA**, 7*s*. 6*d*. and 10*s*. 6*d*.
—— **GRANDIFLORA**, 2*s*. 6*d*. and 3*s*. 6*d*.
BIGNONIA JASMINOIDES ALBA MAGNA, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
—— —— **SPLENDIDA**, 2*s*. 6*d*., 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
—— **VENUSTA**, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
BLANFORDIA AUREA, 10*s*. 6*d*.
—— **NOBILIS**, 5*s*. and 7*s*. 6*d*.

BLANFORDIA CUNNINGHAMII.

The late Dr. Lindley, in describing the previously known kinds of this genus, thus refers to *Blanfordia Cunninghamii*:—"None of them are to be compared for beauty with the plant of which the late Allan Cunningham gave me a specimen, the flowers of which are fully twice as large as *B. marginata (grandiflora)*. The leaves have neither serratures nor roughness on the edge, but are perfectly smooth. The flowers are of a deep rich red tint, except at the ends of the petals, where they are yellow. 5*s*., 7*s*. 6*d*. and 10*s*. 6*d*.

BLANFORDIA PRINCEPS.

This strikingly handsome greenhouse perennial gained the first prize as the best new flowering greenhouse plant at the Royal Horticultural Society's Exhibition in the summer of 1875. The stiff sub-erect distichous leaves are narrowly-linear, five to eight ribbed, and with a serrulate border. The scape is a foot high, bearing a corymb of many flowers, which are 2½ inches long, pendent, regularly funnel-shaped, with a bright crimson tube and deep golden yellow erect limb. It must be regarded as the most beautiful of the *Blandfordias* yet known. It has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine* for January, 1876, tab. 6209. For illustration, *vide* page 49. 2 and 3 guineas.



BLANDFORDIA PRINCEPS.

For description and price, *vide* page 48.

BOMAREA CARDERI.

The most beautiful of the Bomareas yet introdnced. It is a glabrons twining plant, with dark purplish stems, and produces its charming bell-shaped flowers in pendulous terminal umbellate cymes; the large heads of blossom making the plant a most attractive object. The individual flowers, in size and shape, remind one somewhat of those of *Lapageria rosea*, but are rather more contracted towards the mouth, and of a lighter rose pink colour, and the ends of the segments are spotted with purplish brown. It has been sent from the United States of Colombia by one of my collectors, and is an extremely handsome greenhouse climber. Strong imported plants, 2 and 3 guineas.

BORONIA DRUMMONDII, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MEGASTIGMA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
BORONIA SERRULATA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
BOUVARDIAS, *vide* Index.

BRACHYCHITON ACERIFOLIUM.

A tree of highly ornamental appearance. From the exceeding brilliancy of its rich red flowers it is called the Flame Tree. It might with great propriety be also called the New South Wales "Lace Bark Tree." The bast furnished by this tree is of the most beautiful lace-like texture, and is considered superior to Cuba Bast; the fibre is suitable for the manufacture of ropes, cordage, mats, &c. 7*s.* 6*d.*

BRACHYSEMA UNDULATUM.

A tall sub-scandent evergreen greenhouse plant, attractive when in blossom, on account of the very unusual colour of its flowers. The leaves are oblong-ovate, mucronate, silky beneath, and the flowers are solitary or sometimes in pairs in the leaf axils, with a broad inflated brownish silky calyx, and deep violet maroon corolla having a broad obtuse keel. It is a native of the West Australian colony. It has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, tab. 6114. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

BRUGMANSIA ARBOREA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **KNIGHTII (flore pleno)**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SANGUINEA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SUAVEOLENS**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
BURTONIA VIOLACEA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CALCEOLARIA PAVONI, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
CALLA ÆTHIOPICA, *vide* Richardia.
CALLICARPA PURPUREA, 3*s.* 6*d.*

CAMELLIAS.

Good selections can be made by Mr. William Bull, at 2, 3, 4 and 6 guineas per dozen.
New varieties, 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.* each.

NEW CAMELLIAS.

The following three first-rate Camellias are of American origin.

C. H. HOVEY, a very dark variety of novel colour; the deep velvety crimson petals being peculiarly and darkly shaded, which imparts to the flower a distinct and effective appearance. The flowers are of beautiful shape, the petals quite round, symmetrical and handsomely imbricated. Received a First Class Certificate from the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 7*s.* 6*d.*

C. M. HOVEY, this splendid bright crimson Camellia was awarded the Gold Medal of the Massachusetts Horticultural Society. It is of exquisitely imbricated form; the petals exceedingly smooth, and without the notch or serrature common to most Camellias; it is one of the best high-coloured varieties extant. 7*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. ANNE MARIE HOVEY, the flowers of this pretty variety are of exquisite form and medium size, the petals remarkably smooth in outline; it is exceedingly desirable where cut flowers are required, and is remarkable from its sportive colouring, some flowers being of a delicate soft pink, others white, others again are blotched or parti-coloured, and not unfrequently the combination of colouring occurs on the same plant. Received a First Class Certificate from the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 7*s.* 6*d.*

CAMPHORA OFFICINALIS, 5*s.*
CAMPSIDIUM FILICIFOLIUM, *vide* p. 15.
—— **(TECOMA) VALDIVIANUM**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
CASTANOSPERMUM AUSTRALE, 10*s.* 6*d.*
CEPHALOTUS FOLLICULARIS, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
CEREUS C. M. HOVEY, 5*s.*
—— **GRANDIFLORUS** (night-blooming), 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **M'DONALDII**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **SPECIOSISSIMUS**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
CESTRUM AURANTIACUM, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
CHOROZEMA CORDATUM SPLENDENS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **HENCHMANNI**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **LAWRENCEANUM**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **VARIUM CHANDLERI**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
CHRYSANTHEMUM FRUTESCENS ETOILE D'OR, *vide* Index.
CISSUS ANTARCTICA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CAPENSIS**, 5*s.*
CLEMATIS INDIVISA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
CLIANTHUS PUNICEUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **MAGNIFICA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CLIVIA NOBILIS, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
COBEA SCANDENS VARIEGATA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
COLEUS, *vide* Index
—— **NEW**, *vide* pages 9 and 10.
COPROSMA BAUERIANA, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **PICTURATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **VARIEGATA**, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
CORDYLINE INDIVISA, 1 and 1½ guinea
CORREAS, of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
CRINUM AMŒNUM, *vide* page 3.

CRINUM AUSTRALE.

This plant, which Mr. Bentham refers to *C. pedunculatum*, bears the name of Botany-bay Lily, and is an ornamental bulbous plant, requiring greenhouse temperature. The bulbs are smooth, thick, and cylindrical. The flowers, which are very fragrant, are numerous, from ten to fifteen in an umbel, each attached by a pedicel longer than the ovary, and consisting of a long slender tube, and a spreading or recurved limb of six white segments. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

CROWEA STRICTA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
CYCADS, *vide* Index.
CYANOTIS (Tradescantia) BARBATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*

CYCLAMEN PERSICUM.

Too much can scarcely be said in favour of the superb varieties of this plant, of which the old *C. persicum* is the type, whether they are regarded as objects for the ornamentation of the greenhouse or conservatory, or for table decoration, for which their compact floriferous character eminently fits them. The flowers are also extremely useful for bouquets, and when plucked, if kept in water, they will last in freshness and beauty for some weeks—indeed, almost longer than any other flowers with which we are acquainted.

CYCLAMEN PERSICUM, 1*s.* 6*d.*, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ALBUM**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **RUBRUM**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— of various choice sorts, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
CYTISUS FILIPES, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **RACEMOSUS**, 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **EVERESTIANUS**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
DAHLIA IMPERIALIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ALBA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ARBOREA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
DAHLIA IMPERIALIS ROSEA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
DAPHNE ELEGANTISSIMA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **INDICA RUBRA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **PAPYRACEA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
DARWINIA FIMBRIATA, 5*s.*
DASYLIRION GLAUCUM, 1 guinea
—— **LONGIFOLIUM**, 5*s.*
DESFONTAINEA SPINOSA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
DICHROA VERSICOLOR, 3*s.* 6*d.*

DIANELLA INTERMEDIA.

A free-growing greenhouse plant, inhabiting the fern-lands of the northern and middle Islands of New Zealand. It has linear-ensiform leaves, and much branched panicles, 10 to 18 inches long, bearing numerous whitish flowers, which are succeeded by bunches of pretty dark blue berries. 7*s.* 6*d.*

DIONÆA MUSCIPULA.

(THE FLY-TRAP PLANT, OR VENUS FLY-TRAP.)

One of the most wonderful illustrations of vegetable structure and design known among plants. The formation of its leaf organs is singularly adapted for entrapping insects. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

DORYANTHES EXCELSA, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.* | **DORYANTHES PALMERI**, 7*s.* 6*d.* & 10*s.* 6*d.*

DRACÆNA AUSTRALIS.

This handsome ornamental plant is exceedingly useful for the decoration of the greenhouse or conservatory, where its effective habit always imparts a tropical aspect to the house.

It is also well adapted for the purposes of sub-tropical gardening, either in groups or as single specimens, where its graceful mode of growth produces a remarkable and striking effect. 3*s.* 6*d.* to 10*s.* 6*d.*; fine plants, 15*s.*, 1, 1½ and 2 to 5 guineas.

DRACÆNA AUSTRALIS LINEATA.

An exceedingly handsome and ornamental plant, with fine broad foliage, gracefully recurving. It is strikingly effective for conservatory and greenhouse decoration. 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

DRACÆNA BANKSII.

Various sizes of this ornamental plant, 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.*, 1 and 1½ guinea.

DRACÆNA ARBOREA, 5*s.*
—— **AUSTRALIS VEITCHII**, 7*s.* 6*d.* 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
DRACOPHYLLUM GRACILE, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
DROSERA CAPENSIS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **DICHOTOMA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **RUBRA**, *vide* page 4.
—— **LONGIFOLIA**, 5*s.*

DROSERA FILIFORMIS.

This pretty little Sundew is a native of North America. It has a bulb-like base or corm, from which spring up to a length of from 6 to 9 inches, the erect filiform leaves, which have no distinction of blade and stalk, and are clothed with red-tipped glands; the flower-scapes have a one-sided raceme of purple-rose coloured flowers, each about an inch and a half broad. 5*s.*

DROSERA SPATHULATA, 10*s.* 6*d.*
DRYMISPERMUM AUSTRALE, 5*s.*
ECHEVERIA, of sorts, *vide* Index.
ELÆOCARPUS RETICULATUS (DENTATUS), 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
ENCEPHALARTOS, of sorts, *vide* Index.
ENTELEA BAKERI, 7*s.* 6*d.*
EPACRIS, of sorts, 18*s.*, 30*s.* and 42*s.* per doz.
EPIPHYLLUM, *vide* page 31.
ERICAS, of sorts, 18*s.*, 30*s.* and 42*s.* per doz.
ERIOSTEMON BUXIFOLIUS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **INTERMEDIUS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **NERIIFOLIUS**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PULCHELLUS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **SCABER**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
ERYTHRINA BOGOTENSIS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

ERYTHRINA COMPACTA.

This magnificent variety is the best and most useful in every respect of all the Erythrinas. It is of compact bushy growth, producing most profusely its splendid attractive bunches of coral-like blossoms. It will be found effective for sub-tropical gardening, and is a desirable plant for most decorative purposes, as it blooms very freely in quite a small state. 5*s.*

EUCALYPTUS CITRIODORA.

The pleasant fragrance of the foliage of this greenhouse plant renders it a desirable acquisition. The strong lemon-scent, which is emitted when the leaves are gently rubbed, is equally powerful and agreeable with that of the lemon-scented Verbena (*Aloysia citriodora*). The plant is of slender habit, with oblong leaves, clothed with glandular hairs, which give off the powerful and grateful odour above referred to. It is a native of Australia. 3*s.* 6*d.*

EUCALYPTUS AMYGDALINA, 5*s.*
—— **GLOBULUS, "BLUE GUM,"** 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **HETEROPHYLLA**, 5*s.*
—— **OBLIQUA**, 5*s.*
EUGENIA AUSTRALIS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **UGNI**, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
EUPATORIUM BERLENDIERI (GRACILE ODORATUM), 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— **RIPARIUM**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
EURYA LATIFOLIA VARIEGATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s*
EURYCLES, *vide* page 33.
EUTAXIA FLORIBUNDA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
FARFUGIUM GRANDE, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
FATSIA (ARALIA) JAPONICA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— —— **RETICULATA**, 15*s.* & 1 guinea
—— —— —— **VARIEGATA**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
FERNS, *vide* Index.
FICUS ELASTICA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **MACROPHYLLA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MINIMA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **STIPULATA (REPENS)**, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
FOURCROYA (AGAVE) BULBOSA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
FUCHSIAS, *vide* Index.
GASTRONEMA SANGUINEUM FLAMMEUM, 5*s.*
GENETYLLIS (HEDAROMA) FUCHSIOIDES, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **TULIPIFERA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
GONOLOBUS CUNDURANGO, 10*s.* 6*d.*
GREVILLEA DRUMMONDII, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ELEGANS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **PREISSII**, 7*s.* 6*d.*

GREVILLEA FORSTERII.

This extremely handsome plant has something the character of *G. robusta*, but, unlike that species, it blooms in a comparatively young state, producing attractive scarlet flowers, which almost equal in dazzling beauty the *Waratah* of New Holland. It has been introduced from Australia; and from its showy flowers and ornamental habit, is a most desirable acquisition for the greenhouse. 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

GREVILLEA ROBUSTA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
GREYIA SUTHERLANDI, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

GUEVINA AVELLANA.

The Chilian Nut, an evergreen tree, growing in its native country 30 feet high, and furnished with coriaceous impari-pinnate leaves, consisting of from 2 to 5 pairs of ovate dentate leaflets. The flowers are in simple erect racemes 2 to 4 inches long, succeeded by globose edible drupes, enclosing almond-like seeds, which are eaten in Chili and Peru. The latter have a mild and somewhat oily taste, while the fleshy pericarp is made a substitute for the pomegranate. 7*s.* 6*d.*

HABROTHAMNUS NEWELLI.

A very ornamental plant of free growth, with neat smooth foliage, freely producing dense terminal clusters of fine large flowers of a bright crimson colour. It will be found extremely useful and effective as a conservatory climber. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

HABROTHAMNUS, of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.* & 3*s.* 6*d.*
HAKEA LAURINO, 10*s.* 6*d.*
HEDAROMA, *vide* Genetyllis.
HOVEA CELSI, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
HUMEA ELEGANS, 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*

HYDRANGEA FOL. ROSEA MARGINATA.

A very robust growing variety, with attractively variegated foliage; the leaves being striped with silvery white and margined with dark rose; very free-flowering; blossoms of a rich dark red colour. 7*s.* 6*d.*

HYDRANGEA HORTENSIS AUREO-VARIEGATA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

HYDRANGEA HORTENSIS CYANOCLADA.

An exceedingly handsome and distinct variety, giving immensely large heads of bright blue flowers; much the best blue-flowered Hydrangea yet seen, the colour being very intense and attractive. The leaves are of stout leathery texture and dark green; the stems are peculiarly black and the leaf-stalks are also darkly coloured. This distinct variety originated in Germany. 5*s.*

HYDRANGEA HORTENSIS THOMAS HOGG, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
HYDRANGEA JAPONICA ELEGANTISSIMA, 5*s.*
HYDRANGEA JAPONICA MACROCEPHALA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ROSALBA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **SPECIOSA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

HYDRANGEA JAPONICA FOL. TRICOLORIBUS.

A splendid variety of free robust growth and with exceedingly ornamental foliage. The leaves have a green ground, with a wide white border clearly and plainly defined, which changes to golden yellow; this attractive border sometimes occupies a third of the leaf; the contrast of the three colours produces a beautiful effect, and renders the plant extremely attractive. 7*s.* 6*d.*

HYDRANGEA MADAME VON SIEBOLD.

A dwarf growing variety, and extremely floriferous; producing beautiful trusses of flowers, of a very clear violet colour. 7*s.* 6*d.*

HYDRANGEA OTAKSA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **STELLATA PROLIFERA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
HYDRANGEA SCANDENS (SCHIZOPHRAGMA HYDRANGEOIDES), 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

IMANTOPHYLLUM MINIATUM.

A most effective and beautiful plant producing broad corymbs of large deep salmon coloured erect blossoms, relieved by a lighter centre; it blooms during the winter and spring months. 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*; fine plants, 1 and 1½ guinea.

IMANTOPHYLLUM CYRTANTHIFLORUM, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MINIATUM HYBRIDUM**, 15*s.*
—— —— **PRINCEPS**, 2 guineas
IMANTOPHYLLUM MINIATUM SPECIOSUM, 1½ guinea
—— —— **SUPERBUM**, 1 and 1½ guinea
INDIGOFERA DECORA, 5*s.*

IRIS ROBINSONIANA.

A very grand and distinct species, introduced from Lord Howe's Island, where by the natives it is called the Wedding Flower. It is a strong growing plant, with ensiform rigid leaves, and with flower spike 4 to 5 feet high, which expands into several flowering stems candelabrum-like, two, three and four flowers in succession being developed from each sheath. The expanded flower is of a pure white colour, except at the inner base of the outer and larger petals, which are marked by irregular lines of a bright golden yellow hue. The fully developed flower measures 4 inches across. Probably the finest Iris yet known. 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

ISOLEPIS PYGMÆA (GRACILIS), 1*s.* 6*d.*
JASMINUM GRANDIFLORUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
JUNCUS LÆTEVIRENS, *vide* page 5.
—— **ZEBRINUS**, *vide* page 5.
JUSSIÆA MACROCARPA CILIATA, *vide* page 5.
KENNEDYAS, of sorts, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
KREYSIGIA MULTIFLORA, 5*s.*

KNIPHOFIA QUARTINIANA.

A handsome greenhouse or half-hardy perennial, introduced from Abyssinia. It has an erect simple spike of densely crowded flowers forming a pyramidate-cylindrical raceme terminating the flower scape. The flowers are pendulous and orange coloured; the leaves, which widen from the point downwards, are very much recurved. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

LAGERSTRŒMIA INDICA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
LAGERSTRŒMIA, of sorts, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

LAPAGERIA ALBA.

This extremely beautiful climber produces numerous fine large bell-shaped pure white flowers. It is a neat-growing plant of free habit. 1, 2 and 3 guineas.

LAPAGERIA ROSEA.

Various sizes of this well-known and extremely useful conservatory climber, 5*s*., 7*s*. 6*d*., 10*s*. 6*d*. and 1 guinea.

LAPAGERIA RUBRA SUPERBA.

A magnificent variety, producing fine large flowers of an exceedingly rich and brilliant crimson colour; it is one of the most highly attractive of ornamental climbers for the greenhouse and conservatory. 1, 1½ and 2 guineas.

LASIANDRA MACRANTHA, 3*s*. 6*d*.
—— —— **FLORIBUNDA**, 5*s*. and 7*s*. 6*d*.
LEPTOSPERMUM SCOPARIUM, 5*s*.
LESCHENAULTIA BILOBA SPLENDENS (MAJOR), 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
—— **FORMOSA**, 2*s*. 6*d*. and 3*s*. 6*d*.
LEUCOPOGON CUNNINGHAMI, 3*s*. 6*d*.
LIBONIA FLORIBUNDA, 2*s*. 6*d*.
LILIUM NEILGHERRENSE, *vide* page 64.
—— of sorts, *vide* pages 63 to 65.
LINUM TRIGYNUM, 2*s*. 6*d*.
LOMATIA ELEGANTISSIMA, 7*s*. 6*d*. and 10*s*. 6*d*.
—— **FERRUGINEA**, 5*s*. and 7*s*. 6*d*.
LUCULIA GRATISSIMA, 5*s*. and 7*s*. 6*d*.
MACADAMIA TERNIFOLIA, 5*s*. and 7*s*. 6*d*.

MACKAYA BELLA.

This most beautiful Acanthaceous plant is a native of the bed of the Tongat River, Natal. It is a tall, slender, nearly glabrous shrub, with virgate branches. The flowers have a pale lilac corolla, nearly 2 inches long, the throat ornamented with most delicately pencilled reticulated purple veins, tubular below, campanulate upwards, with a deeply five-lobed spreading limb. The plant is very floriferous, and when in full bloom, appears as a mass of most delicate, pendent, campanulate flowers. This charming plant has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, tab. 5797. 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.

MACROPIPER EXCELSUM, 5*s*.
—— —— **AUREO-PICTUM**, 10*s*. 6*d*.
MACROZAMIA, *vide* Index
MAGNOLIA CAMPBELLII, *vide* page 65
—— **FUSCATA**, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
MANDEVILLA SUAVEOLENS, 2*s*. 6*d*. and 3*s*. 6*d*.
MELALEUCA SQUAMEA, 3*s*. 6*d*.
METROSIDEROS FLORIBUNDA, 2*s*. 6*d*.
MIRBELIA PULCHELLA, 3*s*. 6*d*.
MITRARIA COCCINEA, 2*s*. 6*d*. and 3*s*. 6*d*.
MONOCHÆTUM LEMONIANUM, 3*s*. 6*d*.
—— **SERICEUM MULTIFLORUM**, 3*s*. 6*d*.

MUSA ENSETE.

This is the grand Banana of Abyssinia. In growth it is one of the most striking and noble of ornamental plants, and it is without doubt one of the most effective for summer out-door gardening. Its immense erect leaves attain a length of 8 to 10 feet, and are of a beautiful dark green, the mid-rib being bright crimson, forming an admirable and striking contrast. It attains altogether an average growth of 12 to 15 feet in height. 10*s*. 6*d*. and 15*s*.

MYRSIPHYLLUM ASPARAGOIDES, 2*s*. 6*d*. and 3*s*. 6*d*.
MYRTUS, of sorts, 1*s*. 6*d*. and 2*s*. 6*d*.
NERINE FOTHERGILLII, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
—— of sorts, 2*s*. 6*d*. and 3*s*. 6*d*.
NERIUM, of sorts, 3*s*. 6*d*.
OLEA FRAGRANS, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
OPUNTIA MONACANTHA VARIEGATA, 10*s*. 6*d*.
ORCHIDS, of sorts, *vide* Index
OSBECKIA CRINITA, 5*s*.
PALMS, of sorts, *vide* Index
PANCRATIUM COLLINUM, 5*s*.
PASSIFLORA CAMPBELLII, 3*s*. 6*d*.
—— **CŒRULEA GRANDIFLORA**, 3*s*. 6*d*.
—— **EDULIS**, 3*s*. 6*d*.
—— **IMPÉRATRICE EUGÉNIE**, 3*s*. 6*d*.
—— **LOUDONI**, 3*s*. 6*d*.
PASSIFLORA ONYCHINA, 3*s*. 6*d*.
—— of sorts, 2*s*. 6*d*., 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
PELARGONIUM, *vide* Index
PENTLANDIA MINIATA, 3*s*. 6*d*.
PETUNIA, *vide* Index
PHALANGIUM ARGENTEO-LINEARE (ANTHERICUM VARIEGATUM), 2*s*. 6*d*. and 3*s*. 6*d*.
PHILESIA BUXIFOLIA, 7*s*. 6*d*. and 10*s*. 6*d*.
PHŒNOCOMA (APHELEXIS) PROLIFERA BARNESII, 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.
PHORMIUM ATROPURPUREUM, 2 and 3 guineas
—— **COLENSOI VARIEGATUM**, 10*s*. 6*d*., 15*s*. and 1 guinea
—— **NIGRO-PICTUM**, 10*s*. 6*d*. and 15*s*.
—— **TENAX**, 3*s*. 6*d*., 5*s*. and 7*s*. 6*d*.
—— —— **VARIEGATUM**, 2 and 3 guineas

PHORMIUM TENAX VEITCHII VARIEGATUM, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
PIERIS OVALIFOLIA DENSIFLORA, *vide* page 6.
PIMELEA DECUSSATA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
PIMELEA HENDERSONI, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **NIEPPERGIANA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **SPECTABILIS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
PINCENECTICIA TUBERCULATA, 1 guinea

PITTOSPORUM CRASSIFOLIUM.

A bushy growing plant, of erect branching habit, with light green leaves, which are tomentose on the under surface ; the flowers are of a dark chocolate purple colour, and are freely produced in nodding pedunculed umbels ; it is a native of New Zealand. 10*s.* 6*d.*

PLECTRANTHUS FŒTIDUS, 5*s.*
PLEROMA ELEGANS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **HETEROMALLA**, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SARMENTOSA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
PLUMBAGO CAPENSIS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
PODOCARPUS MACROPHYLLUS VARIEGATUS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
POLYGALA CORDIFOLIA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **DALMAISIANA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

POLYGONATUM OPPOSITIFOLIUM.

This species of Solomon's Seal is a fine herbaceous perennial from the Khasya Hills. Its white flowers are produced in axillary umbels of from three to ten ; they are nodding, tubulose, nearly an inch long ; it is of graceful growth, and a very desirable plant of half-hardy character, flowering in the winter months. 5*s.*

POMEGRANATE (PUNICA GRANATUM), 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— —— **ALBA PLENA**, 5*s.*
—— —— —— **RUBRA PLENA**, 5*s.*
PRIMULA JAPONICA, of sorts, *vide* page 65.
PRIMULA SINENSIS ALBA PLENA, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **FLORE-PLENO**, of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.*, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **VERTICILLATA SIMENSIS**, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

NEW DOUBLE CHINESE PRIMULAS.

PRIMULA SINENSIS FLORE-PLENO, EARL BEACONSFIELD, bright rosy carmine. 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— —— **MARCHIONESS OF EXETER**, white striped, and occasionally blotched with red. 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— —— **MRS. A. F. BARRON**, white, slightly marked with red. 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— —— **PRINCESS**, white, delicately suffused with pink. 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— —— **WHITE LADY**, fine large pure white flowers. 7*s.* 6*d.*

PROTEINOPHALLUS RIVIERI, *vide* Amorphophallus
PTERODISCUS LINEARIS, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SPECIOSUS**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
PTEROSPERMUM ACERIFOLIUM, 15*s.*
PULTENÆA BENTHAMII, 5*s.*
—— **MOLLE**, 5*s.*
—— **ROSEA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SCABRA BILOBA**, 5*s.*
—— **SUBVERTICILLATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
REINECKIA CARNEA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **VARIEGATA**, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
RHODEA JAPONICA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
RHODEA JAPONICA ARGENTEA, 15*s.*
—— —— **MACROPHYLLA MARGINATA**, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
RHODODENDRONS, *vide* page 59.
RHOPALA, *vide* page 44
RHYNCHOSPERMUM JASMINOIDES, *vide* Trachelospermum
RICHARDIA AFRICANA (*Calla æthiopica*), 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ALBO-MACULATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
SARRACENIA ATROSANGUINEA, *vide* page 7.
—— **CRISPATA**, *vide* page 7.

SARRACENIA DRUMMONDII.

A very singular and beautiful plant, belonging to the family of the Side-saddle flowers, and inhabiting the marshes of Florida. The leaves or pitchers grow quite erect, and from 1½ to 2½ feet high ; they are of a bright green colour, and at the upper expanded end are variegated in a reticulated form with white, red, and green, the hood or lid, which is much undulated, being similarly marked. The flowers are handsome and attractive, of a rich crimson purple colour, and about 2½ inches in diameter. For illustration, *vide* page 57. 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

SARRACENIA DRUMMONDII.

For description and price, *vide* page 56.

SARRACENIA FLAVA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ORNATA**, *vide* page 7.
—— —— **PICTA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PSITTACINA**, 1 guinea
—— **PURPUREA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **RUBRA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **VARIOLARIS**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
SCHIZOPHRAGMA HYDRANGEOIDES, *vide* Hydrangea scandens.
SENECIO MACROGLOSSUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SPECIOSUS**, *vide* page 7.
SMILAX MACROPHYLLA MACULATA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
SOLLYA DRUMMONDII, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LINEARIS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
SPARAXIS PULCHERRIMA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
STATICE HOLFORDII, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **MACROPHYLLA**, 5*s.*
—— **PROFUSA (RATTRAYANA)**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
STERCULIA HETEROPHYLLA (DIVERSIFOLIA), 10*s.* 6*d.*
STRELITZIA REGINÆ, *vide* page 44.
SWAINSONA, of sorts, 3*s.* 6*d.*
TACSONIA ERIANTHA, 5*s.*

TACSONIA EXONIENSIS.

This distinct and beautiful greenhouse climber is a hybrid between *T. Van Volxemi* and *T. mollissima*. The flowers are of a brilliant rose pink colour, with deep violet throat. The flower tube is 2½ to 3 inches long. The excellent free-flowering habit of the plant, and the extremely attractive colour of the flowers, render it most desirable and effective. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TACSONIA INSIGNIS, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MANICATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MOLLISSIMA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PINNATISTIPULA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **TOMENTOSA SPECIOSA**, 5*s.*
TACSONIA VAN VOLXEMI, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
TECOMA, *vide* Bignonia.
TESTUDINARIA ELEPHANTIPES, 1 guinea

THAMNOCALAMUS SPATHIFLORUS.

A fine Indian Bamboo, with tall fistular stems, and branches from a foot to a foot and a half long, bearing whorls of branchlets. The leaves are lanceolate, of a lively green, conspicuously tessellate, the sheaths often fringed. The inflorescence forms a large loose decompound panicle, with long slender branches and hairy spikelets. 5*s.*

THIBAUDIA ACUMINATA, 5*s.*
TRACHELOSPERMUM (RHYNCHOSPERMUM) JASMINOIDES, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— —— —— **VARIEGATUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
TREMANDRA ERICÆFOLIA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
TREMANDRA HIRSUTA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **VERTICILLATA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
TRITONIA AUREA, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
TROPÆOLUM AZUREUM, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **BRACHYCERAS**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **JARRATTII**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— of sorts, 1*s.* 6*d.*, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

TURRÆA HETEROPHYLLA.

A small-growing slender-branched warm greenhouse shrub, a native of Natal. It has glabrous branches, and ovate undivided or three-lobed leaves, which fall away before the flowering season. The flowers are white, five-petalled, clustered at the end of the branches, and having the elongate liguiate petals longer than the staminal tubes. The Turræas form an interesting group of the Meliaceæ. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

TYPHONIUM BROWNII, 7*s.* 6*d.*
VALLOTA EXIMIA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PURPUREA**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **MAJOR**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
VERONICAS, *vide* page 60.
WITSENIA CORYMBOSA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
XYLOMELUM PYRIFORME, 10*s.* 6*d.*

YUCCA ALOIFOLIA VARIEGATA.

7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.*, 1, 1½ and 2 guineas each. Handsome specimens, 3 and 4 guineas each.

YUCCA QUADRICOLOR, 1, 2 and 3 guineas | **ZAMIA**, *vide* Index.

GREENHOUSE RHODODENDRONS.

ANDERSONI, a handsome introduction from the Himalayas, giving very large and fine trusses of blossoms, which are of a bright rich carmine colour. *5s.*

BARBATUM, bright scarlet flowers, distinct and effective. *5s.*

CALOPHYLLUM, a handsome species, producing very large funnel-shaped pure white flowers. *5s.*

COUNTESS OF HADDINGTON, very large blush white flowers ; an exceedingly beautiful hybrid variety. *5s.* and *7s. 6d.*

EDGWORTHII, a handsome free-flowering species, with large pure white spreading shallow cup-shaped fragrant flowers. *5s.* and *7s. 6d.*

FALCONERI, magnificently ornamental ; this species has the largest leaves of the genus. *7s. 6d.*

FORMOSUM GRANDIFLORUM, a free-blooming variety, with finely formed pure white flowers ; a neat growing kind, and very useful for conservatory decoration. *3s. 6d.* and *5s.*

FRAGRANTISSIMUM, deliciously fragrant flowers, of the purest white, lightly spotted with ochro on the upper segment ; the back of the flower pencilled and shaded with roso. *5s.* and *7s. 6d.*

FULGENS, blossoms of a rich fiery crimson colour ; showy and effective ; compact habit. *5s.*

JAMESONI, flowers bright red, produced in large terminal trusses ; handsome and attractive. *5s.*

JASMINIFLORUM, an elegant free-blooming species, with fragrant white flower tubes, borne in clusters. *3s. 6d.* and *5s.*

JENKINSII, a handsome evergreen shrub, bearing dark green leathery oblong-lanceolate leaves. The flowers are exceedingly large, funnel-shaped, and of snowy whiteness. Its handsome wax-like attractive blossoms render it a most beautiful plant for conservatory decoration. *5s.*

NILAGIRICUM, a splendid species from the Neilgherry Hills, and Nepal, producing immenso terminal trusses of fine large showy flowers, of a beautiful blush colour, blended with deep rich roso and shaded with soft rose ; light throat. *5s.*

NUTTALLII, a magnificent species ; flowers pure white, the largest of the genus. *5s.*

PRINCESS ALEXANDRA, a pretty hybrid variety, of dwarf compact growth, with similar flowers to those of *R. jasminiflorum*, but larger and longer tubed, pure white, with pink stamens. A free-blooming plant, well adapted for conservatory decoration. *5s.* and *7s. 6d.*

PRINCESS ALICE, a neat dwarf bushy-growing variety of the *ciliatum* type, with comparatively small leaves, and producing clusters of deliciously-scented bell-shaped white flowers, flushed with pink on the outer surface. *3s. 6d.*, *5s.* and *7s. 6d.*

PRINCESS HELENA, this pretty hybrid form, with *R. Princess Alexandra*, was obtained from a cross with *R. jasminiflorum*, but is readily distinguished from it by its much longer-tubed flowers, of a delicately tinted soft pink colour, streaked with darker shades. *5s.* and *7s. 6d.*

PRINCESS ROYAL, a handsome and distinct variety of neat compact growth, with clusters of richly-shaded rose-coloured funnel-shaped flower tubes. *5s.* and *7s. 6d.*

RETUSUM, this distinct species produces clusters of tubular orange-coloured flowers. *5s.* and *7s. 6d.*

THIBAUDIENSE, this is one of the Bhotan kinds, and combines the merits of rarity and remarkable form. At first sight one would be apt to suppose that it might belong to the Correas, or rather to the Thibaudias, the flowers having the same alabaster-like translucent lustre as those of that family, and a good deal of the form and colour of some of the species of the genus—hence its name. Its tubular flowers are produced in terminal trusses, and are of a bright red colour. *5s.* and *7s. 6d.*

THOMPSONIANUM, bright scarlet ; cup-like flowers of good form. *5s.*

TUBULATUM, a fine variety, with large tubular pure white flowers ; it is a most useful plant for the decoration of the greenhouse or conservatory. *7s. 6d.* and *10s. 6d.*

VEITCHIANUM, a beautiful species, with very large white flowers, relieved by a yellow centre or base, and elegantly fringed or frilled on the margin. *5s.* and *7s. 6d.*

VIRGATUM, a slender plant with the flowers solitary or in pairs, having the tube of the corolla short and obconical, and the limb segments spreading. The flowers in the different plants that have been raised from seed vary in hue from blush to white. *5s.*

VIRGATUM HYBRIDUM, a neat-habited bushy-growing variety, producing fine trusses of beautiful pure white flowers, of good form. *5s.*

VIRGINALE, the flowers of this extremely beautiful variety are large, funnel-shaped, and of an exceedingly pure white. It has leathery dark green foliage, and forms a splendid plant for conservatory decoration, the great size and snowy whiteness of its blossoms rendering it extremely attractive. *7s. 6d.* and *10s. 6d.*

VERONICAS.

ANNETTE, pale bluish purple, with distinct white eye; short thick spikes of flowers; a very free bloomer. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ATTRACTION, an exceedingly distinct and pretty variety, producing fine spikes of flowers of a rich and beautiful light crimson colour; of good compact habit, and very free flowering. 3*s.* 6*d.*

BLUE GEM, a shrubby-growing variety of neat habit, producing most profusely spikes of beautiful blue flowers; a capital bedder. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CAROLINE, light lilac blue, with small white eye, an exceedingly free-flowering variety, producing short dense spikes of bloom. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CELESTIAL, this is a very pleasing variety, with flowers of a sky blue colour, having a white centre; free, and of good habit. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CYRUS, bright blue, with white centre; a distinct and attractive variety, producing freely fine spikes of fine large flowers. It is of a good compact style of growth. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DIADEM, this variety produces flowers of a beautiful rose colour, having a distinct white centre; it is of compact and shrubby growth. 1*s.* 6*d.*

DISPLAY, rosy crimson, with small white eye; a free-flowering variety, of good habit, producing fine long spikes of blossom. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ENSIGN, clear blue, with very large attractive white eye; an exceedingly profuse bloomer. 1*s.* 6*d.*

EVA, a compact-growing variety, freely producing fine close spikes of very pretty pink flowers. 3*s.* 6*d.*

HELEN, a variety of good habit, producing pretty rose-coloured flowers. 2*s.* 6*d.*

IMPÉRIALE, this variety produces fine flower spikes, in clusters, of a brilliant amaranth red, changing to carmine magenta, and elegantly set off with projecting white stamens. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LEONARD, bluish purple, with white eye; a very free bloomer, giving short thick flower spikes. 1*s.* 6*d.*

RUBENS, a variety of robust habit and vigorous growth; the flowers are large and fine, of a beautiful violet colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TRIUMPH, a beautiful variety of thick short-jointed habit, with small foliage; it is a very free bloomer, producing in fine spikes its lovely deep violet purple white-eyed flowers. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VESTA, an exceedingly floriferous variety, of very compact growth, with stout vigorous foliage; the flowers are of a beautiful light blue colour, with attractive white centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NEW, RARE AND DESIRABLE HARDY PLANTS.

ACER PLATANOIDES SCHWEDLERI, 5*s.*

—— **POLYMORPHUM ATROPURPUREUM**, 5*s.*

—— —— **DISSECTUM (ORNATUM)**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

ACER POLYMORPHUM DISSECTUM ROSEO-MARGINATUM, 10*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **SANGUINEUM**, 10*s.* 6*d.*

—— **TATARICUM GINNALA**, 5*s.*

ACORUS JAPONICUS SIEBOLDII AUREO-STRIATUS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

AGAVE UTAHENSE.

A distinct hardy species from the Rocky Mountains, with narrow silvery leaves, radiating and, as it were, forming a star. 7*s.* 6*d.*

ALTHÆA FRUTEX, *vide* Hibiscus syriacus.

AMARYLLIS BELLADONNA, 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*

AMPELOPSIS TRICUSPIDATA, (*Vitis japonica*), 2*s.* 6*d.*

AMYGDALUS PERSICA ALBA PLENA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **CAMELLIÆFLORA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **DIANTHÆFLORA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

AMYGDALUS PERSICA FOLIIS PURPUREIS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **PURPUREA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **ROSÆFLORA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **ROSEO-PLENA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

ARISÆMA CORNUTUM (*Sauromatum guttatum*), 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— **(SAUROMATUM) NIGRICANS**, 7*s.* 6*d.*

—— **PARDINUM**, 7*s.* 6*d.*

—— **PICTUM**, 5*s.*

—— **RINGENS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

ARUNDO CONSPICUA, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
ASCLEPIAS TUBEROSA, 1*s.*
ASPIDISTRA LURIDA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
ASPIDISTRA LURIDA VARIEGATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
ASTILBE BARBATA (*Hotcia japonica*, *Spiræa barbata*), 1*s.*

AUCUBA JAPONICA FŒMINA.

Various sorts can be supplied at 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.* each.

AUCUBA JAPONICA LUTEO-PICTA, 10*s.* 6*d.*

AUCUBA JAPONICA MASCULA.

Various sorts can be supplied at 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.* each.

AZALEA MOLLIS.

This showy hardy deciduous shrub bears oblong-obovate leaves, villose on the nerves and margin, and large funnel-shaped orange-coloured flowers in terminal umbels. Introduced from the mountains of Japan. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

AZALEAS, hardy varieties, of sorts, 18*s.*, 30*s.* and 42*s.* per dozen
AZARA MICROPHYLLA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
BAMBUSA FORTUNEI VARIEGATA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MAXIMOWICZII**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **METAKE**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

BAMBUSA NANA.

A very elegant small-growing Bamboo, introduced to this country from Japan. Its slender stems become twice branched, the little tufts formed by the short leafy twigs having a very distinct and peculiar appearance. The leaves are two-ranked or distichous, bright green on the upper and glaucous on the under surface, lance-shaped from a broad base, and about an inch long. 10*s.* 6*d.*

BAMBUSA NIGRA, 5*s.*
—— **RETICULATA**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
BERBERIDOPSIS CORALLINA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
BERBERIS CORDIFORMIS, 10*s.* 6*d.*

BERBERIS HETEROPODA.

A hardy deciduous shrub, a native of Soongaria and Turkestan, where it grows from 6 to 10 feet high. The leaves are shortly stalked, entire or spinuloscly-toothed. It bears yellow entire-petalled flowers, which are succeeded by dark purple pruinose berries. 5*s.*

BERBERIS STENOPHYLLA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— of sorts, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
BETULA ALBA FOLIIS ATROPURPUREIS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
BIGNONIA GRANDIFLORA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
BIGNONIA RADICANS MAJOR, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
BLOOMERIA AUREA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
BOCCONIA JAPONICA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
BRODIÆA TERRESTRIS, 1*s.* 6*d*

BUDDLEA INSIGNIS.

A dwarf vigorous-growing shrub of compact habit, producing terminal branched spikes of flowers of a lilac violet colour, lightly tinted with rose. 7*s.* 6*d.*

CALLIPRORA LUTEA, 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*
CALOCHORTUS VENUSTUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*

CAMPANULA FUNCTATA.

A fine hardy herbaceous perennial, growing about a foot high, and bearing large nodding flowers nearly or quite two inches long; white, spotted inside with purple. It is a native of Eastern Siberia, Dahuria and Japan. 5*s.*

CAMPANULA TURBINATA, 1*s.*

CARPENTARIA CALIFORNICA

A new Californian shrub, producing large terminal branches of white flowers, which have a similar fragrance to those of the *Philadelphus*; it is extremely ornamental. 7*s.* 6*d.*

CATALPA SYRINGÆFOLIA AUREA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
CEANOTHUS GLOIRE DE VERSAILLES, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
CERASUS JAPONICA FLORE-ROSEO-PLENO, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CHIMONANTHUS FRAGRANS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GRANDIFLORUS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
CHOISYA TERNATA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
CHRYSANTHEMUMS, *vide* Index
CINNAMOMUM SERICEUM, 10*s.* 6*d.*

CLEMATIS.

As hardy climbers, the large-flowered hybrid varieties cannot be too strongly recommended, for they are of easy and free growth, profuse bloomers, and the colours of the different sorts are varied and distinct, such as light and dark blue, white, plum, silvery-gray, violet, lavender, rosy-purple, mauve, &c. Price 30*s.* and 42*s.* per dozen. New varieties, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.* each.

CLEMATIS PANICULATA.

A hardy climbing plant, furnished with pinnately decompound leaves. The flowers are white, in axillary panicles, numerous, sweet-scented, and resembling those of *C. Flammula*. It is a native of Japan, where it is found in the neighbourhood of Nagasaki. 5*s.*

CORYLUS AVELLANA AUREA, 7*s.* 6*d.*
CRATÆGUS ORIENTALIS SANGUINEA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
CYDONIA JAPONICA, of sorts, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
DAPHNIPHYLLUM ROXBURGHII, 3*s.* 6*d.*
DELPHINIUMS, of sorts, 1*s.* 6*d.*, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
DESMODIUM PENDULIFLORUM, 2*s.* 6*d.*
DEUTZIA CRENATA CANDIDISSIMA PLENA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
DIELYTRA SPECTABILIS, 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*
DIMORPHANTHUS MANDCHURICUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
ERYTHRINA, *vide* page 53.
ERYTHRONIUM GRANDIFLORUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ESCALLONIA MACRANTHA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
EUGENIA UGNI, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

EULALIA JAPONICA ALBO-LINEATA.

A handsome ornamental grass, with elegant linear-lanceolate leaves of a deep green colour, attractively striped throughout the entire length with creamy white. In style of growth and general effect it somewhat resembles the variegated *Arundo Donax*. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

EULALIA JAPONICA ZEBRINA.

An exceedingly elegant and ornamental grass from Japan. Its graceful leaves are barred crossways with alternate bands of creamy white and green, which variegation gives the plant a very distinct appearance, being so different to the general longitudinally striped variegation. The flower-panicles are erect, but as the flowers expand the branches curve over in a graceful manner. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

EUONYMUS MACROPHYLLUS ALBO-VARIEGATUS, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **AUREO-VARIEGATUS**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **RADICANS VARIEGATUS**, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
FRAXINUS LONGICUSPIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MANDCHURICUS**, this has gigantic leaves. 3*s.* 6*d.*

FRAXINUS POTAMOPHILA.

A neat-looking small leaved species of Ash introduced from the districts of Turkestan beyond the Ili. The young branches are of a greyish brown colour, with black buds. The flowers grow in short racemes, and the samara or fruits are stalked, oblong, with wedge-shaped base. 5*s.*

GENTIANA KURROO, *vide* page 4.
GLADIOLUS PURPUREO-AURATUS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
GUNNERA SCABRA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
HEMEROCALLIS, of sorts, 9*d.* and 1*s.*
HIBISCUS SYRIACUS (ALTHÆA FRUTEX), 1*s.*
—— —— **ALBO-PLENUS**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ALBUS LUTEOLUS PLENUS**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **AMARANTHUS**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **AMPLISSIMUS**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ANEMONÆFLORUS**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ARDENS**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **BICOLOR HYBRIDUS**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **BOULE DE FEU**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **CARNEO-PLENUS**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— **FOLIIS TRICOLORIS**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
HIBISCUS SYRIACUS CŒLESTIS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **CŒRULEO-PLENUS**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **COMTE DE FLANDRE**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **COMTE DE HAINAUT**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **DE LA REINE**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **DE LA VEUVE**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **DUC DE BRABANT**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **DUCHESSE DE BRABANT**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ELEGANTISSIMUS**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **FASTUOSUS**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **GRANDIFLORUS SUPERBUS**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **LADY STANLEY**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **LEOPOLDII**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **MACRANTHUS FOLIIS TRICOLORIS**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **MONSTROSUS**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **PÆONIÆFLORUS**, 1*s.* 6*d.*

HIBISCUS SYRIACUS POMPON ROUGE, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **PUNICEUS PLENUS**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **PURPUREUS VARIEGATUS**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **RANUNCULIFLORUS**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ROSEUS PLENUS**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **RUBRUS PLENUS**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **SPECIOSUS**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— **RUBRUS**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
HIBISCUS SYRIACUS TOTUS ALBUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **VARIEGATUS PLENUS**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **VIOLACEUS ATROPURPUREUS FLORE-PLENISSIMO**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— **SEMI-PLENUS**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— **VARIEGATUS**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **VIOLET CLAIR**, double, 1*s.* 6*d.*
HOTEIA JAPONICA, *vide* Astilbe barbata.

HYACINTHUS CANDICANS.

A showy hardy plant producing immense spikes of snow white flowers, from thirty to sixty on a single stem. 1*s.* 6*d.*

HYDRANGEA PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA, 1*s.* 6*d.*

HYPERICUM PATULUM, 1*s.* 6*d.*

IDESIA POLYCARPA (POLYCARPA MAXIMOWICZII), 10*s.* 6*d.*
IRIS CALIFORNICA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **IBERICA**, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

IRIS KÆMPFERI.

A magnificent collection of this handsome and attractive class has been imported from Japan. Scarcely any plants in the flower garden can compare for gorgeous beauty with this section of Iris ; they can therefore be most highly recommended. Good kinds, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.* each ; choice kinds, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.* each.

IRIS KÆMPFERI CHELSEA HERO, *vide* page 5.
—— **ROBINSONIANA**, *vide* page 54.
—— **SIBIRICA**, 1*s.*
—— —— **ALBA**, 1*s.*
—— **SUSIANA**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— **TECTORUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
KOELREUTERIA PANICULATA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
LARDIZABALA BITERNATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
LILIUM AURATUM, 1*s.* 6*d.*, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **BATEMANÆ**, a new Japanese Lily, growing from 3 to 4 feet high, and giving richly coloured unspotted flowers of a bright Apricot tint; most desirable. 3*s.*6*d.*
—— **BROWNII**, very handsome large flowers, trumpet shaped, internally white, externally purplish brown. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **BULBIFERUM**, 1*s.*
—— **BYZANTINUM**, *vide* chalcedonicum
—— **CANADENSE**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **FLAVUM**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **RUBRUM**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CANDIDUM**, 6*d.*
—— —— **FLORE-PLENO**, 1*s.*
—— —— **PURPUREO-STRIATUM**, 1*s.*
—— **CARNIOLICUM**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CAROLINIANUM**, *vide* Michauxi
—— **CHALCEDONICUM (BYZANTINUM)**, a very effective and showy Lily, with brilliant scarlet flowers. 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **COLUMBIANUM**, very rare, only a few bulbs of the true species being in cultivation. 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CONCOLOR (SINICUM)**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CORDIFOLIUM**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
LILIUM CROCEUM (AURANTIACUM), 6*d.* and 9*d.*
—— **DALMATICUM**, *vide* Martagon dalmaticum
—— **DAVURICUM ERECTUM**, 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **FULGIDUM (SAPPHO)**, 9*d.* and 1*s.*
—— —— **GRANDIFLORUM**, 9*d.*
—— —— **IMMACULATUM**, 9*d.* and 1*s.*
—— —— **INCOMPARABILE**. 9*d.* and 1*s.*
—— **ELEGANS (THUNBERGIANUM)**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— **ALUTACEUM**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— **ARMENIACUM (VENUSTUM)**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— **ATROSANGUINEUM (FULGENS)**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— **FORMOSUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— **LATERITIUM (BILIGULATUM)**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— **MACULATUM**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— **PRINCE OF ORANGE**, 2*s.*6*d.*
—— —— —— **SCINTILLANS**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— —— **STAMINOSUM**, semi-double flowers of a deep reddish crimson colour, spotted with black. This is the variety usually sold as "flore pleno." 1*s.*
—— **EXCELSUM**, *vide* testaceum
—— **EXIMIUM**, *vide* longiflorum eximium
—— **GIGANTEUM** a stately growing Lily, producing noble flower stems, 4 to 8 feet high, from which depend trumpet-shaped white flowers which are streaked with violet crimson, and very fragrant. 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

LILIUM HANSONI, 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

—— **HUMBOLDTII**, a splendid species from Humboldt country, California. It is quite hardy, and produces large golden yellow flowers, which are spotted with purple. One of the best of modern introduction. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

—— **JAPONICUM COLCHESTERI**, a remarkably handsome and extremely rare Lily; only a few bulbs are in cultivation. 1½ guinea.

—— **KRAMERI**, an exceedingly elegant Lily, with large trumpet-shaped blossoms, which are 6 to 8 inches in length; colour beautiful soft rose; the lobes of the flowers gracefully recurved. 2*s.* 6*d.*, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

—— —— **CARNEUM**, a delicate blush coloured variety. 7*s.* 6*d.*

—— **LANCIFOLIUM**, *vide* speciosum

—— **LEICHTLINII**, 10*s.* 6*d.*

—— **LONGIFLORUM**, 6*d.* and 9*d.*

—— —— **EXIMIUM**, pure white; an exceedingly handsome variety; the best of the "longiflorum" section, and a Lily that should be in every collection. 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— **MARTAGON** (Turk's Cap Lily), 1*s.*

—— —— **ALBUM**, 5*s.*

—— —— **AURANTIACUM**, *vide* pyrenaicum

—— —— **COCCINEUM**, *vide* Chalcedonicum

—— —— **DALMATICUM**, a very distinct and attractive Lily, producing beautiful flowers of a rich blackish purple colour. 5*s.*

—— —— **FLORE-PLENO**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— **MAXIMOWICZII**, *vide* tigrinum jucundum

—— **MICHAUXI (CAROLINIANUM)**, flowers crimson scarlet, shaded with yellow and spotted with maroon. 5*s.*

—— **MONADELPHUM SZOVITZIANUM**, rich citron colour, spotted with black; anthers of a rich chocolate brown; flowers most deliciously fragrant; one of the best of Lilies; when established, the flower stems grow from 3 to 4 feet high, and produce as many as twenty of its attractive flowers. 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— **NEILGHERRENSE**, a magnificent Lily, by far the finest of its section. The blossoms are deliciously fragrant and of great substance. It produces flowers nearly a foot long; the kinds varying in colour from white to primrose. It is of free growth, and admirably adapted for conservatory decoration. 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **TUBIFLORUM**, a variety of *L. neilgherrense*, with very long flowers; a most desirable acquisition. 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

LILIUM OREGONENSE, 5*s.*

—— **PARDALINUM (PUBERULUM)**, a very showy hardy Lily, freely producing its fine flowers, which are of a rich golden orange colour, attractively spotted with maroon purple. 2*s.* 6*d.*, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

—— **PARDINUM**, *vide* Wilsoni

—— **PARRYI** (new), 1 guinea

—— **PARVUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

—— **PHILADELPHICUM**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— **POMPONIUM**, an elegant species, with bright red flowers. 1*s.*

—— **PUBERULUM**, *vide* pardalinum

—— **PULCHELLUM**, a pretty neat growing Lily, with brilliant vermilion flowers, spotted with black. 5*s.*

—— **PURPUREUM**, this is a beautiful and distinct Californian Lily. It produces very fragrant flowers; the petals on opening are of a light colour, changing to a delicate purple, densely spotted. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

—— **PYRENAICUM**, 1*s.*

—— **ROSEUM**, *vide* Thomsonianum

—— **SINICUM**, *vide* concolor

—— **SPECIOSUM (LANCIFOLIUM) ALBUM**, 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— —— —— **CORYMBIFLORUM**, this gives fine large fasciated crowns of white flowers. 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— —— **KRÆTZERI**, most exquisitely formed flowers, of snowy whiteness; a great improvement on the ordinary white variety. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

—— —— —— **MELPOMENE**, this is a variety of "speciosum" raised in America; exceedingly handsome, the sepals are deep brilliant carmine crimson, dotted all over with blood purple spots, the edge of every petal bordered with white. 10*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— —— **PUNCTATUM**, 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— —— **PURPURATUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

—— —— —— **ROSEUM**, 1*s.*

—— —— —— **RUBRUM**, 1*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— —— —— **CORYMBIFLORUM**, 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— —— —— **SUPERBUM**, 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— **SUPERBUM**, bright orange yellow, more or less tipped with crimson, and spotted with maroon; one of the most handsome of Lilies. 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **PYRAMIDALE**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— **SZOVITZIANUM**, *vide* monadelphum Szovitzianum

—— **TENUIFOLIUM**, bright scarlet, of neat growth; a charming Lily. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

—— **TESTACEUM (EXCELSUM)**, nankeen coloured flowers. 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*

LILIUM THOMSONIANUM (ROSEUM), a scarce Afghanistan species; colour rose, flushed with violet. 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— **THUNBERGIANUM**, *vide* elegans

—— **TIGRINUM**, 6*d.*

—— —— **FLORE PLENO**, this attractive variety produces beautiful double flowers, of a bright orange scarlet colour; the segments are thickly studded with dark brown spots, except at the tips, which are recurved. 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **FORTUNEI MAJUS**, a gigantic form; immense heads of bright scarlet flowers; a beautiful variety. 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **JUCUNDUM (MAXIMOWICZII)**, light cinnabar red colour, marked in the lower half of the segments with scattered black dots. 5*s.*

LILIUM TIGRINUM SPLENDENS (LEOPOLDII), bright orange scarlet, with large dark spots; exceedingly attractive; this and the double-flowered variety are the most handsome of the *tigrinum* section. 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— **WALLICHIANUM**, this is an extremely handsome species; the flowers are very large, deliciously fragrant, and of a delicate creamy white colour. 10*s.* 6*d.*

—— **WASHINGTONIANUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

—— **WILSONI (PARDINUM)**, a handsome and rare variety; colour orange with yellow band, attractively spotted with crimson. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

Good and varied selections of Lilies made at 18s., 30s. and 42s. per dozen.

LIMONIA TRIFOLIATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*

LIRIODENDRON TULIPIFERA VARIEGATA, 5*s.*

LYCORIS SEWERZOWI, 5*s.*

MAGNOLIA CAMPBELLII, 1 and 2 guineas

—— of sorts, 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

MALUS FLORIBUNDA, 1*s.* 6*d.*

MAXIMOWICZIA CHINENSIS, 5*s.*

OPHIOPOGON JABURAN AUREO-VARIEGATUS, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

—— **SPICATUS ARGENTEO-MARGINATUS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

PASSIFLORA CŒRULEA, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

PHLOXES (HERBACEOUS).

Selections of good and choice kinds at 12*s.*, 18*s.* and 30*s.* per dozen.

PHELLODENDRON AMURENSE, "The Cork Tree of the Amoor," 3*s.* 6*d.*

PIERIS OVALIFOLIA DENSIFLORA, *vide* page 6.

PIPER FUTOKADSURA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

PLATYCRATER ARGUTA PUMILA, 10*s.* 6*d.*

PLANERA JAPONICA, 3*s.* 6*d.*

POLYCARPA MAXIMOWICZII, *vide* Idesia polycarpa.

POLYGONUM FILIFORME VARIEGATUM, 2*s.* 6*d.*

POLYGONUM SACHALINENSE.

A free-growing perennial herbaceous plant, producing stout erect branched stems, furnished with ovate oblong leaves, 6 to 8 inches long, cordate at the base, having red footstalks, and traversed by a red midrib. The flowers grow in small compound racemes. It will form a distinct plant for the herbaceous border, and coming from the Amoor country is perfectly hardy. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

POTENTILLA, handsome double-flowered, kinds, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

PRIMULA AMŒNA, *vide* P. Sieboldii.

—— **CARNIOLICA**, 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— **CASHMERIANA**, 1*s.*

—— **CORTUSOIDES ALBA**, 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **HYBRIDA**, 1*s.* 6*d.*

—— **DENTICULATA**, 1*s.*

—— **INTERMEDIA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **HEROINE**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **IONA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **MINSTREL**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **SCEPTRE**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **SERAPH**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **THEMIS**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— **JAPONICA**, 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— of sorts, 3*s.* 6*d.*

PRIMULA SIEBOLDII, 1*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **ALBA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— —— **LILACINA FIMBRIATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **BEAUTÉ**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **CLARKIÆFLORA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **CŒRULEA ALBA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **FIMBRIATA OCULATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **GAÎTE**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **HERMIA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **JOYAU**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **LACINIATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— —— **PERFECTA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— —— **ROSEA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **LAVATERA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **LILACINA MARGINATA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

—— —— **OPHELIA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

PRIMULA SIEBOLDII PINK BEAUTY, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **PURPUREA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **VENUS**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **VINCÆFLORA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **VIOLACEA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **VIRGINAL**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PRIMULA VISCOSA, 1*s.*
PRUNUS DOMESTICA FOLIIS VARIEGATIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SINENSIS ALBO-PLENA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **RUBRO-PLENA**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **TRILOBA**, 2*s.* 6*d.*

PTEROSTYRAX HISPIDUM.

The leaves of this hardy shrub are as large as those of a deciduous Magnolia ; it gives in spring large bunches of white flowers. 3*s.* 6*d.*

RHEUM OFFICINALE.

Very much interest attaches to this plant, as being the ascertained source whence is derived the true Turkey Rhubarb. *R. officinale*, which inhabits and is cultivated in Thibet and Western China, is a very distinct and well marked plant, of ornamental character. It is a perennial producing shallowly three-lobed to seven-lobed leaves, and flowering stems 4 feet to 10 feet high, branching in a paniculate manner, the branches spreading and so densely packed with the greenish flowers as to appear spiciform. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

RHEUM PALMATUM TANGHUTICUM.

A stately robust-habited perennial, which shares with *R. officinale* the reputation of furnishing the Turkish Rhubarb. Indeed this is held by Dr. Regel, who has been instrumental in sending it to this country, to be the true officinal Rhubarb. The radical leaves are deeply palmatifid, the lobes being acuminate and incised. The flowering stems are tall, terminating in a narrow panicle of pale green flowers, the branches of which are erect, and much less densely packed than those of *R. officinale*. Irrespective of the interest attaching to these plants as yielding officinal drugs, they are stately objects amongst the larger herbaceous perennials. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

RHODODENDRON CAUCASICUM FLAVIDUM, 7*s.* 6*d.*
RHODODENDRONS, choice hybrids, of sorts, to name, 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
RIBES ALPINUM PUMILUM AUREUM, 5*s.*

RHUS GLABRA LACINIATA.

A dwarf hardy deciduous shrub, with deeply cut feathery foliage, which changes to rich deep crimson and brown in autumn. 1*s.* and 1*s.* 6*d.*

ROSA BRUNONII.

This Nepal species belongs to the group of Musk Roses, and is of climbing habit. The leaves consist of from five to seven lanceolate leaflets. Its flowers are pure white and are produced in corymbose bunches. 7*s.* 6*d.*

ROSA RUGOSA (REGELIANA).

This attractive plant has been introduced from Japan. It is of neat compact bushy growth ; the foliage is of a bright green above, whitish and slightly tomentose underneath. The flowers, which are freely produced in large terminal clusters, are about 3 inches in diameter, and are composed of five petals, which are of a most beautiful bright rosy crimson colour. The flowers are succeeded by berries, which are of a large size, and of a rich rosy red colour, and are a great addition to the ornamental character of the plant, rendering it exceedingly effective. 5*s.*

ROSES, *vide* page 68.
RUBUS DELICIOSUS, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ALBO-PLENA**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ROSEO-PLENA**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PHŒNICOLASIUS**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
RUBUS ROSÆFOLIUS, 5*s.*
SALIX BABYLONICA MASCULA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **PENTANDRA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
SAUROMATUM, *vide* Arisæma.

SAXIFRAGA PELTATA.

This remarkable and attractive plant has been introduced from the River Sacramento, in California. It is of robust growth, producing immense roundly lobed dark green leaves about 15 to 18 inches in diameter. The flowers, which are of a beautiful rose colour, are most abundantly borne on a tall erect spike upwards of a foot in height. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SEDUM MAXIMOWICZII, 1*s.* 6*d.*
SIBTHORPIA EUROPÆA VARIEGATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
SKIMMIA OBLATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
SPIRÆA BARBATA, *vide* Astilbe barbata.
—— **PALMATA**, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

SPIRÆA PALMATA ELEGANS.

A very distinct and pretty variety, in habit and foliage similar to *Spiræa palmata*, but with white flowers and conspicuous red stamens, which render it extremely effective. 3*s.* 6*d.*

STAPHYLEA COLCHICA.

A hardy, vigorous-growing, deciduous shrub, furnished with opposite imparipinnate leaves, and producing in profusion terminal panicles of pure white flowers. It is an extremely useful ornamental plant, and well adapted for early forcing. 5*s.*

STYRAX JAPONICA, 3*s.* 6*d.*

SYRINGA HYACINTHIFLORA PLENA.

This attractive variety was raised from a cross between *S. obtusa* and *S. azurea plena*; it produces fine large thyrses of blossom nearly 6 inches long and nearly 4 inches wide; the flowers are imbricated, double, well formed, of a pretty rosy lilac colour, and the buds are red. 10*s.* 6*d.*

THUJOPSIS DOLABRATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
TIGRIDIA CONCHIFLORA, 3*s.* per dozen.
—— **GRANDIFLORA**, 4*s.* per dozen.
TRICYRTIS HIRTA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
TRICYRTIS HIRTA FLORE-NIGRO, 1*s.* 6*d.*
TRITOMA UVARIA GRANDIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
TROPÆOLUM TUBEROSUM, 1*s.*

TULIPA STELLATA.

A distinct species from the Himalayas. In colour it appears to be variable, the flowers of some of the varieties being white, others white and pink; the petals are lanceolate, slightly concave, obtuse, the three outer ones larger than the rest, and bright yellow at the base within. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ULMUS MEDIO-VARIEGATA ARGENTEA, 1*s.* 6*d.*

VERONICAS.

Where the climate is mild these make handsome decorative shrubs for the open border, and produce freely an abundance of showy flowers. They are well adapted for training against low walls or trellises, *vide* page 60.

VIBURNUM SIEBOLDII.

A bold and effective evergreen shrub, with dark brown warted branches, and opposite dark green flat leaves, which are thick, coriaceous, and laurel-like in character. The leaf stalks are about an inch long, the blades broadly oblong oval, entire in the lower half, and obscurely and bluntly serrated towards the apex. It is a native of Japan, and has sometimes been called *V. Awafurka*, which is probably its vernacular name. 7*s.* 6*d.*

VITIS HETEROPHYLLA VARIEGATA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **JAPONICA,** *vide* Ampelopsis tricuspidata
VITIS STRIATA, 5*s.*
—— **VINIFERA PURPUREA,** 7*s.* 6*d.*

WEIGELA ABEL CARRIÈRE.

An exceedingly handsome variety, producing in great abundance fine large flowers of a rich rosy crimson colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

WEIGELA AMABILIS LOOYMANSII AUREA.

An extremely attractive variety, with golden leaves and rose coloured flowers; it is very free flowering and effective. 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

WEIGELA AMABILIS VARIEGATA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
WEIGELA AUG. WILHELM, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **BÉRANGER,** 7*s.* 6*d.*

WEIGELA CANDIDA.

An extremely distinct variety, of vigorous habit and very free-blooming, producing fine large pure white flowers. 5*s.*

WEIGELA DOCTEUR BAILLON, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **EDOUARD ANDRÈ,** 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ÉMILE GALLÉ,** 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GLOIRE DES BOSQUETS,** 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **HENDERSONI,** 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **HYBRIDA INCARNATA,** 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LAVALLEI,** 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LEMOINEI,** 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LOWII,** 2*s.* 6*d.*
WISTARIA SINENSIS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **ALBA,** 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **FLORE PLENA,** 5*s.*
XANTHOCERAS SORBIFOLIA, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
YUCCA BACCATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **FILAMENTOSA,** 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GLORIOSA,** 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **RECURVA,** 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

ROSES.

Mr. William Bull will be happy to supply choice selections of Roses at the following Prices :—

	PER DOZEN.
NEW VARIETIES	42*s.*
SUPERIOR SELECTED STANDARDS, in fine varieties	18*s.*, 24*s.* & 30*s.*
HALF STANDARDS, in fine varieties	18*s.* & 24*s.*
DWARFS, in fine varieties	12*s.* & 18*s.*
CLIMBING, in pots, the best, selected from Noisette, Banksian, Macartney, Hybrid China, Ayrshire, Boursault, and Evergreen	12*s.* & 18*s.*
TEA-SCENTED, in pots	18*s.*, 24*s.* & 30*s.*
HYBRID PERPETUALS, finest varieties, in pots	18*s.*, 24*s.* & 30*s.*

Extra-sized plants of the best varieties of Roses, in pots, for Exhibition or Forcing at 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.* *and* 7*s.* 6*d.* *each.*

OFFICINAL AND MEDICINAL PLANTS, TROPICAL FRUITS, &c.

Mr. William Bull's collection of living economic plants contains specimens of nearly all the spices and condiments in domestic use, many of the most highly esteemed tropical esculent fruits, many of those from which furniture and other woods are obtained, the principal gums and medicinal products, the poison trees from Java, Brazil and Madagascar, at one time only heard of in tales of fiction, and plants which supply our daily beverages and food, as well as many of historical interest.

Tho individual prices of the following depend upon the size of the plants and rarity of the species, particulars of which can be furnished on application.

Selections at 3, 4, 5 and 6 guineas per dozen; or a collection for 10 guineas.

Abyssinian Banana	Musa Enseto	*Abyssinia*
African Baobab Tree	Adansonia digitata	*Africa*
African Mangostoen	Garcinia Livingstóni	*Africa*
Alligator Pear	Pérsea gratissima	*W. Indies*
Allspice	Eugénia Piménta	*W. Indies*
Arabian Coffee	Coffea arábica	*Yemen*
Arnotto Dye Plant	Bixa Orellána	*Tropical America*
Australian Banyan	Ficus macrophy'lla	*Australia*
Balsam of Peru	Myróxylon Pereira	*Peru*
Bark of Commerce	Cinchóna officinális	*Tropical America*
Betle Pepper	Piper Bètlo	*E. Indies*
Bitter Aloe	Aloe socotrina	*Island of Socotra*
Bitter Quassia	Quassia amara	*Guiana*
Black Pepper	Piper nigrum	*E. Indies*
Bottle Tree of Australia	Brachychiton Delabéchii	*Australia*
Brazil Nut	Bertholletia excelsa	*Brazil*
Bread-fruit Tree	Artocárpus incisa	*Tahiti*
Butter Tree	Bássia butyrácea	*E. Indies*
Cabbage Palm	Eutérpe edúlis	*Brazil*
Camphor	Cámphora officinális	*Japan*
Candle Tree	Parmentiera cereifera	*Panama*
Caoutchouc	Castilloa elastica	*Honduras*
Cardamon	Amómum Cardamómum	*E. Indies*
Carnauba Palm	Copernicia cerifera	*Brazil*
Cashew Nut	Anacardium occidentale	*India*
Chilian Nut	Guevina Avellana	*Chili*
Chinese Plantain Tree	Musa Cavendishii	*China*
Cinnamon Tree	Cinnamómum vérum	*Ceylon*
Clove Tree	Caryophyllus aromáticus	*E. Indies*
Coca	Erythroxylon Coca	*Peru*
Cocoa	Theobróma Cacáo	*Tropical America*
Coffee	Coffea arábica	*Yemen*
Contrayerva Root	Dorsténia Contrayérva	*S. America*
Cuba Bast	Paritium olátum	*W. Indies*
Cubeb Pepper	Piper Cubéba	*Java*
Cundurango	Gonólobus Cundurango	*S. America*
Custard Apple	Anona mucósa	*Guiana*
Date	Phœnix dactylifera	*Levant*
Edible-fruited Passion Flower	Passiflóra edúlis	*Brazil*
Edible Vanguoria	Vanguéria edúlis	*Madagascar*
Fiddle Wood	Citharéxylon quadrangulâro	*Jamaica*
Flame Tree	Brachychiton acerifolium	*New South Wales*
Fustick Wood	Maclúra tinctória	*W. Indies*
Gamboge	Xanthóchymus pictórius	*E. Indies*
Gigantic Granadilla	Passiflóra macrocárpa	*Rio Negro*
Ginger	Zingiber officinále	*E. Indies*
Granadilla	Passiflóra quadrangulâris	*W. Indies*
Guava	Psidium Cattleyánum	*Brazil*
Indian Paper Plant	Dáphne papyrácea	*Nepal*
Ipecacuanha	Cephaëlis Ipecacuánha	*Brazil*
Ivory Nut Palm	Phytolephas macrocárpa	*Peru*
Japan Cinnamon	Cinnamómum sericeum	*Japan*
Japanese Pepper	Piper Futokadsura	*Japan*
Kola Nut	Cola acuminata	*Niger*
Latanier Palm	Latânia borbónica	*Bourbon*
Lemon Grass	Cymbopógon Schœnánthus	*E. Indies*
Liberian Coffee	Coffea liberica	*Africa*
Lignum Vitæ	Guaiacum officinale	*W. Indies*
Loquat	Eriobótrya japónica	*Japan*
Mahogany Tree	Swietenia Mahágoni	*W. Indies*
Mammee Apple	Mammea americana	*W. Indies*
Mango	Mangifera indica	*E. Indies*
Mangostoen	Garcinia Mangostána	*Java*
Manilla Hemp	Musa textilis	*Philippine Isles*
Matico	Artánthe clongáta	*Peru*

Mexican Apple	Casimiroa edulis	*Mexico*
Milk Tree	Galactodéndron utile	*Caracas*
Moreton Bay Chestnut	Castanospermum australe	*Australia*
Mustard Tree of Scripture	Salvadóra pérsica	*Persia*
Naseberry Tree	Achras Sapota	*S. America*
Netted Custard Apple	Anona reticuláta	*S. America*
New Caledonian Apple	Eugonia magnifica	*New Caledonia*
Nutmeg	Myristica moschata	*E. Indies*
Oil Palm	Elais guineénsis	*Guinea*
Olive Wood	Elæodéndron austrále	*New South Wales*
Palissander Wood	Machærium firmum	*S. America*
Para Rubber	Hevea brasiliensis	*Brazil*
Patchouli Scent Plant	Pogostémon Pátchouli	*E. Indies*
Queensland Nut	Macadámia ternifólia	*Queensland*
Rhea Fibre Plant	Böhmeria nivea	*India*
Rhubarb	Rheum officinale	*China*
Rice Paper Plant	Arália papyrifera	*China*
Sarsaparilla	Smilax Sarsaparilla	*N. America*
Satin Wood	Chloroxylon Swietenia	*E. Indies*
Snake Wood	Cecropia palmata	*S. America*
Sour Sop	Anóna muricáta	*W. Indies*
Star Apple	Chrysophyllum Cainito	*W. Indies*
Sugar Cane	Sáccharum officinárum	*India*
Sugar Palm	Arenga saccharifera	*E. Indies*
Sweet Sop	Anóna squamósa	*Tropical America*
Sycamore Tree of Scripture	Ficus Sycomorus	*Egypt*
Tea	Théa Bohéa	*China*
Telegraph or Moving Plant	Desmodium gyrans	*E Indies*
Travellers' Tree	Ravenália madagascariensis	*Madagascar*
Turkey Rhubarb	Rheum tanghuticum	*Asia*
Turpentine Tree	Pistácia Terebinthus	*S. Europe*
Upas Tree	Antiaris toxicaria	*Java*
Vanilla	Vanilla aromática	*S. America*
Wax Palm	Ceroxylon andicola	*S. America.*

Purchasers of Officinal and Medicinal Plants, Tropical Fruits, &c., can have selections of living specimens made from the preceding at 3, 4, 5 and 6 guineas per dozen ; or a collection for 10 guineas. The difference in price principally depends upon the size of the plants, and the rarity of the species.

ORCHIDS.

Mr. William Bull being annually a large importer of Orchids, many of the following are offered at very low prices.

S distinguishes the stove kinds ; *I*, intermediate house ; and *C*, cool house. Those marked thus (*) are winter blooming kinds.

S ACANTHOPHIPPIUM BICOLOR	East Indies	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— STRIATUM	Assam	10*s.* 6*d.*
I ACINETA BARKERI	Mexico	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
I —— HUMBOLDTII (superba)	Colombia	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
I ACROPERA LODDIGESII	Mexico	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
C ADA AURANTIACA	Pamplona	7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* & 15*s.*
I AËRIDES AFFINE	Sylhet	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— —— ROSEUM	Sylhet	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
S —— CRASSIFOLIUM	Burmah	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— CRISPUM (Brookei)	Courtallum	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— FIELDINGII (Fox Brush)	East Indies	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*

Having imported large quantities from Assam, this, one of the most beautiful of Aërides, is offered at a low price.

C —— JAPONICUM	Japan	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— LARPENTÆ	East Indies	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— LINDLEYANUM	Coonoor	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— LOBBII	Moulmein	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— MACULOSUM	Bombay	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— NOBILE	India	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S —— ODORATUM (cornutum)	East Indies	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— —— MAJUS	East Indies	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S —— —— PURPURASCENS	East Indies	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S —— QUINQUEVULNERUM	Philippine Islands	42*s.* and 63*s.*
S —— RUBRUM	Bombay	63*s.* and 84*s.*

S AËRIDES SUAVISSIMUM	East Indies	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S —— VIRENS	Java	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S —— —— DAYANUM	East Indies	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— WARNERI	Bombay	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S ANÆCTOCHILUS DAWSONIANUS, *vide* GOODYERA.		
I —— ORNATUS	Assam	31*s.* 6*d.*
S ANGRÆCUM BILOBUM	Cape Coast Castle	42*s.* and 63*s.*
**S* —— EBURNEUM (superbum)	Madagascar	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— FALCATUM	Japan	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S —— PERTUSUM	West Coast of Africa	15*s.* and 21*s.*
**S* —— SESQUIPEDALE	Madagascar	84*s.* and 105*s.*
**S* —— VIRENS (Brongniartianum)	Madagascar	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C ANGULOA CLOWESII	Colombia	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— EBURNEA	Peru	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— UNIFLORA	Colombia	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**S* ANSELLIA AFRICANA	Sierra Leone	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I ARPOPHYLLUM GIGANTEUM	Mexico	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— SPICATUM	Mexico	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I ARUNDINA BAMBUSÆFOLIA	Assam	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*

This has been imported from Assam. It gives pretty *Lælia*-like flowers of a light rose colour, with rich violet purple labellum.

C BARKERIA ELEGANS	Mexico	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**C* —— SKINNERI	Guatemala	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— SPECTABILIS	Mexico	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I BATEMANNIA BURTII	South America	105*s.*
I —— WALLISII	South America	105*s.*
I BIFRENARIA AURANTIACA	Brazil	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C BLETIA HYACINTHINA	China	10*s.* 6*d.*
S —— SHERRATTIANA	Colombia	31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— TANKERVILLÆ, *vide* PHAIUS GRANDIFOLIUS.		
I BOLLEA BACKHOUSIANA	Colombia	84*s.* and 105*s.*
I —— CŒLESTIS	Colombia	42*s.*, 63*s.* and 84*s.*

A distinct and remarkable Orchid from Colombia, producing large and beautiful flowers, the sepals and petals of which are of a purplish blue tint, darkest over the middle, the other parts lighter and the tips white ; the boat-shaped column is of a beautiful blue colour.

I —— LALINDEI	Colombia	63*s.* and 84*s.*
I —— PATINII	Colombia	63*s.* and 84*s.*
S BRASAVOLA DIGBYANA	Honduras	7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* & 15*s.*
C —— GLAUCA	Mexico	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— NODOSA	South America	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I BRASSIA BRACHIATA	Guatemala	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— CAUDATA	South America	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— CINNABARINA	Colombia	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— GIREOUDIANA	Costa Rica	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S —— MACULATA	West Indies	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— VERRUCOSA	Guatemala	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
S BROUGHTONIA SANGUINEA	Jamaica	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
S BULBOPHYLLUM BECCARII	Borneo	63*s.*, 84*s.* and 105*s.*

This remarkable and gorgeous species has been introduced from Borneo, and is unquestionably one of the most extraordinary Orchids of recent introduction. It has grand broadly ovate leaves, something like 18 inches long by 12 inches broad, and as "thick as a board." The flowers, which appear in dense racemes, are of a light brownish colour, painted with violet, and have a rich violet-coloured labellum.

I BURLINGTONIA CANDIDA	Demerara	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— FRAGRANS	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— VENUSTA	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I CALANTHE DOMINII	Hybrid	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— MASUCA	Nepal, Sikkim	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— SIEBOLDII	Japan	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

*I	CALANTHE VEITCHII	Hybrid	10s. 6d. and 15s.
I	—— VERATRIFOLIA	East Indies	21s. and 31s. 6d.
*I	—— VESTITA LUTEO-OCULATA	Tavoy, Java	5s., 7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d.
*I	—— —— NIVALIS	Tavoy, Java	21s. and 31s. 6d.
*I	—— —— RUBRO-OCULATA	Tavoy, Java	5s., 7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d.
*I	—— —— TURNERI	India	21s. and 31s. 6d.
S	CAMAROTIS PURPUREA	Sylhet	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I	CATASETUM GNOMUS	Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I	—— MACROGLOSSUM	Mexico	10s. 6d.
I	—— MACULATUM	Mexico	10s. 6d.
I	CATTLEYA ACLANDIÆ	Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I	—— AMABILIS	Colombia	31s. 6d. and 42s.
I	—— AMETHYSTINA	Brazil	15s. and 21s.
I	—— BASSETTII, *vide* C. SPECIOSISSIMA.		
I	—— BOGOTENSIS	Colombia	31s. 6d. and 42s.
I	—— BOOTHIANA, *vide* C. LOBATA.		
C	—— CITRINA	Oaxaca	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
I	—— (LÆLIA) CRISPA	Brazil	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
I	—— —— SUPERBA	Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
S	—— DOWIANA	Costa Rica	42s., 63s. and 84s.
*I	—— ELDORADO SPLENDENS	Rio Negro	63s. and 84s.
I	—— ELEGANS, *vide* LÆLIA ELEGANS.		
I	—— FORBESII	Brazil	10s. 6d. and 15s.
I	—— GIGAS	South America	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
I	—— GRANDIS, *vide* LÆLIA GRANDIS.		
I	—— GUTTATA	Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I	—— HARRISONIÆ	Brazil	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
I	—— INTERMEDIA	Brazil	15s. and 21s.
I	—— LABIATA	Brazil	63s. and 84s.
I	—— LEOPOLDII	Brazil	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
I	—— LOBATA (C. Boothiana, Lælia Boothiana, Lælia lobata	Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I	—— LODDIGESII	Brazil	15s. and 21s.
I	—— MARGINATA, *vide* LÆLIA MARGINATA.		
I	—— MAXIMA (Quindos)	Ecuador, Popayan	15s. and 21s.
I	—— —— SUPERBA	Ecuador, Popayan	31s. 6d.
I	—— MENDELII	South America	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
I	—— MOSSIÆ	La Guayra	5s., 7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d.
I	—— —— AURANTIACA	La Guayra	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
I	—— —— GRANDIFLORA	La Guayra	42s. and 63s.
I	—— —— SUPERBA	La Guayra	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
I	—— PERRINII, *vide* LÆLIA PERRINII.		
I	—— PINELII, *vide* LÆLIA PINELII.		
*I	—— QUADRICOLOR	Colombia	31s. 6d. and 42s.
I	—— SCHILLERIANA REGNELLI	Brazil	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
C	—— SKINNERI	Mexico	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I	—— SPECIOSISSIMA (Bassettii, Lemoniana, Luddemanniana)	Caraccas	21s. and 31s. 6d.
S	—— SUPERBA	Essequibo	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
*I	—— TRIANÆ	Colombia	15s. and 21s. to 42s.
*I	—— —— ALBA	Colombia	63s.
*I	—— —— ATALANTA	Colombia	42s. and 63s.
*I	—— —— GRANDIS	Colombia	42s. and 63s.
*I	—— —— SPLENDENS	Colombia	42s. and 63s.
*I	—— —— TYRIANTHINA	Colombia	31s. 6d. and 42s.
I	—— WARNERI	Brazil	31s. 6d. and 42s.
*C	—— WARSEWICZII	Colombia	31s. 6d. and 42s.
*C	—— —— DELICATA	Colombia	31s. 6d. and 42s.
I	—— XANTHINA	South America	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
I	CHYSIS AUREA	Mexico	31s. 6d., 42s. and 63s
I	—— BRACTESCENS	Peru	21s. and 31s. 6d.

I **CHYSIS LÆVIS**	Mexico	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— **LIMMINGHEI**	Mexico	42*s.* and 63*s.*
S **CIRRHÆA TRISTIS**	East Indies	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S **CIRRHOPETALUM THOUARSII**	Manilla	42*s.*
S **CŒLOGYNE ASPERATA** (Lowii)	Borneo	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*

CYMBIDIUM EBURNEUM. For description and price, *vide* page 74.

I CŒLOGYNE BARBATA ..... Assam ..... 15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*

One of the most handsome of the Cœlogynes, giving snow white flowers in the way of *C. cristata* but with erect spikes and the flowers not wavy ; the lip has a brown middle lobe, bordered with ciliate fringes.

I —— CORRUGATA ..... Khasya ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— CORYMBOSA ..... Assam ..... 15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**I* —— CRISTATA ..... Nepal, Sylhet ..... 15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**I* —— FLACCIDA ..... Assam ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— GLANDULOSA ..... East Indies ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— OCELLATA ..... Assam ..... 15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S —— PANDURATA ..... Borneo ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— SPECIOSA ..... Java ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I COLAX JUGOSUS ..... Brazil ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
S CORYANTHES MACRANTHA ..... Caraccas ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I CYMBIDIUM ALOIFOLIUM ..... East Indies ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— EBURNEUM ..... East Indies ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*

The ivory white, large and attractive flowers of this handsome species are always charming, and being deliciously fragrant, it is a universal favourite. For illustration, *vide* page 73.

**I* —— GIGANTEUM ..... Assam ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— HOOKERIANUM ..... Sikkim, Himalaya ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— LOWIANUM ..... Burmah ..... 42*s.*, 63*s.* and 84*s.*

A remarkably handsome species, producing long spikes of large and beautiful flowers ; the sepals and petals of which are of a pale greenish hue, with a few sepia-brown lines over the strongest nerves ; the lip yellowish with the terminal segment of a rich crimson maroon colour.

I —— MASTERSII ..... East Indies ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I CYPRIPEDIUM ARGUS ..... East Indies ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— ASHBURTONIÆ ..... Hybrid ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— BARBATUM ..... Mount Ophir ..... 5*s.*
I —— —— BIFLORUM ..... Mount Ophir ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— —— CROSSII ..... Mount Ophir ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— —— GRANDIFLORUM ..... Java ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— —— —— SUPERBUM ..... Java ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— —— MULTIFLORUM ..... Mount Ophir ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— —— NIGRUM ..... Mount Ophir ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— —— PICTUM ..... Mount Ophir ..... 15*s.*
I —— —— PURPUREUM ..... Mount Ophir ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— —— SUPERBUM ..... Mount Ophir ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— BOXALLII ..... Burmah ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*

An attractive species, in growth similar to *C. villosum*, but the flowers are of a darker shade of colour, and the dorsal sepal is richly spotted with purplish brown.

I —— BULLENIANUM ..... Borneo ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— CARICINUM, *vide* C. PEARCEI.
I —— CAUDATUM ..... Panama ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— —— ROSEUM ..... Panama ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— CONCOLOR ..... Moulmein ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— CROSSIANUM ..... Hybrid ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— DAYANUM ..... Borneo ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— DOMINIANUM ..... Hybrid ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— HARRISIANUM ..... Hybrid ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S —— HAYNALDIANUM ..... East Indies ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— HIRTSUTISSIMUM ..... Assam ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S —— HOOKERÆ ..... Borneo ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**C* —— INSIGNE ..... Nepal ..... 5*s.*
**C* —— —— MAULEI ..... Nepal ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
**C* —— —— PUNCTATUM ..... Nepal ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— JAVANICUM ..... Java ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— LAWRENCEANUM ..... Borneo ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— LONGIFOLIUM ..... Costa Rica ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
S —— LOWII ..... Borneo ..... 31*s.* 6*d.*, 42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— NIVEUM ..... East Indies ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— PARISHII ..... East Indies ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*

I CYPRIPEDIUM PEARCEI (caricinum) ... Peru ... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— PURPURATUM ... Hong Kong ... 63*s.* and 84*s.*
I —— ROEZLII ... South America ... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— SEDENI ... Hybrid ... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S —— STONEI ... Borneo ... 21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— SUPERBIENS (Veitchii) ... Java ... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— VENUSTUM ... Nepal ... 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
C —— —— PARDINUM ... Assam ... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
I —— VILLOSUM ... Moulmein ... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I CYRTOPODIUM ANDERSONI ... Brazil ... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I DENDROBIUM ADUNCUM ... East Indies ... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— AGGREGATUM ... East Indies ... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— —— MAJUS ... East Indies ... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— AINSWORTHII ... Hybrid ... 63*s.*
I —— ALBO-SANGUINEUM ... Moulmein ... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**S* —— ALBUM ... East Indies ... 15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— AUREUM, *vide* D. HETEROCARPUM.
S —— BENSONIÆ ... Arracan Hills ... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
S —— BIGIBBUM ... Torres Straits ... 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* & 15*s.*
A large importation of this hitherto rare species has been received from Torres Straits, hence the low price at which it is offered.
S —— —— ROSEUM ... Torres Straits ... 21*s.*
S —— BOXALLII ... Burmah ... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— CALCEOLUS ... East Indies ... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— CAMBRIDGEANUM ... Chittagong ... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— CHRYSANTHUM ... Nepal ... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
**I* —— —— MICROPHTHALMUM ... Khasya Hills ... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
A new variety, imported from the Khasya Hills, producing a profusion of large and attractive flowers of a rich deep orange yellow colour, the base of the labellum marked with two pallid brown blotches in lieu of the intensely dark markings characteristic of the species ; this desirable variety produces its richly-coloured flowers in mid-winter, whereas the old *D. chrysanthum* is summer-flowering.
I —— CHRYSOTIS, *vide* D. HOOKERIANUM.
S —— CHRYSOTOXUM ... East Indies ... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— —— SUPERBUM ... East Indies ... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— OLAVATUM ... East Indies ... 15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**S* —— CRASSINODE ... Arracan & Siam Mountains 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**S* —— —— BARBERIANUM ... Arracan & Siam Mountains 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S —— CRETACEUM ... Burmah ... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
S —— CRYSTALLINUM ... Arracan Mountains ... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— DALHOUSIANUM ... East Indies ... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— DENSIFLORUM ... East Indies ... 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* & 15*s.*
I —— DEVONIANUM ... Khasya ... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
S —— EBURNEUM ... Moulmein ... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— FALCONERI ... East Indies ... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S —— FARMERI ... India ... 15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S —— —— AUREUM ... India ... 63*s.* and 84*s.*
I —— FIMBRIATUM ... Nepal ... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— —— OCULATUM ... Nepal ... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— FINDLEYANUM ... Moulmein ... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— FORMOSUM ... Rangoon and Moulmein ... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
I —— —— GIGANTEUM ... Rangoon and Moulmein ... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
**I* —— FREEMANNI ... Assam ... 21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— FUSCATUM ... Assam ... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— GIBSONI ... Tenasserim ... 21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— HETEROCARPUM (aureum) ... East Indies ... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**C* —— HILLII, *vide* D. SPECIOSUM HILLII.
I —— HOOKERIANUM (chrysotis) ... Assam and Sikkim ... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— INFUNDIBULUM ... Moulmein ... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— JAMESIANUM ... Moulmein ... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— JAPONICUM (moniliforme) ... Japan ... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
S —— JENKINSII ... Gualpara ... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*

S	**DENDROBIUM JOHANNIS**	Torres Straits	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— **LASIOGLOSSUM**	Burmah	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— **LINAWIANUM**		31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— **LITUIFLORUM**	East Indies	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— **LONGICORNE**	Khasya Hills	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— **LUTEOLUM**	Moulmein	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S	—— **MACROPHYLLUM** (macranthum)	Manilla	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S	—— —— **GIGANTEUM**	Manilla	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S	—— **McCARTHIÆ**	Ceylon	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— **MARMORATUM**	Assam	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C	—— **MONILIFORME**, *vide* **D. JAPONICUM.**		
I	—— **MOSCHATUM**	East Indies	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
**I*	—— **NOBILE**	Assam	7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* & 21*s.*
**I*	—— —— **CŒRULESCENS**	Assam	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**I*	—— —— **ELEGANS**	Assam	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**I*	—— —— **RUBELLUM**	Assam	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
**I*	—— —— **WALLICHII**	Assam	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— **NODATUM**	Moulmein	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— **PARISHII**	Moulmein	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— **PAXTONI**	Khasya	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— **PIERARDI**	Delta of Ganges	5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* & 10*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— —— **LATIFOLIUM**	Delta of Ganges	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— **PRIMULINUM**	East Indies	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— —— **GIGANTEUM**	East Indies	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— **PULCHELLUM**	Assam	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
S	—— **SAUVISSIMUM**	Burmah	31*s.* 6*d.*, 42*s.* and 63*s.*
I	—— **SECUNDUM**	East Indies	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— **SMILLIÆ**	Torres Straits	42*s.* and 63*s.*
**C*	—— **SPECIOSUM**	Australia	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
**C*	—— —— **HILLII**	Australia	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— **SULCATUM**	Assam	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— **SUPERBIENS**	Torres Straits	42*s.*, 63*s.* and 105*s.*

An importation of this magnificent species has been received from Torres Straits; its flowers are produced in fine spikes, and remain a long time in perfection; they are of a bright amethyst-purple colour. The rich hue of the flowers of this Dendrobium, together with its free-blooming character and the persistent nature of the blossoms, make it a most desirable acquisition.

S	—— **THYRSIFLORUM**	East Indies	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S	—— **TORTILE**	East Indies	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S	—— —— **ROSEUM**	East Indies	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— **TRANSPARENS**	Nepal	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S	—— **UNDULATUM FIMBRILABIUM**	Torres Straits	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**S*	—— **WARDIANUM**	Assam	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*

A remarkably handsome species, producing its magnificent flowers in great profusion; the petals and sepals are waxy white, tipped with magenta rose; the labellum is of a rich orange colour edged with white, and spotted on each side with dark crimson purple.

S	**DENDROCHILUM FILIFORME**	Manilla	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
**S*	—— **GLUMACEUM**	Philippine Islands	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C	**DISA GRANDIFLORA**	Capo of Good Hope	15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	**EPIDENDRUM AROMATICUM**	South America	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— **ATROPURPUREUM**, *vide* **E. MACROCHILUM.**		
I	—— **DICHROMUM**	Bahia	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— **ERUBESCENS**	Mexico	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— **FALCATUM** (Parkinsonianum)	Mexico	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— **FRIDERICI GUILIELMI**	South America	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— **IBAGUENSE**	Ecuador	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I	—— **MACROCHILUM** (atropurpureum)	South America	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I	—— —— **ALBUM**	South America	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I	—— **NEMORALE**	Mexico	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— **PANICULATUM**	South America	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— **PRISMATOCARPUM**	Chiriqui	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I	—— **SCEPTRUM**	Colombia	15*s.* and 21*s.*

I EPIDENDRUM TIGRINUM ..... Colombia ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— VITELLINUM ..... Mexico ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— —— MAJUS ..... Mexico ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I ERIOPSIS BILOBA ..... Colombia ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S GALEANDRA DEVONIANA ..... Guiana ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I GONGORA PORTENTOSA ..... Colombia ..... 21*s.*
S GOODYERA (ANÆCTOCHILUS) DAWSONIANA ..... East Indies ..... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
I —— DISCOLOR ..... South America ..... 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
C —— PUBESCENS ..... North America ..... 5*s.*
S GRAMMATOPHYLLUM ELLISII ..... Madagascar ..... 63*s.* and 84*s.*
C HELCIA SANGUINOLENTA ..... Andes of Guayaquil ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I HOULLETIA BROCKLEHURSTIANA ..... Brazil ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I HUNTLEYA CERINA, *vide* PESCATORIA CERINA.
S IPSEA SPECIOSA ..... Ceylon ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*

An extremely pretty terrestial Orchid, producing large bright yellow Dendrobium-like flowers; very handsome and attractive.

**C* LÆLIA ACUMINATA ..... Mexico ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**C* —— ALBIDA ..... Guatemala ..... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
**C* —— ANCEPS ..... Mexico ..... 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* & 15*s.*
**C* —— —— ALBA ..... Mexico .....

This beautiful variety produces lovely pure white flowers, with a slight marking of yellow in the centre of the labellum. It has been introduced from Mexico, where it grows in a locality upwards of 8,000 feet above the sea, so that it will succeed well with cool treatment. Its peculiar characteristic is the purity of its chaste white flowers, which equal those of a Phalænopsis, and are in contrast to the species what the white Lapageria is to the red. It almost requires to be seen to be appreciated, so captivating is its dazzling whiteness. Price on application.

**C* LÆLIA ANCEPS ROSEA ..... Mexico .....
**C* —— AUTUMNALIS ..... Mexico ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— BOOTHIANA, *vide* CATTLEYA LOBATA.
C —— CINNABARINA ..... Brazil ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— CRISPA, *vide* CATTLEYA CRISPA.
I —— DAYANA ..... Brazil ..... 15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— (CATTLEYA) ELEGANS ..... Brazil ..... 63*s.*, 84*s.*, and 105*s.*
I —— (——) GRANDIS ..... Brazil ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— LOBATA, *vide* CATTLEYA LOBATA.
C —— MAJALIS or FLOR DE MAIO ..... Oaxaca ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— (CATTLEYA) MARGINATA ..... Oaxaca ..... 15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— (——) PERRINII ..... Brazil ..... 15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— (——) PINELII (pumila) ..... Brazil ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— PURPURATA ..... Brazil ..... 15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— SCHILLERIANA ..... Brazil ..... 63*s.* and 84*s.*
I —— SUPERBIENS ..... Malacatan ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
**I* LIMATODES ROSEA ..... Moulmein ..... 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* & 15*s.*
C LYCASTE AROMATICA ..... Mexico ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— BARRINGTONÆ ..... West Indies ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— CRUENTA ..... Guatemala ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— DEPPEI ..... Mexico ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— GIGANTEA ..... South America ..... 21*s.*
I —— (MAXILLARIA) HARRISONIÆ ..... South America ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— LANIPES ..... Guayaquil ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
**C* —— SKINNERI ..... Guatemala ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*

One of the best and most abundant flowering of cool Orchids, producing freely large blossoms, which generally are white or blush shaded with rose, and the labellum spotted with crimson.

There are many varieties of this beautiful Orchid, scarcely two being alike.

They require little room, being of dwarf and compact habit; should have plenty of water whilst growing, and never be allowed to get dry.

**C* LYCASTE SKINNERI GRANDIS ..... Guatemala ..... 42*s.*
**C* —— —— MACULATA ..... Guatemala ..... 21*s.*
**C* —— —— MAGNIFICA ..... Guatemala ..... 31*s.* 6*d.*
**C* —— —— PICTA ..... Guatemala ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*

*C LYCASTE SKINNERI PURPURATA ..... Guatemala ..... 31*s.* 6*d.*
*C —— —— ROSEA ..... Guatemala ..... 21*s.*
*C —— —— RUBELLA ..... Guatemala ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
*C —— —— SPLENDENS ..... Guatemala ..... 31*s.* 6*d.*
*C —— —— SUPERBA ..... Guatemala ..... 21*s.*
C MASDEVALLIA AMABILIS ..... Colombia ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— BELLA ..... Colombia ..... 63*s.*, 84*s.* and 105*s.*

A decidedly handsome species, having large flowers of a nicely shining dark purplish brown outside and yellow inside. The odd sepal and the outer halves of the other sepals are densely blotched with dark purplish brown, which is the colour of the long tails. The interior sides of the equal sepals and the base of the odd sepal are of an ochre-yellow colour, which gives an unusual contrast.

C —— BONPLANDI ..... Colombia ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*
I —— CANDIDA, *vide* M. TOVARENSIS.
C —— CHIMERA ..... Colombia ..... 84*s.* and 105*s.*
C —— CIVILIS ..... Colombia ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— COLIBRI, *vide* M. TROCHILUS.
C —— CORIACEA ..... Colombia ..... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
C —— CORNICULATA ..... Colombia ..... 42*s.*
C —— DAVISII ..... South America ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— ESTRADÆ ..... South America ..... 21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— HARRYANA ..... Colombia ..... 21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— —— CŒRULESCENS ..... Colombia ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*

A charming variety, very free blooming; the flowers are of a violet-crimson colour shaded with bluish purple.

C —— —— SPLENDENS ..... Colombia ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
C —— IGNEA ..... Colombia ..... 21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— LILACINA ..... Colombia ..... 63*s.* and 84*s.*
C —— LINDENI ..... Colombia ..... 31*s.* 6*d.*, 42*s.* and 63*s.*
C —— MELANOPUS ..... Colombia ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— MYRIOSTIGMA ..... Colombia ..... 7*s.* 6*d.*
C —— NYCTERINA ..... Colombia ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— PERISTERIA ..... Colombia ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— POLYSTICTA ..... Colombia ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— PSITTACINA ..... Colombia ..... 42*s.*, 63*s.* and 84*s.*
C —— SHUTTLEWORTHII ..... Colombia .....
I —— TOVARENSIS (CANDIDA) ..... South America ..... 63*s.* and 84*s.*
C —— TROCHILUS (Colibri) ..... Colombia ..... 84*s.* and 105*s.*
C —— VEITCHIANA ..... Peru ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— VIOLACEA ..... Colombia ..... 63*s.* and 84*s.*
I MAXILLARIA GRANDIFLORA ..... South America ..... 21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— HARRISONIÆ, *vide* LYCASTE HARRISONIÆ.
*C —— LUTEO-ALBA ..... Colombia ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— NIGRESCENS ..... Merida ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— PICTA ..... Brazil ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— TENUIFOLIA ..... Mexico ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— TURNERI ..... South America ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— VENUSTA ..... Colombia ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C MESOSPINIDIUM SANGUINEUM ..... Ecuador ..... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
C —— VULCANICUM ..... Ecuador ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
S MICROSTYLIS CALOPHYLLA ..... South America ..... 21*s.*
I MILTONIA CANDIDA ..... Brazil ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— CLOWESII ..... Brazil ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— CUNEATA ..... Brazil ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— FLAVESCENS ..... Brazil ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— MORELIANA ..... Brazil ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— —— PURPUREA ..... Brazil ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— REGNELLII (cereola) ..... Brazil ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— SPECTABILIS ..... Brazil ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— VIRGINALIS ..... St. Catherine's ..... 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— WARSCEWICZII, *vide* ONCIDIUM WELTONI.
I MORMODES PARDINUM ..... Mexico ..... 21*s.*

I **MORMODES PARDINUM ARMENIACUM** Mexico ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— —— **UNICOLOR** ..... Mexico ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I **NANODES MEDUSÆ** ..... South America ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
C* **ODONTOGLOSSUM ALEXANDRÆ, *vide* **O. CRISPUM.**
C —— **ANDERSONIANUM** ..... Bogota ..... 105*s.* and 147*s.*
C —— **ANGUSTATUM** ..... Colombia ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C* —— **BICTONIENSE ..... Guatemala ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C* —— —— **GRANDIFLORUM ..... Guatemala ..... 31*s.* 6*d.*

ODONTOGLOSSUM CIRRHOSUM, for description and price, *vide* page 80.

*C ODONTOGLOSSUM BICTONIENSE ROSEUM Guatemala ..... 31*s.* 6*d.*
*C —— BLUNTII, *vide* O. CRISPUM.
*C —— CERVANTESII ..... Mexico ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
*C —— —— DECORUM ..... Mexico ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— CIRRHOSUM ..... Ecuador ..... 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* & 15*s.*

This superb new Odontoglossum is a much more handsome species than the still rare *O. nævium*, which it somewhat resembles in colour and character, but infinitely surpasses ; it produces fine strong branched spikes of blossom, each flower three or four inches across, white, marked and spotted in the way of *O. nævium* ; exceedingly chaste and beautiful. For illustration, *vide* page 79.

C —— —— KLABOCHORUM ..... Ecuador ..... 15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— CITROSMUM (pendulum) ..... Mexico ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— —— CARNEUM ..... Mexico ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— —— ROSEUM ..... Mexico ..... 21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
*C —— CORDATUM ..... Mexico ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— CORONARIUM ..... Colombia ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
*C —— CRISPUM ..... Colombia ..... 15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*

This plant, also known under the names of *O. Alexandræ* and *O. Bluntii*, is one of the gems of the cool Orchid house, since by a little management its charming flowers may be had all the year round. It is a plant which varies to an almost endless extent, no two of the many thousands imported being perhaps exactly alike, and very considerable differences in size, colouring or crispness in the flowers constantly presenting itself. In good typical forms the sepals and petals are white, ovate, or ovate-lanceolate, the petals being much undulated, and often fimbriately toothed. The lip is oblong-acuminate, yellow and crested towards the base, beautifully crisped at the margin, and more or less spotted towards the front with blotches of reddish brown. It has been very largely imported from Colombia, and in some of its forms is flushed with a lovely tint of rose

*C —— —— GRANDIFLORUM ..... Bogota ..... 63*s.* and 84*s.*
*C —— —— NIVALE ..... Bogota ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
*C —— —— SPECIOSUM ..... Bogota ..... 63*s.* and 84*s.*
*C —— —— SUPERBUM ..... Bogota ..... 63*s.* and 84*s.*
C —— CRISTATUM ..... Peru ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— CROCIDIPTERUM ..... S. America ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— EHRENBERGII ..... Peru ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— GLORIOSUM ..... Ocaña ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— —— SUPERBUM ..... Ocaña ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
C —— GRANDE ..... Guatemala ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— HALLII ..... Ecuador ..... 15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— —— XANTHOGLOSSUM ..... Ecuador ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— HASTILABIUM ..... Colombia ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— HYSTRIX, *vide* O. LUTEO-PURPUREUM.
*C —— INSLEAYI ..... Mexico ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— —— LEOPARDINUM ..... Mexico ..... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
I —— KARWINSKII ..... S. America ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— LINDENI ..... Colombia ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— LINDLEYANUM SPECIOSUM ..... Colombia ..... 21*s.*
I —— LONDESBOROUGHIANUM ..... Mexico ..... 21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— LUTEO-PURPUREUM (hystrix) ..... Colombia ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
*C —— MACULATUM ..... Mexico ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
*C —— —— SUPERBUM ..... Mexico ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— MADRENSE ..... Mexico ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— MEMBRANACEUM ..... Mexico ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— MINIATUM ..... Colombia ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— NÆVIUM ..... Ocaña ..... 63*s.* and 84*s.*
C —— NEBULOSUM ..... Mexico ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— —— CANDIDUM ..... Mexico ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— —— PARDIDUM ..... Mexico ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
C —— ODORATUM ..... Colombia ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— PARDINUM ..... S. America ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
C —— PENDULUM, *vide* O. CITROSMUM.
C —— PESCATOREI ..... Colombia ..... 21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— —— GRANDIFLORUM ..... Colombia ..... 63*s.* and 84*s.*
C —— —— NIVALE ..... Colombia ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*

C ODONTOGLOSSUM PESCATOREI SPLENDENS ..... } Colombia ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*

ODONTOGLOSSUM PHALÆNOPSIS.

I ODONTOGLOSSUM PHALÆNOPSIS ..... } Ocaña ..... 31*s.* 6*d.*, 42*s.* and 63*s.*

C —— PRETIOSUM, *vide* O. SCHLEIPERIANUM.

**C* —— PULCHELLUM ..... Mexico ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*

**C* —— —— GRANDIFLORUM ..... Mexico ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*

C —— RAMOSISSIMUM ..... Colombia ..... 63*s.* and 84*s.*

C —— RAMULOSUM ..... Ocaña ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*

I **ODONTOGLOSSUM ROEZLII** ..... Colombia..... 21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*

A strikingly beautiful Colombian epiphytal Orchid, allied to *O. vexillarium* and *O. Phalænopsis*. It has oblong compressed pseudobulbs, and linear-ligulate leaves, the peduncles supporting several large flowers, which have oblong-ligulate sepals, similar but rather wider petals, and a broad cuneate-flabellate bilobed lip. The colour is pure white, the base of the petals being purple, and the base of the lip furnished with yellow crests and rich brown streaks. It is a free-flowering plant which no collection should be without.

I —— —— **ALBUM**..... Colombia..... 21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— **ROSEUM** ..... Mexico..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C* —— **ROSSII ..... Mexico..... 7*s.* 6*d.*, and 10*s.* 6*d.*
C* —— —— **MAJUS ..... Mexico..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— **SCEPTRUM** ..... Colombia..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
C —— **SCHLEIPERIANUM (pretiosum)**..... Costa Rica ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— **TRIUMPHANS** ..... Ocaña ..... 15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— **UROSKINNERI** ..... Guatemala ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— **VEXILLARIUM**..... Colombia..... 31*s.* 6*d.*, 42*s.* and 63*s.*

This magnificent Orchid produces the largest and most beautiful flowers of the whole genus. The plant is exceedingly free-flowering, often giving spikes with from 4 to 8 of its charming flowers, which are of a lovely rose colour. For illustration, *vide* page 83.

I —— —— **ROSEUM** ..... Colombia..... 84*s.* and 105*s.*
C **ONCIDIUM ÆMULUM**, *vide* **O. SUPERBIENS.**
S —— **ALTISSIMUM**..... West Indies..... 10*s.* 6*d.* to 31*s.* 6*d.*
S —— **AMPLIATUM** ..... Panama ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— —— **MAJUS** ..... Panama ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— **AURIFERUM** ..... Colombia..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— **AUROSUM** ..... Ecuador ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— **BALDERRAMÆ**..... Colombia..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— **BARBATUM**..... Brazil ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C* —— **BARKERI, *vide* **O. TIGRINUM.**
I —— **BATEMANNI** ..... Brazil ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— **BICALLOSUM**..... Guatemala ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— **BIFOLIUM** ..... Monte Video ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— **CAVENDISHIANUM** ..... Guatemala ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— **CHEIROPHORUM**..... Ecuador ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— **CONCOLOR** ..... Brazil ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— **CORNIGERUM** ..... Brazil ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— **CRISPUM** ..... Brazil ..... 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* & 15*s.*
I —— —— **GRANDIFLORUM** ..... Brazil ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— —— **MAGNIFICUM** ..... Brazil ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— —— **SPLENDENS** ..... Brazil ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— —— **SUPERBUM** ..... Brazil ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— **CRUENTUM (pelicanum)** ..... Mexico..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— **CUCULLATUM** ..... Ocaña ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— —— **MACULOSUM** ..... Ecuador ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— **DASYTYLE** ..... Brazil ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— **DIADEMA**, *vide* **O. SERRATUM.**
C —— **DIVARICATUM**..... Brazil ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— **FLEXUOSUM** ..... Brazil ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— **FORBESII**..... Brazil ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— **FUSCATUM**..... Colombia ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— **GLOBULIFERUM**..... Colombia ..... 105*s.*
C —— **HASTATUM**..... Mexico..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— **INCURVUM**..... Oaxaca..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
S* —— **KRAMERIANUM ..... Colombia..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— **LANCEANUM**..... Surinam ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C* —— **LEUCOCHILUM..... Mexico..... 15*s.*, 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C* —— —— **SPLENDENS ..... Mexico..... 42*s.*
S —— **LURIDUM** ..... Tropical America ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*

ODONTOGLOSSUM VEXILLARIUM, for description and price, *vide* page 82.

C ONCIDIUM MACRANTHUM..... Ecuador ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*

A splendid species producing immense spikes of large showy flowers ; the sepals and petals of a rich yellow colour tinted with bronze ; the lip yellow blotched with purplish crimson ; one of the most handsome of the Oncidiums.

C ONCIDIUM MACRANTHUM HASTIFERUM ..... Ecuador ..... 63*s.* and 84*s.*

A magnificent variety, producing from thirty to forty flowers, each 3 to 4 inches across, on a spike 6 to 9 feet long. The sepals are pale olive yellow, the petals bright yellow, with a dagger-shaped crimson lip.

I —— MARSHALLIANUM ..... Brazil ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*

This attractive species produces fine branched spikes of large flowers of a rich golden yellow colour spotted with brown.

C —— OBRYZATUM ..... Colombia ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**C*—— ORNITHORRHYNCHUM ..... Guatemala ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— PAPILIO ..... Panama ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
S —— —— MAJUS ..... Panama ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— PELICANUM, *vide* O. CRUENTUM.
I —— PHILIPSIANUM ..... South America ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— PHYMATOCHILUM ..... Brazil ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— PRÆTEXTUM ..... Brazil ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— PUBES ..... Brazil ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— PULVINATUM ..... Brazil ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— REFLEXUM ..... Mexico ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— REICHENBACHII ..... Colombia ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— ROEZLIANUM ..... Colombia ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— SARCODES ..... Brazil ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— SERRATUM (Diadema) ..... Peru ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I —— SESSILE ..... Santa Martha ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— SPHACELATUM ..... Mexico ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— STELLIGERUM ..... Mexico ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
S —— STIPITATUM PLATYONYX ..... Central America ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— SUPERBIENS (æmulum) ..... Colombia ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— TETRACOPIS ..... Colombia ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
**C*—— TIGRINUM (Barkeri) ..... Mechoacan ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— TRILINGUE ..... Colombia ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— UNGUICULATUM ..... Mexico ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— VARICOSUM ..... Brazil ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— —— ROGERSI ..... Brazil ..... 63*s.* and 84*s.*
I —— WELTONI (Miltonia Warecewiczii) ... Colombia ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*

This rare and very beautiful Orchid throws out numerous flower stalks at all seasons, each spike with from 12 to 20 and even 30 flowers, the whole plant seldom exceeding 12 inches high.

I —— WENTWORTHIANUM ..... Guatemala ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— ZEBRINUM ..... Colombia ..... 21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
I PALUMBINA CANDIDA ..... Mexico ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
S PERISTERIA ELATA (The Dove Flower)... Panama ..... 15*s.* and 21*s.*

The *Espiritu Santo* (*Holy Ghost Flower*) of the Spaniards. The centre of each blossom bears a striking resemblance to a waxen dove, hence its name.

I PESCATORIA (Huntleya) CERINA ..... South America ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— (——) —— GRANDIFLORA ..... South America .... 84*s.* and 105*s.*
I —— DAYANA ..... Colombia ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— —— CANDIDULA ..... Colombia ..... 63*s.* and 84*s.*
I —— —— SPLENDENS ..... Colombia ..... 63*s.* and 84*s.*
I —— EBURNEA ..... Colombia ..... 84*s.*
I —— LAMELLOSA ..... Colombia ..... 63*s.*
I —— ROEZLII ..... Ecuador ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— WALLISII (fimbriata) ..... Ecuador ..... 84*s.* and 105*s.*
I PHAIUS ALBUS, *vide* THUNIA ALBA.
S —— BENSONIÆ, *vide* THUNIA BENSONIÆ.
I —— GRANDIFOLIUS (Bletia Tankervillæ) Hong Kong ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— MACULATUS (Woodfordii) ..... East Indies ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— WALLICHII ..... Sylhet ..... 31*s.* 6*d.*
S PHALÆNOPSIS AMABILIS ..... Sunda Isles ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
S —— GRANDIFLORA ..... Borneo ..... 42*s.* and 63*s.*
S —— —— AUREA ..... Tambelan Islands ..... 42*s.*, 63*s.* and 84*s.*
S —— LUDDEMANNIANA ..... Philippine Islands ..... 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*

S PHALÆNOPSIS ROSEA (equestris)	Manilla	42*s.* and 63*s.*
**S* —— SCHILLERIANA	Manilla	42*s.*, 63*s.* and 84*s.*
I PILUMNA (Trichopilia) FRAGRANS	Merida	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— NOBILIS	South America	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
**C* PLEIONE HUMILIS	East Indies	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**C* —— LAGENARIA	Khasya	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
**C* —— MACULATA	Assam, Khasya	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— PRÆCOX	Assam	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C —— TRICOLOR	Assam	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
**C* —— WALLICHIANA	Arracan Mountains	10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 21*s.*
S POGONIA DISCOLOR	Java	21*s.*
S RENANTHERA COCCINEA	Cochin China	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C RESTREPIA ANTENNIFERA	Colombia	42*s.* and 63*s.*
S RODRIGUEZIA SECUNDA	Tropical South America	10*s.* 6*d.*
S SACCOLABIUM AMPULLACEUM	Rangoon	5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
S —— BLUMEI	East Indies	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— —— DAYI	East Indies	15*s.* and 21*s.*
S —— —— MAJUS	East Indies	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
S —— —— SPLENDENS	East Indies	31*s.* 6*d.*, 42*s.* and 63*s.*
S —— CURVIFOLIUM	Nepal, Ceylon	15*s.* and 21*s.*
**S* —— GIGANTEUM (Vanda densiflora)	East Indies	31*s.* 6*d.*, 42*s.* and 63*s.*
S —— GUTTATUM	East Indies	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S —— —— GIGANTEUM	Ceylon	63*s.*
S —— —— HOLFORDII	East Indies	84*s.* and 105*s.*
S —— —— SPLENDENS	Ceylon	63*s.*
S —— HARRISONI	Pulo, Copang	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S —— PRÆMORSUM	Java	42*s.* and 63*s.*
S —— RETUSUM	Java	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
S —— RHEEDII	East Indies	42*s.* and 63*s.*
S —— VIOLACEUM	Manilla	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I SCHOMBURGKIA CRISPA	Guiana	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— UNDULATA	La Guayra	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I SCUTICARIA HADWENII	Brazil	31*s.* 6*d.*
SELENIPEDIUM, *vide* CYPRIPEDIUM.		
I SOBRALIA MACRANTHA	Guatemala	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
I —— —— SPLENDENS	Guatemala	42*s.* and 63*s.*
C SOPHRONITES CERNUA	Rio do Janeiro	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— GRANDIFLORA	Organ Mountains	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— —— AURANTIACA	Organ Mountains	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— —— COCCINEA	Organ Mountains	21*s.*, 31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C —— VIOLACEA	Brazil	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
C STANHOPEA DEVONIENSIS	Mexico	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— GRANDIFLORA	Brazil	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— INSIGNIS	Brazil	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— MARTIANA	Mexico	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— OCULATA	Xalapa	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
I —— SHUTTLEWORTHII	Colombia	15*s.* and 21*s.*
C —— TIGRINA	Xalapa	10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
C —— —— SUPERBA	Xalapa	21*s.*
I —— WARDIANA	La Guayra	21*s.*
C STENIA FIMBRIATA	Colombia	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I THUNIA (PHAIUS) ALBA	India	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— ALBA STRIATA	India	7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
S —— (PHAIUS) BENSONIÆ	Moulmein	21*s.* and 31*s.* 6*d.*
S —— MARSHALLIÆ	India	31*s.* 6*d.* and 42*s.*
C TRICHOPILIA COCCINEA	Costa Rica	15*s.* and 21*s.*
I —— CRISPA (gloxiniæflora)	Costa Rica	63*s.* and 84*s.*
I —— —— MARGINATA	Costa Rica	84*s.* and 105*s.*
I —— FRAGRANS, *vide* PILUMNA FRAGRANS.		
I —— GALEOTTIANA (picta)	Costa Rica	42*s.* and 63*s.*
I —— ORIOPHYLAX	South America	42*s.* and 63*s.*

*C TRICHOPILIA SUAVIS	Costa Rica	15s. and 21s.
*C —— —— SUPERBA	Costa Rica	21s. and 31s. 6d.
C —— TORTILIS	Mexico	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
C —— TURIALVÆ	Costa Rica	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I TRICHOSMA SUAVIS	Assam	42s. and 63s.
I UROPEDIUM LINDENI	Colombia	21s. and 31s. 6d.
S VANDA BATEMANNI	Moluccas	21s. and 31s. 6d.
S —— BENSONI	Burmah	21s. and 31s. 6d.
S —— CATHCARTII	Sikkim	63s. and 84s.
I —— CŒRULEA	Khasya	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
I —— CŒRULESCENS	Burmah	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I —— —— BOXALLII	Burmah	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I —— CRISTATA	Nepal	42s. and 63s.
S —— DENISONIANA	India	63s., 84s. and 105s.
*S —— DENSIFLORA, *vide* SACCOLABIUM GIGANTEUM.		
S —— GIGANTEA	Moulmein and Rangoon	15s. and 21s.
S —— LOWII	Borneo	84s. and 105s.
S —— PARISHII	Burmah	42s. and 63s.
S —— ROXBURGHII	Bengal	15s. and 21s.
S —— —— CŒRULEA	Bengal	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I —— STRIATA	Assam	21s. and 31s. 6d.
S —— SUAVIS	Java	31s. 6d. and 42s.
S —— TERES	Sylhet	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I —— TRICOLOR	Java	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I —— —— FORMOSA	Java	31s. 6d. and 42s.
I —— —— INSIGNIS	Java	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I —— —— MULTIFLORA	Java	31s. 6d. and 42s.
I —— —— SUPERBA	Java	31s. 6d. and 42s.
I —— UNDULATA	Assam	21s. and 31s. 6d.
S VANILLA AROMATICA	Brazil	10s. 6d. and 15s.
I WARREA LINDENIANA	Colombia	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I WARSCEWICZELLA DISCOLOR	Costa Rica	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I —— MARGINATA	Ocaña	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I —— VELATA	Colombia	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I ZYGOPETALUM BRACHYPETALUM	S. America	31s. 6d. and 42s.
I —— CRINITUM	Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I —— GAUTIERI	Brazil	42s. and 63s.
I —— INTERMEDIUM	Brazil	31s. 6d.
*I —— MACKAYI	Brazil	15s. and 21s.
*I —— —— MAJUS	Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I —— MAXILLARE	Brazil	31s. 6d. and 42s.

CHOICE ORCHIDS.

EAST INDIAN | WEST INDIAN | COLOMBIAN
MEXICAN | PERUVIAN | BRAZILIAN.

Collections made at 4, 6, 9 and 12 guineas per dozen.

ORCHIDS FOR COOL HOUSES.

It being well known that many Orchids can be easily and successfully cultivated in a cool temperature, with scarcely any artificial heat during a great part of the year, Mr. W. B. has devoted several houses to this beautiful and desirable class, and will be pleased to make good selections of them at 4, 6, 9 *and* 12 *guineas per dozen.*

SPHAGNUM MOSS FOR ORCHIDS.

3s. *per bushel;* 12s. *per sack.*

GESNERAS (NÆGELIAS).

The value of Gesneras as decorative plants can scarcely be over estimated. Most of them have rich velvet-like foliage, which, in the respective kinds, varies from green to crimson. If only grown for the foliage they are very attractive, but they produce splendid pyramidal spikes of blossom, which are extremely handsome. Originally, however, the principal colour was orange scarlet; now, as the result of fertilisation, there are various colours and shades, added to which the spotting on the flowers of some of the varieties is extremely pretty.

ADÈLE, lobes white, covered with a carmine netting; tube, crimson carmine. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ADELINA, creamy white tube, pure white lobes, deep yellow throat. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ALBO-LUTESCENS GRANDIFLORA, very large flowers, of a delicate cream colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

A. RIVIÈRE, large dark red flowers, throat marbled with white, and slightly tinted with lilac. 2*s.* 6*d.*

BERTHA, soft lilac carmine, mouth of the throat flesh colour and orange dotted with carmine. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CHAIR ET CAPUCINE, delicate flesh colour, bordered and spotted with red; magnificent zonate foliage. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CHROMATELLA, large and well expanded flowers of a clear yellow colour; fine foliage. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CINNABARINA ROSEA, a beautiful clear vermilion; the tube almost transparent; the interior carnation marbled with white; throat citron yellow, speckled with gold. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CITRINA ROSEA, a very pretty variety with fine flowers; the exterior of the tube rose colour; the lobes and mouth citron yellow. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CLAUDE LORRAINE, very large bright lilac flowers, with yellow throat, the mouth white, spotted with magenta. 5*s.*

DAPHNE, tube and border of lobes bright rose, centre pure white. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DAUW, lobes white, sprinkled with rose; throat golden yellow, netted with vermilion; the divisions of each lobe snowy white, marked with very bright rose. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DAVID, a splendid variety with magnificent foliage and fine large flowers, with light rose tube, cream coloured throat and bright rose lobes. 5*s.*

EMMA, beautiful soft carmine coloured flowers, of a lighter shade on the lower lobes. 3*s.* 6*d.*

FULGIDA BICOLOR, a very fine flower; the upper part rich vermilion, white marbled underneath. 2*s.* 6*d.*

FULGIDA VAN HOUTTEI, rich vermilion, interior pure white dotted with vermilion. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GABRIELLE, crimson carmine, bordered with white, mouth of the throat dotted carmine on yellow ground; very distinct and beautiful. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GAY-LUSSAC, clear vermilion, spotted with vermilion on the inside. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GRAND MOGUL, flowers of the most intense vermilion colour, with rich citron mouth and throat; very fine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GREUZE, a very large and fine flower; the throat clear yellow, month cream colour, lobes regularly margined with rose; very distinct and beautiful. 5*s.*

GUILLAUME TELL, a large flower, of a dark orange vermilion colour, the interior white, spotted with orange. 2*s.* 6*d.*

HÉLÈNE, crimson, white throat spotted with crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

HORACE VERNET, bright shining red, with snowy white throat; an extremely attractive flower. 5*s.*

INFANTA, exterior of tube light rose; interior deep yellow; lobes white, slightly tinged with blush; a very pretty flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ITAMBÉ, large vermilion flowers, bordered with golden yellow, and dotted vermilion; beautiful velvety foliage. 2*s.* 6*d.*

JOVIAL, orange; tube snow-white, dotted and bordered with the most beautiful vermilion. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LÉONARD DE VINCI, very large clear red flowers, the interior marbled with white and lilac; very rich foliage. 5*s.*

LEOPARD VERMILLON, magnificent corymbs of large flowers, of the most brilliant vermilion, encircling a cream-coloured ground, which is sparingly dotted with vermilion. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GESNERAS (NÆGELIAS)—Continued.

LE TINTORET, cerise tube, dark scarlet lobes, interior of throat lilac striped with crimson; dark velvety foliage. 5*s*.

LINDLEYANA, surface of the tube coral, throat and lobes golden yellow, regularly sprinkled with crimson. 2*s*. 6*d*.

MADAME A. LACOMBLÉ, pure white, with rose netting; a charming variety. 2*s*. 6*d*.

MADAME LAVALLÉE, rose, shaded with salmon red; edge of the throat marbled with white. 2*s*. 6*d*.

MADELEINE, brilliant crimson tube, throat white, dotted with carmine, lobes bordered with crimson. 3*s*. 6*d*.

MARIE, tube orange red, border of the throat flesh-colour on lemon yellow ground. 3*s*. 6*d*.

MASTOUCHE, flesh colour, bordered with red; the interior of the flower white, spotted with flesh colour. 2*s*. 6*d*.

MONT BLANC, a large white flower, slightly shaded with lilac in the upper lobes. 2*s*. 6*d*.

MURILLO, bright vermilion tube, crimson scarlet lobes, throat white, maculated with crimson, mouth pure white; a magnificent flower. 5*s*.

NIKITA, white interior, broadly bordered and spotted with dark vermilion; exterior brilliant orange colour. 2*s*. 6*d*.

NIVALIS, fine pyramidal spikes of pure white flowers, with rich yellow throat. 2*s*. 6*d*.

PAUL VERONESE, a variety with beautifully marbled leaves, and fine large flowers; tube bright salmon, lobes rose, throat white spotted with salmon. 5*s*.

PERA, lobes pink, spotted with crimson; exterior of tube rosy crimson; interior orange; the foliage of this variety is remarkably rich and attractive. 3*s*. 6*d*.

RAPHAEL, a beautiful flower of a dark crimson cerise colour, with the interior of the throat white, striped with cerise. 5*s*.

REMBRANDT, tube velvety cerise; throat white, spotted and maculated with carmine; lobes bordered with bright purplish carmine; very fine. 5*s*.

ROSALIE, blush tubes, white lobes, deep golden yellow throat. 2*s*. 6*d*.

RUBAN COCHENILLE, outside red, with cochineal margin; golden encircled white interior. 2*s*. 6*d*.

SCEPTRE BRILLANT, a fine variety, with very richly coloured foliage, freely producing large bright coral flowers, shaded with lilac, with a richly spotted citron yellow throat. 2*s*. 6*d*.

SOCIAL, rosy salmon tube, buff lobes, which, with the throat, are covered with minute spots of bright carmine. 2*s*. 6*d*.

SUAVITAS, delicate flesh colour; interior, white ground speckled with flesh colour. 2*s*. 6*d*.

TOTA ALBA, this is the only pure white Gesnera. 2*s*. 6*d*.

TRICOLORE ORANGE, light orange red, bordered with dark red; interior white, spotted with golden yellow. 2*s*. 6*d*.

VALENTINE, carmine crimson; white throat, spotted with carmine. 3*s*. 6*d*.

ZUCHT, fine coral-coloured lobes, throat distinctly veined and netted with chamois colour. 2*s*. 6*d*.

EUCODONIAS.

EHRENBERGII, an attractive variety, having the foliage of a Ligeria, and freely producing clear blue flowers, which are slightly crumpled and have a white throat. 1*s*.

NÆGELIOIDES, a pretty hybrid; the flowers have the soft colouring and elegant markings of some of the rosy-flowered Tydeas, with the throat of a citron yellow. 1*s*.

NÆGELIOIDES DIAMANTINA, this variety is similar to the preceding in growth and habit, but differs in the colour of its flowers, which are brilliant violet purple, with citron yellow throat. 1*s*. 6*d*.

NÆGELIOIDES LILACINELLA, the flowers of this variety are of a beautiful fresh lilac colour, marbled, and the throat is pure white, spotted and dotted with citron, yellow and lilac. 1*s*. 6*d*.

NÆGELIOIDES NANA MULTIFLORA, a charming variety, extremely dwarf and free blooming; the flowers are amaranth and golden yellow, dotted with vermilion. 1*s*. 6*d*.

VAN HOUTTEI, a splendid variety, with large flowers of the most perfect form; colour vivid carmine and pure white, ornamented with flesh-coloured stripes; very striking and attractive. 1*s*. 6*d*

TYDÆAS.

ALBA NIGRA, fiery red ground, white throat, striped with black. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ALEXANDRE, a large flower; tube cochineal red; lobes and throat spotted with blackish carmine. 3*s.* 6*d.*

AMARANTE ET CANNELLE, amaranth cerise, fiery throat, marked with deep cinnamon. 3*s.* 6*d.*

APOLLON, violet corolla; spherical brown dottings. 3*s.* 6*d.*

AURANTIACA ZEBRINA, vermilion orange, the entire flower striped; very beautiful. 2*s.* 6*d.*

AVONDSTER, clear cerise, with white throat, regularly marked with large black blotches. 2*s.* 6*d.*

BELZEBUTH, crimson, richly marked with black spots; a very fine variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CÉRÈS, tube coral red; the lobes half white and half vermilion, dotted with crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CHAMALIÈRES, light red, striped with golden yellow. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CIMON, tube lilac red; greenish lobes spotted with violet red. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CORNEVILLE, amaranth tube; chamois yellow lobes, netted and dotted with purplish brown; the edges of the lobes fringed. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CRATERE, deep fiery crimson barred with black; a large and well-formed flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DIANE, coral red tube; yellowish green lobes dotted with cherry red. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ETNA, very dark scarlet, striped with black. 2*s.* 6*d.*

EUTERPE, lower lobes white, marbled and spotted with vermilion; tube vermilion, shaded with carmine; upper lobes amaranth, densely speckled. 2*s.* 6*d.*

FOURNAISE DE PLUTON, intense vermilion, darkly striped. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GIGANTEA, a variety of majestic growth, with large flowers of a vermilion and golden-yellow colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

HERCULE, red tube; deep violet lobes, dotted with rich brown. 3*s.* 6*d.*

IGUASI, a large flower of a light carmine colour, thickly spotted with dark purple. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ITACULUMI, a large and well-formed flower; rosy-carmine tube and satiny-rose lobes. 3*s.* 6*d.*

JUNON, reddish purple tube; scarlet purple lobes, spotted with reddish brown. 3*s.* 6*d.*

JUPITER, coral red tube; straw yellow lobes covered with small crimson spots. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LADY CAROLINE KERRISON, tube orange scarlet; lobes rich light rose, spotted with violet; interior of the tube beautifully marked with carmine crimson. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LÉANDRE, white lobes, sprinkled and marbled with clear cerise; vermilion tube. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LE NAIN ROSE, a dwarf and free-blooming variety; large flowers with clear rosy carmine tube; upper lobes carmine rose; lower lobes blush white, spotted with crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LEON DUVAL, bright carmine tube, shaded violet; lobes lilac violet, spotted with purple carmine. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LÉONIDAS, tube of a brilliant coral colour; lobes half straw yellow pointed with cherry red, and half dark red pointed with vermilion. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LIEFKEN, orange vermilion with white throat, speckled with carmine, and rayed with cinnamon crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME HALPHEN, a fine flower, with well-expanded carmine coloured tube; the lower lobes lightly tinted with lilac and spotted with carmine; the upper lobes shaded with carmine rose. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME HEINE, clear carmine-coloured tube; lower lobes white, marked with spots of purple black, shading off to purple carmine; upper lobes bordered with amaranth. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME LAVALLÉE, a beautiful flower; tube rose colour; lower lobes white, spotted with purple carmine; upper lobes margined with carmine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MAGNIFICA AMARANTINA, brilliant amaranth, regularly striped with crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MELPOMENE, large flowers of a bright carmine colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MIERKEN, white, thickly blotched with cochineal, and marbled with white; throat white, maculated with orange scarlet. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MINERVE, purple tube; purple violet lobes, with crimson dots. 3*s.* 6*d.*

OPHIR, orange vermilion, upper petals spotted with black, lower petals spotted with yellow. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PAINPONDOR, clear vermilion tube; golden yellow lobes, beautifully marbled with amaranth; exceedingly floriferous. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PELOPIDAS, tube cochineal; lobes and throat spotted with dark carmine; a very fine flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PLUTON, violet tube; purple violet lobes, marked with reddish brown dottings. 3*s.* 6*d.*

POLYMNIE, carmine tube; upper petals bright carmine, lower petals pure white; the whole of the petals spotted with rich dark carmine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

RHOTOMAGO, clear salmon vermilion tube; white lobes marbled with dark purplish carmine; the mouth maculated with violet purple. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TYDÆAS—Continued.

ROI CAROTTE, orange red tube; yellow lobes richly spotted with deep orange; very distinct and attractive. 3*s*. 6*d*.

RUBIS, a dwarf-growing variety, with prettily-veined foliage; tube of the flowers bright carmine; lobes purple carmine, with darker spotting; a magnificent colour. 3*s*. 6*d*.

SAPÉ, a beautiful flower of a fiery vermilion colour; the mouth and throat golden yellow, lined and dotted with crimson. 3*s*. 6*d*.

THALIE, citron, spotted and flaked with vermilion; tube vermilion. 2*s*. 6*d*.

THEMISTOCLE, tube coral red; lobes creamy white, spotted with cherry red. 3*s*. 6*d*.

TRICOLOR, white, beautifully spotted with amaranth, coral coloured tube. 2*s*. 6*d*.

VIOLET ET MARRON, rich violet ground, throat white, spotted with chamois, lobes bright purple, the whole streaked with maroon. 3*s*. 6*d*.

VULCAIN, ample metallic foliage, marbled with purple veins; the tube and lobes of the flower deep bright scarlet, the lobes finely spotted with crimson. 3*s*. 6*d*.

WILHELMINE LEFEBVRE, upper petals amaranth, lower petals white, all the flowers reticulated with amaranth on a pink ground. 2*s*. 6*d*.

WONDER, flowers of a bright orange vermilion colour, veined with black; majestic spikes. 3*s*. 6*d*.

XENOPHON, a fine large flower; tube cochineal orange, salmon red lobes covered with a dark red netting, throat marked and spotted with dark carmine. 3*s*. 6*d*.

Tydæas can be cultivated so as to produce an abundance of bloom throughout the winter, their flowering season principally depending on the time of year their tubers are started into growth. With a little management a succession of blooming plants can be had nearly throughout the year.

NEW AND CHOICE ACHIMENES.

ADMIRATION, a fine variety of free robust habit and growth; the flowers, which are beautifully formed and of large size, are of a deep rose colour, with light throat. It is very free-blooming, and exceedingly attractive. 2*s*. 6*d*.

ARGUS, colour rich plum, large deep orange eye, spotted with carmine, upper lobes of the flowers beautifully rayed towards the margin. 2*s*. 6*d*.

CELESTIAL, a very fine and distinct variety, of good habit and a profuse bloomer, producing exceedingly beautiful flowers of a very light blue colour, with attractive centre, the upper part of the eye being rich purple, and the lower part cream colour, darkly rayed. 2*s*. 6*d*.

CHARM, a very large fine flower, of a beautiful light rosy purple colour, with light throat marked with orange at the mouth. 3*s*. 6*d*.

CHERUB, a splendid variety, producing abundantly large white flowers, which are tinted with blue on the margin of the lobes; it is exceedingly attractive. 2*s*. 6*d*.

DIADEM, magenta shaded carmine, with golden yellow eye; medium-sized flower; a very bright-looking and free-blooming variety. 2*s*. 6*d*.

ECLIPSE, bright orange, red eye, beautifully spotted with carmine, good habit and free. 2*s*. 6*d*.

EXCELSIOR, plum colour, large and fine, good habit, very distinct. 2*s*. 6*d*.

FIREFLY, flowers of great size and substance, with beautifully fringed edges; colour a rich deep carmine, golden yellow eye, spotted with crimson and shading off to magenta. 2*s*. 6*d*.

HARRY WILLIAMS, very large fine flowers of a bright cerise colour, with yellow eye spotted with maroon, lower part of eye pale mauve, the edges of the flowers beautifully fringed. 2*s*. 6*d*.

LADY LYTTLETON, magnificent large flowers of a rich magenta colour deeply shaded with crimson, clear orange yellow eye, edges of the petals beautifully fringed. 2*s*. 6*d*.

LOVELINESS, a fine flower of good size and substance, rich magenta, shading off to crimson towards the margin, golden yellow eye dotted with maroon. 2*s*. 6*d*.

MAGNET, orange, spotted with crimson, deep carmine circle and spotted eye. 2*s*. 6*d*.

MARVEL, a remarkably rich and bright-looking flower, of fine form and large size, colour a very bright rosy violet, with light throat, darkly spotted at the base. 2*s*. 6*d*.

MASTERPIECE, this variety is of robust growth, and the flowers, which are very smooth and well-formed, are of a very rich rose colour, with violet shade; a splendid variety. 2*s*. 6*d*.

NESIDA, soft lilac; light yellow centre, spotted and rayed with lilac; a very pretty flower. 3*s*. 6*d*.

NINA, a very large and handsome flower of a dark satiny lilac colour, beautifully rayed in the three lower petals. 3*s*. 6*d*.

NEW AND CHOICE ACHIMENES—Continued.

OBERON, bright blue, upper portion of the eye purple, white centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

RIVAL, deep puce, excellent habit and profuse bloomer. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SPARKLER, rich deep scarlet, dwarf compact habit ; extra fine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

STELLA, fine large flowers of a clear magenta colour, orange eye, spotted with carmine, nicely serrated, distinct and beautiful. 3*s.* 6*d.*

UNIQUE, very large fine flowers of a soft rosy pink colour, with pale orange eye, dotted scarlet and shading off to magenta. 2*s.* 6*d.*

WILLIAMSII, a free-blooming variety of good compact and branching habit, producing large flowers of good substance, of a vivid scarlet colour, with orange yellow throat. 2*s.* 6*d.*

AMBROISE VERSCHAFFELT, 1*s.*
AURORA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
BELLE CRACOVIENNE, 1*s.*
CARDINEAUX, 1*s.*
CARL WOLFARTH, 1*s.*
CARMINATA ELEGANS, 1*s.*
CHIRITA, 1*s.*
DAZZLE, 1*s.*
DENTONIANA, 1*s.*
EDWARD BOSSIER, 1*s.*
FRANCOIS CARDINAUX, 1*s.* 6*d.*
GEORGIANA, 1*s.*
GIBSONI, 1*s.*
GLOXINIÆFLORUM, 1*s.*
GRANDIFLORA, 1*s.*
—— **FLORE PLENO**, 1*s.*
GRANDIS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
HENDERSONI, 1*s.*
LEOPARD, 1*s.*
LONGIFLORA, 1*s.*
—— **ALBA**, 1*s.*
—— **MACRANTHA**, 1*s.*
LONGIFLORA MAJOR, 1*s.*
LOUIS VAN HOUTTE, 1*s.*
MARGARITÆ, 1*s.*
MAUVE PERFECTION, 1*s.*
—— **QUEEN**, 1*s.* 6*d.*
METEOR, 1*s.*
MINIATA, 1*s.*
M. MIELLEZ, 1*s.* 6*d.*
PARSONSII, 1*s.*
PATENS, 1*s.*
PICTA, 1*s.*
PURPUREA ELEGANS, 1*s.*
—— **MULTIFLORA**, 1*s.*
ROLLISSONI, 1*s.*
ROSEA ELEGANS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
ROSEA MAGNIFICA, 1*s.*
SIR TREHERNE THOMAS, 1*s.*
SKINNERI, 1*s.*
VENUSTA, 1*s.*
VESTALIN, 1*s.*
VIVICANS, 1*s.*

NEW AND CHOICE GLOXINIAS.

For new varieties, offered for the first time, *vide* page 8.

Those marked thus (*) *have erect flowers.*

***ADONIS**, pure white throat, lobes white, striped rose ; mouth surrounded with carmine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

***AÏDA**, soft rose, lobes reticulated with bluish lines, throat encircled with dark rose. 2*s.* 6*d.*

***ALBO-MARGINATA MYRIOSTIGMA**, white spotted with carmine, and bordered with pure white. 3*s.* 6*d.*

***ALBO-SULFUREA**, a fine large white flower, with sulphur yellow throat ; very distinct. 3*s.* 6*d.*

***ALCIBIADE**, white tube, the lobes maculated with lake ; white throat ; spotted at the base. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ALICE, an immense flower with large smooth limb of rich mauve, and clear yellow throat. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ALPHONSE KARR, throat creamy yellow ; lobes rich cochineal marked with crimson at the mouth of the throat. 2*s.* 6*d.*

***ANNA DE CONDEIXA**, throat and mouth cream colour ; the lobes bordered with indigo violet ; very clean and distinct. 5*s.*

***ARIADNE**, *vide* page 8.

***AURELIA**, *vide* page 8.

***BOULE DE FEU**, a fine large flower of the most intense and brilliant red colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

***BRADAMANTE**, very large flower ; pure white tube ; light rose lobes bordered with rich rose, and blotched with white. 3*s.* 6*d.*

***CABELLO**, velvety purplish crimson lobes with lilac rose margin ; light throat densely spotted with crimson. 5*s.*

***CECILE D'ELCHINGEN**, bright crimson, bordered with rose, a very large and fine flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

***CECILE MICHAUX**, a very large and well formed pure white flower. 5*s.*

NEW AND CHOICE GLOXINIAS—Continued.

*CHARME DE LUTÈCE, pure milky white, ornamented with violet purple spots; the margin densely freckled with light bluish dots; cream-coloured throat with violet spots. 2s. 6d.

*CLÉMENCE DELAHAYE, white, tinted with flesh colour; each division of the lobes marked with a cerise red spot surrounded with bright rose. 3s. 6d.

*COLOR NOVA, magenta, shaded with carmine; a most distinct and attractive variety. 2s. 6d.

*COMTE BALSCHE, cochineal; milk white throat dotted with lavender. 2s. 6d.

*COMTESSE DE FLANDRE, a very fine large flower with open throat; lobes white spotted with magenta rose, and maculated with carmine. 3s. 6d.

*COMTESSE DUCHÂTEL, lilac throat, rayed and spotted with crimson; white lobes, blotched with carmine; a very fine large flower. 2s. 6d.

CONCENTRIQUE, white throat, shaded with lilac; magenta lobes, surrounded with white. 2s. 6d.

*CONQUEST, *vide* page 8.

*CORNÉLIE, dark violet; the centre of the lobes striped and spotted, and the whole flower margined with white. 3s. 6d.

*DIONE, *vide* page 8.

*DUC DECAZES, a splendid flower; white ground, beautifully maculated with lilac magenta. 3s. 6d.

*DUC DE SUTHENHAM, white, richly maculated and thickly spotted with carmine; a very large fine flower. 5s.

*DUCHESSE DECAZES, very fine flower; lobes carmine rose, shaded with lilac towards the mouth; throat creamy white; extremely floriferous. 3s. 6d.

*DUCHESSE DE GALLIERA, yellow throat; lavender blue lobes, bordered with white. 2s. 6d.

*ELDORADO, cerise shaded with amaranth, the centre of the lobes striped and spotted with bright red; a beautiful velvety looking flower. 2s. 6d.

*ELFIN, bluish violet lobes with slight purple shade; white throat. 5s.

*FANFRELUCHE, centre of lobes rosy pink, densely freckled with carmine and bordered with white; throat and mouth creamy white, covered with minute soft magenta dots; pretty. 2s. 6d.

*FEU BRILLANT, rich bright velvety crimson, margined with rose; a remarkably showy and attractive flower. 3s. 6d.

FLEUR DE FLANDRE, white throat, purple mouth; lobes marbled and netted with indigo blue, white edge. 2s. 6d.

*FLORE, rosy lavender, shaded with light purplish pink; pure white centre, rayed and spotted with bright mauve; creamy white throat, slightly spotted with pink. 2s. 6d.

*FLORIAN, *vide* page 8.

*GENEVIÈVE BRETON, a very large flower; tube white; throat very dark violet, shading off to indigo blue on the lobes, which are bordered with white. 3s. 6d.

*GRANIT ROSE, pure white, spotted in centre of lobes with bright carmine, the spotting becoming more scattered towards the margin; cream-coloured throat, freckled with rosy pink. 2s. 6d.

HAYDÉE, rose, variegated with white; mouth deep carmine; throat sulphur yellow, spotted with brownish carmine. 2s. 6d.

*HENRI FLÈCHE, a magnificent flower, of fine form; colour magenta, brilliantly shaded with red at the mouth; the edges of the lobes widely bordered with snowy white. 2s. 6d.

HILDA, lobes light blue edged with lavender; throat and mouth deep rich purple shaded with crimson. 5s.

*INALTÉRABLE, a fine flower, of an intense shade of carmine magenta; very showy. 2s. 6d.

*INÈS, bright solferino, veined with magenta; a very beautiful flower. 2s. 6d.

*ISABELLA, light blue lobes, with white centre, spotted and shaded with purplish violet; light throat, rayed and freckled with purplish crimson; very fine. 2s. 6d.

*JEANNE D'ARC, a very large white flower, lightly spotted at the intersections of the lobes; the throat is also spotted. 5s.

*JUPITER, a fine flower of a very dark velvety violet plum colour; extremely showy. 5s.

*LISÉRÉ D'ARGENT, intensely bright crimson scarlet, distinctly margined with pure white; light throat, beautifully spotted and freckled with carmine, and shaded with rosy carmine. 2s. 6d.

*LIVINGSTONE, rich velvety amaranth crimson, shaded with soft purplish violet, and margined with rosy lilac; light creamy throat, shaded with rose at the mouth; a splendid flower. 2s. 6d.

LOUISE, cochineal, edged with lilac and slate-colour, and striped with white. 2s. 6d.

*MADAME BASSOT, cream-coloured throat, spotted with lilac; the mouth shaded with mauve; lobes surrounded with satiny rose. 2s. 6d.

MADAME DUVAL, dark fiery crimson, shaded of to bright scarlet towards the edges of the lobes, which are margined with rose; dark crimson mouth; light throat, spotted with crimson. 2s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE GLOXINIAS—Continued.

*MADAME HUBERT, the centre of the flower rich velvety violet purple, surrounded with lavender blue. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*MDLLE. ANGÉLINE MARTIN, rich magenta, striped and spotted with solferino, the lobes bordered with white. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*MDLLE. BLANCHE BACHELOT, cream coloured throat, spotted crimson ; mouth amaranth, shaded crimson ; lobes cerise, veined and spotted with rich carmine, and edged with pure white. 5*s.*

*MDLLE. CHARLOTTE DE LA TRÉMOILLE, a fine large white flower, marbled and dotted with rose ; the throat lined with lilac ; an extremely beautiful variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*MDLLE. JEANNE MEURET, white, beautifully marked with violet purple spots, shaded with bluish violet ; the lobes margined with pure white. 5*s.*

*MDLLE. MARIE MOREAU, lobes clear rose, spotted and shaded with carmine in the centre ; throat rayed and dotted with lilac. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*MARGUERITE D'ELCHINGEN, violet purple lobes ; creamy white throat, freckled with purplish dots, and stretching up into the centre of each lobe and forming a kind of star. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*MARQUISE DE CHENNEVIÈRES, bluish violet, beautifully striped and reticulated with dark violet, the lobes broadly margined with pure white ; cream coloured throat, lightly spotted. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*MATADOR, very dark reddish crimson, neatly bordered with white ; very rich and showy. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*MEMNON, rich reddish purple ; white tube ; light rose throat ; a very fine flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*MENTOR, violet amaranth, surrounded with bluish violet ; very fine. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*MILTON, indigo, shaded violet ; the lobes have a white margin, spotted with violet. 5*s.*

MINA, very bright cerise, with snow-white mouth ; an attractive variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*MON CAPRICE, soft mauve, the divisions of the lobes to the tube white ; very pretty. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*MONSIEUR A. BLANC, a fine large flower with lilac throat ; the centre of each lobe marked with reddish crimson ; the edges of the lobes distinctly spotted with violet. 5*s.*

*MONSIEUR A. LAVALLÉE, white, very thickly spotted with violet ; the centre of the lobes and the mouth of the throat maculated with reddish violet. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*MONSIEUR HITT, white spotted with carmine cerise and marked with bright red at the intersections of the lobes ; throat rayed and spotted with sulphur yellow ; a very large flower. 5*s.*

*MONSIEUR LUCIEN LINDEN, creamy yellow throat ; bright rose lobes veined in the centre with carmine. 5*s.*

*MONSIEUR TESTARD, white ground, nearly covered with a marking and spotting of dark violet ; each lobe marked with a violet horse-shoe ; a beautiful flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NOTAIRE MOENS, a very fine large flower ; white richly marked with light carmine dots ; border of lobes pure white. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*NYMPH, pure white ; a fine flower. 5*s.*

*ORIGINAL, white ; border of lobes amaranth spotted with white ; a beautiful flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*PATRIE, mouth of the throat intensely dark indigo purple, the lobes shading off to bluish violet and margined with white ; light throat shaded with violet crimson ; a very fine flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*PAULINE BRETON, a very large flower, white tube, rosy carmine lobes, bordered with white. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*PHYLLIS, lobes bluish violet ; mouth rich purple crimson ; throat white spotted with crimson. 5*s.*

*PRÉSIDENT J. GIRAUD, throat and part of the lobes pure white, forming a white star in the centre of the flower ; the lobes of a rich cerise red colour ; very fine. 3*s.* 6*d.*

*PRÉSIDENT THOMAS, a large flower ; lobes of a bright velvety cerise colour, surrounded with carmine amaranth ; very fine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*PRINCE DE GALLES, centre of lobes dark lilac, passing to clear violet towards the border, which is pure white. 5*s.*

*PRINCE P. TROUBETZKOY, a very large flower of an extremely dark violet colour, bordered with pure white ; a remarkably attractive variety. 3*s.* 6*d.*

QUADRICOLORE, rose flaked with white and spotted with cochineal ; lilac throat. 2*s.* 6*d.*

REV. H. H. D'OMBRAIN, bright crimson lake, shaded with rosy purple ; creamy white throat, minutely spotted with purple. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*RICHARD WALLACE, orifice of throat and spots in the form of a hemisphere on each of the lobes of a rich violet carmine colour ; margin bright cerise carmine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

*ROMOLA, lavender blue lobes ; mouth dark crimson ; white throat spotted with crimson. 5*s.*

ROSE D'AMOUR, cream-coloured throat, lobes bright rosy carmine, shaded towards the base with rose cerise. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE GLOXINIAS—Continued.

***ROSEA GRANDIFLORA**, a fine large flower of a beautiful carmine rose colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

***ROSE ET HERMINE**, pure white throat and mouth ; lobes bright rose spotted with pure white. 2*s.* 6*d.*

***TEMPLAR**, *vide* page 8.

***TRITON**, lobes delicate rose pink ; throat and mouth white freckled with pink ; a very pretty flower. 5*s.*

***URANIE**, *vide* page 8.

***VARIABILIS**, white freckled with blue and blotched at the intersections of the lobes ; the flowers often have six and seven divisions. 5*s.*

***VICOMTE DE CONDEIXA**, pure white, spotted and freckled in the centre with soft rose, and maculated with carmine at the intersections of the lobes. 5*s.*

VLAANDEREN, white throat, ornamented with myriads of carmine spots, tube carmine, shaded with plum, lobes rich velvety purple. 2*s.* 6*d.*

***WILLIAM ROBINSON**, lobes bright rosy carmine, margined pink ; centre of lobes white, spotted and freckled with bright pink ; throat creamy white, thickly spotted with pink. 2*s.* 6*d.*

Selections of other good kinds can be made from Mr. W. B.'s *general collection at* 18*s.* *and* 30*s.* *per dozen.*

GLOXIANA INSIGNIS, this distinct variety produces its flowers during the autumn and winter; colour bluish lilac, marked with a large crimson blotch at the base of the tube. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GLOXINIA MACULATA ROSEA CHIRITIFORMIS, a very distinct and attractive hybrid, blooming during the whole of the winter. Its foliage is very beautiful, of a bronzy amaranth, and its flowers, which are produced abundantly, are of a beautiful bright rose, with a bluish tint. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GLOXINIA MACULATA SCEPTRUM, a magnificent hybrid, with extra large erect cordate foliage. It produces a rigid terminal inflorescence, exceeding twenty inches in height, which bears majestically its large clear lilac well-formed blooms. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NEW REGAL PELARGONIUMS.

This name is applied to that magnificent group of Pelargoniums, the flowers of which are of large size, very rich and showy, and which, although they are not really double, yet have the appearance of being so from their fulness of form and the extra number of petals.

For New Varieties, offered for the first time, vide page 9.

BEAUTY OF OXTON, a splendid variety ; upper petals very rich maroon darkly blotched ; under petals very dark crimson shaded with maroon ; light centre tinted with rose ; all the petals attractively and regularly margined with white, and beautifully fringed. The flowers are large and very full, the extra number of petals giving them the appearance of being semi-double. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CAPTAIN RAIKES, a fine large full flower ; upper petals deep fiery crimson, flaked with purplish black and bordered with carmine ; lower petals clear bright fiery crimson. The flowers are extremely attractive, and admirably adapted for bouquet making. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DR. MASTERS, a fine variety, throwing large trusses of beautiful flowers ; the upper petals have large black blotches in the centre, with a narrow margin of rich crimson ; the lower petals have a smaller blotch, with a broader margin of the same colour as the upper. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DUCHESS OF BEDFORD, one of the most useful and charming of this highly decorative section of Pelargoniums. Its blossoms are of the purest white, prettily fringed, with feathered spot of delicate rose in the upper petals. It is one of the best of the early blooming varieties, and from the chaste beauty of its blossoms, is invaluable where cut flowers are required. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME EVRARD, a most attractive and distinct variety ; the flowers are very full, with beautiful crispy petals of an exceedingly bright purplish crimson colour, richly spotted with dark maroon. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME THIBAUT, white, richly blotched and marbled with rose ; the upper petals marked with crimson maroon ; large white centre ; immense trusses of very large fine flowers, with undulated petals. 5*s.*

MAID OF KENT, *vide* page 9.

NEW REGAL PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

PRINCE OF PELARGONIUMS, large flowers with elegantly fringed margins, of a brilliant vermilion scarlet ground colour, finely relieved by a blush white centre, with violet veins, and flushed with rich crimson in the upper petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCE OF TECK, rich deep crimson shaded with violet; the upper petals blotched and feathered with very dark blackish maroon; centre shaded with violet; a remarkably free-blooming variety, producing fine large trusses. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCE OF WALES, an exceedingly handsome variety, of excellent habit, freely producing good trusses of large and effective flowers, which are not really double, but from their fulness of form, and the extra number of prettily undulated petals, have the appearance of being so. The colour is a bright vermilion with light centre and light edge to the petals, the superior ones being marked with light crimson, and darkly blotched. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCESS OF WALES, *vide* page 9.

QUEEN VICTORIA, the flowers of this handsome and distinct variety have peculiarly crispy petals, of a rich vermilion colour, broadly margined with pure white, the upper ones blotched with maroon; extremely attractive. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE ATTRACTIVE COLOURED & SPOTTED PELARGONIUMS.

These have been obtained by carefully hybridising the attractive French kinds with the best varieties of the most eminent English raisers, so that while possessing the rich and varied colours of the French sorts, combined with their wonderfully free-flowering character, they partake of the shape of the English varieties.

For New Varieties, offered for the first time, vide page 9.

ANNABELLA, an attractive flower, with large light centre; upper petals rich crimson, blotched with very dark maroon; under petals rich bright crimson, with violet shade. 2*s.* 6*d.*

BLACK PRINCE, a fine flower of a bright maroon ground colour, with dark shading and pale margin; very free. 7*s.* 6*d.*

BRIDAL BOUQUET, an extremely free-flowering and attractive variety, producing fine large trusses of beautiful pure white flowers; the two upper petals blotched with pink; admirably adapted for forcing. 2*s.* 6*d.*

COMMANDER, bright rosy scarlet, the upper petals heavily blotched with maroon; under petals blotched with rich crimson, fine striking white centre; a magnificent flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CONCORD, violet mauve, intersected with white and rose, white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CONDUCTOR, bright carmine, the upper petals blotched with maroon, the under petals shaded with crimson, light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CONSISTENCY, violet, margined with lavender, upper petals blotched with crimson, the under ones spotted with same colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DEBATE, violet mauve, upper petals blotched with maroon; light centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DECORATOR, rosy crimson; all the petals spotted with dark maroon; a very pretty and attractive variety. 7*s.* 6*d.*

DOMITIUS, upper petals maroon, shaded with crimson and edged with light rose; under petals light rose, spotted with dark crimson; the petals beautifully fringed. 5*s.*

DRAGON, dark crimson, upper petals margined with bright red; under petals fiery carmine, spotted with crimson; pure white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ECLIPSE, upper petals very dark blackish maroon, edged with fiery crimson; under petals rich deep crimson, shaded with bright scarlet, and blotched with very dark maroon; light centre. 7*s.* 6*d.*

ENSIGN, all the petals blotched with maroon, surrounded with crimson and margined with rose. 3*s.* 6*d.*

FIREFLY, fiery crimson, the upper petals blotched with maroon; the under petals slightly spotted with crimson, light centre shaded with violet. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GERTRUDE, rosy lavender, with a slight crimson spot and feathering in the upper petals; very distinct and pleasing. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GRISON, *vide* page 9.

HARLEQUIN, pale orange carmine, with slight dark blotches; upper petals darkly shaded, white throat, very free and showy. 7*s.* 6*d.*

HARMONY, upper petals purple maroon, surrounded with violet and edged with lavender; under petals lavender, shaded with pink and spotted with crimson. 5*s.*

HECTOR, bright carmine, all the petals spotted with dark crimson, light centre, shaded with violet. 2*s.* 6*d.*

HIAWATHA, upper petals very dark maroon, margined with crimson and edged with white; under petals rosy crimson, margined with blush and blotched with maroon. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE ATTRACTIVE COLOURED AND SPOTTED PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

HUNTSMAN, fiery crimson, upper petals blotched with maroon, dark spots on the under petals, violet centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

KENNETH, upper petals rich dark purplish crimson, margined with light violet crimson and feathered with crimson maroon ; under petals rich violet crimson, edged with rosy lavender ; light centre. 5*s.*

LISETTE, deep crimson, slightly shaded with violet ; upper petals blotched with maroon, under petals feathered with dark crimson. 5*s.*

LUCULLUS, fiery crimson ; the upper petals blotched with blackish maroon ; the under petals spotted with crimson maroon ; light centre. 7*s.* 6*d.*

MARCELLA, *vide* page 9.

MAGNATE, a magnificent flower of a soft violet colour, the upper petals blotched with maroon, and the under petals lightly spotted with crimson, clear white centre. 5*s.*

MEDINA, upper petals dark maroon, shaded with crimson and edged with rose ; under petals rose, blotched with very dark crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MODERN, bright rose, shaded with violet, upper petals blotched with maroon ; under petals spotted with crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NELLIE HAYES, blush white, with maroon spots on all the petals ; a robust, free-growing variety, producing very large trusses. 7*s.* 6*d.*

OSCAR, upper petals crimson, margined with rose and blotched with maroon ; under petals rose, spotted crimson, light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PATRICIAN, bright violet, the upper petals heavily blotched with dark maroon ; under petals having a small blotch of dark maroon, light centre ; an attractive variety. 5*s.*

PIONEER, fiery crimson, upper petals blotched with maroon ; under petals slightly spotted with crimson, light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

RENDIGO, *vide* page 9.

ROYALTY, a free-flowering and effective variety producing beautifully fringed white flowers, with large carmine spot on each petal. 5*s.*

SALUTE, under petals soft rose, spotted with dark crimson ; upper petals maroon, surrounded with crimson, with rose margin. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SCEPTRE, rose, the upper petals blotched with maroon and shaded with crimson ; the under petals spotted with dark crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SENATOR, upper petals very dark maroon, bordered with crimson and edged with rose ; lower petals rich crimson, blotched with maroon and edged with rose. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SOUVENIR, bright rose, upper petals blotched with maroon ; under petals heavily spotted with maroon. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SYPHAX, *vide* page 9.

TELAMON, *vide* page 9.

TEMPLAR, a beautifully formed flower, of a rich soft shade of violet crimson ; upper petals blotched with dark purple ; under petals slightly marked with purple, light centre. 5*s.*

TENNYSON, upper petals dark maroon, margined with rose and edged with white ; under petals pure clear white, with a small blotch of bright lake in the centre of each. 5*s.*

TRIUMPHANS, rich violet crimson, all the petals margined with violet rose, the upper petals feathered with very dark crimson ; large light rosy violet centre ; a rich velvety looking flower and extremely distinct. 5*s.*

TROJAN, crimson upper petals, surrounded with bright rose and margined with pink ; under petals blush, spotted crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TYRIAN, very rich dark maroon, upper petals almost black, with narrow edge of deep rose ; under petals shaded with rosy scarlet and blotched with crimson maroon. 5*s.*

UKRAIN, *vide* page 9.

VANDAL, upper petals very dark crimson, blotched with very dark maroon, almost black ; under petals crimson lake, spotted with dark crimson. 5*s.*

VANGUARD, rich violet mauve, upper petals blotched with crimson, light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

VELLEDA, rich deep velvety crimson, upper petals blotched with maroon, under petals spotted with very dark crimson ; a fine flower ; bright and attractive. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VICTORIOUS, orange scarlet, upper petals blotched with maroon, white centre, shaded with violet ; under petals spotted crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VIZIER, upper petals dark maroon, surrounded with rich violet crimson and margined with lilac ; under petals bright crimson, blotched with maroon, and bordered pale lilac. 7*s.* 6*d.*

WATCHFUL, lilac, shaded with violet, upper petals spotted with crimson, light centre ; very attractive. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ZORA, upper petals bright rosy carmine, blotched with dark crimson, and widely margined with white ; under petals blush white ; an extremely showy and attractive flower. 7*s.* 6*d.*

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s *general collection at* 18*s.*, 24*s.* *and* 30*s. per dozen.*

NEW AND CHOICE SHOW PELARGONIUMS.

ALICE, lower petals rosy crimson, maroon spot on top petals, crimson purple edge, large white eye; very fine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ANATINA, upper petals dark maroon, edged with rosy crimson; under petals rose, shaded with crimson; light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ARTHUR, upper petals dark maroon, with orange shade; narrow lilac margin; a large flower of fine form. 7*s.* 6*d.*

ARTIST, lower petals mottled carmine; maroon spot on upper petals, carmine edge; large white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ASTROLOGER, lower petals deep crimson purple, with black maroon spot; narrow crimson edge, white centre; a large flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

AURORA, deep crimson scarlet, with medium spot on top petals; a very richly coloured variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

BECERRA, upper petals dark maroon, shaded with bright crimson; under petals light rose; large white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

BERTIE, black top petals with narrow margin; lower petals rosy crimson; clear white centre; a fine flower and free bloomer. 7*s.* 6*d.*

CECILIA, upper petals dark velvety maroon, surrounded with bright crimson and edged with rose; under petals rosy pink; clear distinct white centre. 5*s.*

CHALLENGER, deep scarlet, spotted with maroon; very showy. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CHARTER, rich maroon, upper petals margined with violet rose; under petals violet rose, shaded crimson; large white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CHIEFTAIN, lower petals rose; maroon spot on top petals, shaded to the margin with rosy lilac; white centre; good form. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CONDUCTOR, dark crimson, upper petals margined with bright rose; under petals delicate rose; pure white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CONQUEST, bright red, small maroon spot on top petals; fine shape and very effective. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CONSTANCE, fawn colour, with small spot on top petals, shaded with orange; clear white eye; a large flower of fine form. 2*s.* 6*d.*

COSSACK, upper petals very dark maroon, surrounded with bright crimson; under petals bright rose; large white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

COVENANT, lower petals rosy purple; upper petals very dark maroon; narrow fiery margin; clear white centre; large, smooth flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CREUSA, light rose, the upper petals blotched with dark crimson; light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CRITERION, black top petals, with narrow fiery margin; under petals shaded rosy crimson; white edges and centre. 7*s.* 6*d.*

CRUSADER, bright rose, with maroon spot on upper petals, shaded orange; white centre; free and fine. 5*s.*

DARDAN, upper petals black maroon, bordered with rosy crimson; under petals light bright rose; large white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DESPOT, rich deep scarlet crimson, with maroon spot on the upper petals; a smooth and very finely formed flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DEVASTATION, a rich dark variety, of dwarf free habit; black top petals, with narrow scarlet margin; painted crimson lower petals. 7*s.* 6*d.*

DIANA, upper petals crimson, with maroon spot; rose under petals; white centre; a fine flower. 5*s.*

DICTATOR, upper petals dark maroon, with narrow rosy purple margin; under petals painted rosy purple; clear white centre; large and fine. 7*s.* 6*d.*

DIPLOMATIST, upper petals dark maroon, lower petals rosy purple; clear white eye; good habit. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DUCHESS OF CAMBRIDGE, scarlet, medium black spot on top petals; a smooth flower of fine form. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DUKE OF CAMBRIDGE, bright crimson scarlet; black blotch on upper petals; a free-flowering smooth bright variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ELOQUENCE, lower petals pale rose, large dark blotch on upper petals, shaded with orange rose to the margin; a large bold flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

EMBLEM, bright rose, shaded with violet; upper petals blotched with dark crimson; light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

EVELYN, lower petals pale rose, small black spot, clear white centre; a large, smooth, and finely formed flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

EXCHEQUER, maroon upper petals, surrounded with crimson, and margined with rose, under petals rose, white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

FORTITUDE, upper petals orange, with black spot and rose edge; under petals pink; clear white centre; a fine large flower. 7*s.* 6*d.*

GARNET, maroon upper petals, surrounded with crimson, and margined with violet rose; bright rose under petals, light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GEORGE FREDERICK, bright orange scarlet; very glossy. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GIANT, under petals rosy pink; maroon spot on upper petals, lilac edge, white centre; a large variety, very dwarf habit. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GIPSY, very dark upper petals; lower petals richly marked, narrow crimson margin; white eye; very attractive. 2*s* 6*d.*

GOLIATH, crimson, with purple maroon spot on upper petals; light centre; a large and well-formed flower. 7*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE SHOW PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

GRACE, crimson, with dark maroon upper petals, and narrow crimson edge. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GRANTA, maroon upper petals surrounded with rosy crimson, and edged with lavender; under petals light rosy crimson, white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

HUMPHREY, upper petals dark maroon, bordered with rose; under petals bright rose, shaded with crimson, light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ICELANDER, upper petals dark maroon; under petals richly painted crimson; white centre and edges; a novel variety. 5*s.*

ILLUMINATOR, bright vermilion scarlet of a most glowing shade; clear white centre; a rich and glossy looking flower. 7*s.* 6*d.*

INFLEXIBLE, bright rose, maroon spot on upper petals, white centre; a fine large flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

KATHLEEN, soft salmon pink, with large spot and pale lower petals; very fine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LORA, upper petals maroon, margined with scarlet and edged with rose; under petals rosy pink, white eye. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LORD OF THE ISLES, crimson with maroon spot on the upper petals, rich crimson edge, white centre; a very fine flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MAJESTIC, rosy crimson, with dark maroon spot on the upper petals, and clear white centre. 5*s.*

METEOR, a glowing bright scarlet flower, with maroon spot on the upper petals; very fine. 5*s.*

MOUNTAINEER, rich painted crimson, with fiery crimson edge and white centre; dark maroon top petals; an effective flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MURILLO, maroon upper petals, surrounded with crimson and margined with rose; under petals bright rose, pure white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCE OF WALES, under petals rosy purple, maroon spot on upper petals, white centre; a large flower, good habit. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PROTECTOR, under petals purple maroon, with maroon spot on upper petals, lilac margin; extra fine form. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PURITY, deep rosy crimson, with maroon spot on upper petals, white centre; a very fine flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PURPLE GEM, lower petals deep purple; top petals black maroon, margin of purple, very glossy; novel and fine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

REVENGE, bright scarlet; a rich flower of medium size; free and attractive. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ROVER, upper petals dark maroon, bordered with rose and edged with pale lavender; under petals very light rose, light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

RUBY, bright fiery scarlet, maroon spot on upper petals; an attractive flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

RUTULIA, upper petals crimson maroon, bordered with rosy crimson; under petals rich scarlet crimson; light centre, shaded violet. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SAPPHO, a dwarf and most abundant bloomer, cherry rose suffused with purple, small maroon spot on upper petals, white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SCOTTISH CHIEFTAIN, under petals richly painted crimson; upper petals dark maroon, with narrow margin of fiery crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SENATOR, mottled purple, richly veined; upper petals purple maroon, of fine form. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SILVIO, bright scarlet, with small black spot on the upper petals; very fine and effective. 5*s.*

SPARTAN, upper petals rich crimson, with central blotch of intensely dark maroon, almost black; under petals of a beautiful rich violet rose colour. 5*s.*

SPLENDENT, upper petals maroon, surrounded with scarlet and edged with pink; under petals salmon rose, white centre. 5*s.*

SYMMETRY, upper petals maroon, with narrow rose edge; under petals bright rose; white centre; large and fine. 7*s.* 6*d.*

TALISMAN, rich scarlet; a very finely-formed, large and smooth flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TOBY, rich dark maroon, medium dark spot on upper petals; a very fine flower. 5*s.*

TOPSY, a fine flower; the under petals purplish rose; the upper petals black, with narrow crimson margin; white centre; very attractive. 2*s.* 6*d.*

TRUMPETER, black top petals, with bright crimson margin; crimson under petals; white centre; very fine. 7*s.* 6*d.*

VICTORY, a pleasing pink, small spot on top petals, white eye, shaded off to the edge with orange; large and fine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VISCOUNT, lower petals mottled rose; upper petals maroon, white centre; a fine flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s *general collection, at* 18*s.*, 24*s.* *and* 30*s. per dozen*

NEW AND CHOICE FANCY PELARGONIUMS.

For new varieties, offered for the first time, vide pages 8 and 9.

AGATHA, upper petals dark crimson maroon, edged white; under petals crimson, margined with white, light centre. 5*s.*

ALPICUS, a beautiful flower; upper petals rich crimson, blotched with violet and margined with white; under petals white blotched with crimson. 5*s.*

NEW AND CHOICE FANCY PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

ANGELIC, upper petals crimson, edged with white; under petals bright rosy violet, edged with white, attractive white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

AQUILON, upper petals crimson maroon, bordered with rosy violet and edged with white; lower petals white, blotched with rich crimson and shaded with rosy purple. 5*s.*

ARIADNE, rich rosy crimson, edged with white; the under petals deep rose margined with white, white centre; a pretty flower. 5*s.*

ASSEMBLY, upper petals rich maroon, edged with white; under petals rosy purple, margined with white, large white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ATLANTIC, rich crimson, suffused with purple, smooth and of excellent habit. 2*s.* 6*d.*

BELUS, *vide* page 8.

BRIGHTNESS, deep rosy crimson, with clear white centre and edges. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CABELLO, a very fine large flower; upper petals soft rosy pink, lighter in the centre of the petals; lower petals of a very delicate rose colour, margined with white, clear white centre. 7*s.* 6*d.*

CASSANDRA, deep rosy crimson, shaded with violet; the three lower petals edged with lilac; light centre. 5*s.*

DOMINGO, upper petals rich deep rose, edged with white; under petals light rose margined with white; large white centre. 7*s.* 6*d.*

DUCHESS OF EDINBURGH, white, with carmine spot on each petal; very distinct and attractive. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ELIGIBLE, rosy crimson, upper petals with light blotch, shaded with violet; under petals violet lake, clean white centre, the entire flower edged with white. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ELLEN BECK, lilac carmine, with bright edges; dwarf habit, very free flowering. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ELSIE, upper petals dark crimson, margined with lavender; under petals violet crimson, edged with white; white centre. 5*s.*

ERMAN, upper petals violet crimson, edged rose; under petals blush, shaded with light crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ETHEL, upper petals rich crimson, margined with white; the centre of the petals shaded with violet; under petals rosy crimson, margined with white, large white eye; very fine. 7*s.* 6*d.*

ETRURIA, upper petals soft rose, edged with white; under petals white, tinted with rose; a very clearly marked and pretty flower. 5*s.*

FAUST, upper petals rich dark maroon, edged with lavender; under petals blush, shaded with rich crimson; light centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GENEVRA, upper petals rich rosy carmine, edged with white and shaded with violet towards their centre; under petals soft rose with white margin; large white centre; a very fine flower. 7*s.* 6*d.*

GENUINE, *vide* page 8.

HENRY BAILEY, crimson, with white eye; very dwarf, and a most abundant bloomer; extremely useful and effective. 2*s.* 6*d.*

JEWESS, upper petals rosy carmine, suffused with carmine, lilac edge; light mottled under petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LADY MAYORESS, rosy lilac, with white edges and large white eye; a fine flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MARGUERITE, white with crimson spots, white centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MARIONETTE, rosy crimson, suffused with purple; white edges. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MISS GODARD, rich crimson with white centre and edges; a smooth flower of fine form. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. ALFRED WIGAN, pink, with clear white centre and edges. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. FORD, lilac margined with white, lower petals suffused lilac. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. HART, rosy crimson purple, with narrow white margin on upper petals, shaded off with rosy purple to a large clear white eye. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. PHIPPS, rosy crimson with pale lilac edges and white centre; a finely formed flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. POPE, upper petals rose with white edges, lower petals white with rose spots; a pleasing and excellent variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. PORTER, French white, with purple spot on each petal; free and of good habit. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NELLY FORDHAM, white with delicate lilac shade; free and distinct. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ORION, a beautifully formed flower; the upper petals bright rose, margined with white; under petals soft rose, edged with white; large white centre. 7*s.* 6*d.*

PELIAS, upper petals very dark crimson maroon, edged with violet rose; under petals rich dark crimson, edged with rose; large white centre. 7*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCESS TECK, white with carmine spots, a very smooth flower and a most profuse bloomer. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PYRENE, upper petals rose, with light edge; under petals pale rose, with light margin; large white centre. 7*s.* 6*d.*

RESTITUTION, rich dark maroon margined with violet, light centre, encircled with violet. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ROSINA, rosy lake upper petals, edged with white; under petals rose, blotched with lake; large white eye; a very pleasing flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ROSY MORN, cheerful rose with clear white throat and edges; a fine flower of excellent shape. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SCIPIO, *vide* page 8.

SEMELE, *vide* page 8.

SONNET, upper petals dark maroon, surrounded with violet and edged with white; under petals light crimson, margined with white, and white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE FANCY PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

THERESA, upper petals dark crimson, shaded with violet and edged with white; under petals crimson, margined with white; large light centre. 5*s.*

TIMON, *vide* page 9.

TRIBUNE, violet peach, pure white centre, and all the petals edged with white. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TRITON, deep rich rosy crimson, the upper petals shaded with violet; large white centre; a fine flower. 5*s.*

UMBRIA, *vide* page 9.

VICTOR HUGO, crimson, with large light centre; a fine flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s *general collection at* 18*s.*, 24*s.* *and* 30*s. per dozen.*

HYBRID PERPETUAL PELARGONIUMS.

This section is recommended for its perpetual free-blooming character and the glowing colours of the flowers.

DR. SCHOMBURGH, upper petals deep crimson blotched with crimson maroon; under petals crimson, shaded with rose; light centre, shaded with violet; very free and showy. 5*s.*

FREUND EBBE, bright carmine, with dark veins and spots; a very rich and attractive flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

HOFGÄRTNER HUBER, a fine round flower; the upper petals rosy purple, darkly spotted and veined; the under petals rosy carmine, with light veins. 2*s.* 6*d.*

HOFGÄRTNER KELLERMANN, the upper petals carmine red, with dark spots and veins; under petals light carmine, lightly veined. 2*s.* 6*d.*

KARL KLEIN, a splendid variety, producing very bright red flowers, darkly spotted; very showy. 5*s.*

MADAME GLEVITZKY, upper petals of a fine vermilion colour, veined and spotted with purple, under petals light vermilion. 2*s.* 6*d.*

OBERBÜRGERMEISTER HEIM, rich velvety crimson, very darkly spotted. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PELARGONIUMS.

CAPE SPECIES, HYBRIDS AND VARIETIES.

ARIEL, rosy crimson, with maroon blotch and feathering, and pale centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

BEAUTY, rosy pink, blotched with maroon; white centre. 5*s.*

COMPACTUM MULTIFLORUM, bright rose, blotched with dark crimson; very pretty and effective. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ECHINATUM, white, with slight crimson marking in the upper petals. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PIXIE, dark rose, with chocolate blotch, and pale centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SÆPEFLORENS, very free blooming; flowers rosy pink. 1*s.* 6*d.*

SPOTTED GEM, deep rosy magenta, spotted with dark crimson. 1*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE ZONAL PELARGONIUMS.

For new varieties offered for the first time, vide page 9.

ADAIR, large trusses of fine flowers, with thick wax-like petals of a rich carmine colour, shaded with scarlet. 1*s.* 6*d.*

AILSA, rich crimson, shaded with carmine scarlet and tinted with violet; trusses close and compact. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ALBERT GRÉVY, a large and well-formed flower, of a rich violet amaranth colour, the upper petals marked with bright orange scarlet. 7*s.* 6*d.*

ALEXIS, rose, shaded with bright salmon; a fine flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ALSATIA, bright salmon flowers, of large size and excellent form. 2*s.* 6*d.*

AMANUS, deep rosy magenta, with pink marking in upper petals. 1*s.* 6*d.*

AMASIA, very bright scarlet, with conspicuous white eye. 1*s.* 6*d.*

AMAZONE, bright lilac mauve, sprinkled with carmine dots; large truss; dwarf and free flowering. 1*s.* 6*d.*

AMPHION, rich deep rose pink, with white marking in upper petals. 3*s.* 6*d.*

AMULET, deep rosy magenta, shaded with scarlet in upper petals; fine truss. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ANDRÉ GILL, large trusses of clear rose flowers, turning to a grayish tint; a free blooming variety, of fine habit. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE ZONAL PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

ANSELMO, rich bright scarlet; a fine large flower, with good broad petals. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ARNOBIUS, a splendid variety, producing immense trusses of very rich bright dazzling scarlet flowers, with white eye. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ARRIAN, *vide* page 9.

ARVON, rosy cerise, with light pink marking in upper petals. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ATROPOS, deep rich scarlet crimson; fine large truss. 2*s.* 6*d.*

BARINGO, a pretty clean flower; pure white, with bright rosy salmon centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

BEPPO, intensely bright scarlet; a fine large flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

BRENNUS, rosy cerise, with violet pink blotch in the upper petals; fine large round flowers, produced in immense trusses. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CAMERON, magenta purple, marked with vermilion in the upper petals; a most beautiful and distinct shade of colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CATO, under petals rosy magenta crimson, with slight violet shade; upper petals scarlet, shaded with violet. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CATRINA, pure white, with pink centre; large truss. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CLARICE, clear bright scarlet, with white eye. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CORYBAS, pure white, with light blush pink centre; a very pretty flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CYPRIA, rosy cerise, shaded with magenta; fine truss. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CYTHERA, a fine flower, of a beautiful shade of pink peach colour, with light markings in the upper petals. 5*s.*

DECOY, salmon, flaked and striped with white; a very pretty flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

DEMADES, rich crimson scarlet, shaded with orange in upper petals. 1*s.* 6*d.*

DIOMEDES, a very fine flower, of a deep rich scarlet colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

DR. JOHN DENNY, rich crimson violet; the base of the two upper petals marked with orange scarlet; a magnificent flower, of large size and good form. 1*s.* 6*d.*

DRUSUS, bright salmon pink, flaked and striped with white; a very fine showy flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

EGERIA, a very pretty variety, with rosy peach flowers, shaded with magenta. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ELFIN, bright pink; a splendid colour; the upper petals marked with white. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ELSIE, rich deep scarlet; a fine flower and a free bloomer. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ENNIUS, *vide* page 9.

ERNESTINE, a very pretty and distinct flower; colour blush, shaded with salmon rose towards the centre. 1*s.* 6*d.*

EUGÉNIE GODARD, very dark carmine rose, with white centre; a fine variety, producing its flowers in large globular trusses. 2*s.* 6*d.*

EUROPA, flowers of exquisite form; rich deep scarlet, shaded with crimson in the upper petals; white eye; very attractive. 1*s.* 6*d.*

EURYALE, blush, shaded with rosy pink; a remarkably large and finely formed flower; very attractive. 5*s.*

EURYNOME, pure white, with bright salmon pink centre; an attractive flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

FABIUS, *vide* page 9.

FLAMMETTA, rich dark crimson; the upper petals shaded with scarlet. 1*s.* 6*d.*

FLORIAN, a well-formed flower, of a violet amaranth colour, the upper petals tinted with violet; red centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GALENUS, a very large and fine flower, of an exceedingly rich and bright scarlet colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GAUNTLET, rich deep rose pink, with white marking in the upper petals. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GLAUCUS, bright orange scarlet, with white eye; very attractive. 2*s.* 6*d.*

HECLA, soft purplish rose; the upper petals marked with white. 3*s.* 6*d.*

HERON, rich magenta crimson, shaded with violet in the upper petals; a remarkably attractive shade of colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

HIDALGO, fine large flowers, of an intensely rich and bright scarlet colour; of good form and substance. 2*s.* 6*d.*

IDYL, a finely formed flower, of a beautiful salmon colour, having a white centre, surrounded with orange scarlet. 1*s.* 6*d.*

JUANITA, salmon pink, deeper towards the centre of the flower; white eye. 1*s.* 6*d.*

JUBILEE, fine large flowers of a soft rosy lake colour; distinct and pretty. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LAVERNA, a very large fine flower, of a delicate soft satiny pink colour, with white marking in the two upper petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LELA, very clean pure white; medium sized flower of good form. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LEVINUS, rich bright salmon rose, striped and flaked with white and blush. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MARCUS, a fine well-formed flower, of a bright scarlet colour, with white eye. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MARTIUS, a magnificent flower, of a most showy and attractive rich rosy cerise colour, with beautiful violet crimson shading. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MELAS, rich deep scarlet, with white eye; very fine. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MINDORA, blush white, with bright salmon ring around the centre of the flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

M. LEVYLIER, fine large round flowers, of a beautiful bright salmon colour, slightly marbled with white; large white centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MURILLO, a fine round well-formed flower, of a dark amaranth crimson colour, striped and flaked with nankeen; very distinct. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NUMITOR, a magnificent flower, of a rich rosy magenta colour, shaded with violet, the upper petals tinted with scarlet. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE ZONAL PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

OSMAN PACHA (Rendatler), a very large flower of good form, flesh colour, veined and marbled with salmon ; white centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PALLADIO, rich bright scarlet, shaded with crimson in the upper petals ; very fine. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PALLAS, enormous trusses of flowers of a rich and deep rosy pink colour, slightly marked with white in the upper petals. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PAMELA, orange salmon, a fine flower, very bright and distinct. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PAREPA, rich salmon, deeper towards the centro ; a fine flower of excellent form. 5*s.*

PHORBAS, rich bright scarlet; flowers of good shape, produced in large trusses. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PLOTINA, a very pure white flower, with thick shell-like petals ; good truss. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PORSENNA, a fine large flower, of a rich salmon pink colour, with white centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PORTIA, salmon, with light margin ; very large and stout flowers, of excellent form. 2*s.* 6*d.*

POTAMOS, light bright scarlet, the upper petals shaded with crimson ; a fine large flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PYRRHUS, a magnificent variety, producing flowers of a deep rich magenta crimson colour, and having the upper petals shaded with bright scarlet. 5*s.*

PYTHAGORAS, a fine flower, of an extremely intense shade of scarlet crimson, with white eye. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PYTHIAS, deep rich crimson, shaded with scarlet ; a fine large flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

REGGIO, soft rosy cerise, a very pretty flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

RISTORI, deep orange scarlet, with small white eye. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SALVATOR, a very fine variety, producing large flowers of an intensely bright scarlet colour, with attractive white eye. 1*s.* 6*d.*

SILISTRIA, deep crimson scarlet ; a very rich and showy colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SOLON, *vide* page 9.

STEROPES, very bright light scarlet, with white eye ; of dwarf habit. 1*s.* 6*d.*

SYRISSA, pure white, with soft flesh-coloured centre ; a fine flower ; exceedingly pretty and effective. 2*s.* 6*d.*

TAGUS, rich magenta crimson, shaded with cerise in the upper petals. 1*s.* 6*d.*

TARIM, cerise scarlet with white eye ; a very fine large flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

TELLUS, an extremely fine flower, of a very rich and bright scarlet colour, with large and conspicuous white eye. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TERANO, deep rich scarlet crimson ; a fine showy flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

TEREUS, a remarkably large and fine flower of a very rich and bright scarlet colour, with conspicuous white eye. 2*s.* 6*d.*

THESEUS, splendid rich bright scarlet flowers, with thick shell-like petals, produced in fine large trusses. 2*s.* 6*d.*

THETIS, pure white, with a distinct rosy pink zone round the centre of the flower, which is also white. 1*s.* 6*d.*

THRASEA, *vide* page 9.

TIGRANES, *vide* page 9.

UKARA, this variety produces fine trusses of very pure clear white flowers, of good form and substance. 3*s.* 6*d.*

URBINO, rosy violet, a very pretty shade of colour ; flowers of fine form. 1*s.* 6*d.*

VELINDRA, magenta crimson, shaded with scarlet in the upper petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*

XANTHO, salmon pink, deeper towards the centre of the flower ; white eye. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ZARA, white, with distinct and well marked ring of a beautiful salmon rose colour around the white centre ; very pretty. 3*s.* 6*d.*

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B's *general collection, at* 9*s. and* 12*s. per dozen.*

NEW AND CHOICE NOSEGAY PELARGONIUMS.

This section is admirably adapted for bedding, as the flowers are borne in the greatest profusion, and in immense trusses, and hence produce great effect.

ADMIRANDA, one of the most remarkable and distinct varieties ever raised ; the flowers are of a beautiful blush colour, the base of the petals being marked with bright salmon scarlet, thus giving the flower the appearance of having a ring of that colour with a light centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ALBANIA, a magnificent variety, producing immense trusses of rich rosy violet flowers. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ALETHIA, cerise, shaded with salmon, and margined with vermilion ; distinct and effective. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ALGERNON, rich carmine crimson, flowers large and fine ; extremely effective. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ALPHEUS, bright dazzling crimson scarlet ; a very fine variety. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ANGUS, cerise shaded with scarlet ; immense truss. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ARPA, rich bright crimson, the upper petals shaded with scarlet. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ARSENAL, rich magenta crimson, with scarlet shade in upper petals ; fine large truss. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE NOSEGAY PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

BLACK DIAMOND, an extremely attractive variety, producing immense trusses of very rich dark crimson flowers ; a splendid colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CAMERINO, a magnificent variety, producing enormous trusses of rich rosy cerise flowers. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CARLOS, cerise, shaded with scarlet ; fine flowers borne in immense trusses. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CATULLUS, a fine large flower of a rich deep crimson scarlet colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CORIOLANUS, this variety produces immense trusses of fine flowers of a rich clear bright scarlet colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

DORIS, very light pink, with white marking in the upper petals ; an extremely beautiful and delicate shade of colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

JUNO, a magnificent flower of a deep rose colour, shaded with violet lake, slight light marking in the upper petals ; a very distinct variety ; extra fine. 1*s.* 6*d.*

JUSSIEU, immense trusses of flowers of an orange scarlet colour, veined with purple in the centre ; very fine. 5*s.*

LATINUS, fine large trusses of beautiful rosy peach coloured flowers. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LEONIDAS, soft rosy violet, with scarlet marking in the upper petals. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LEVANA, good trusses of fine large flowers of a rich deep pink colour, with white marking in the upper petals. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MAMERTES, very light pink with deep rich salmon centre ; a very beautiful flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MANRIQUE, deep rosy magenta, with light scarlet marking in the upper petals ; flowers produced in fine large trusses. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MARCEAU, large round trusses of beautiful flowers, of a purplish lake colour, tinted with violet. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MARGUERITE MOUGIN, large flower, of a very clear rose colour, the upper petals marked with white towards the centre ; dwarf habit. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MARTHESIA, very rich and bright deep pink, with white marking in the upper petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*

M. CALAME, a superb variety, producing immense trusses of rich velvety vermilion coloured flowers. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NEKROS, rosy peach, suffused with magenta ; a beautiful shade of colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

NUMICIUS, rich deep crimson magenta ; fine large round truss. 1*s.* 6*d.*

OLIVAR, deep magenta, tinted with violet, a magnificent colour ; the edges of the petals are shaded with rich scarlet crimson ; flowers borne in enormous trusses. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ORMOND, upper petals rose shaded with violet ; under petals rose shaded with scarlet. 1*s.* 6*d.*

OSSIAN, violet rose, edged with deep scarlet ; an effective flower of good size and shape. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PARMENIO, soft rosy violet, the upper petals shaded with crimson ; a very large and fine flower ; trusses immense. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PERSEUS, light cerise pink, beautifully shaded with salmon ; one of the largest flowers in the section ; of good form, with fine broad petals ; extremely distinct and attractive. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PHASIS, rich purplish crimson, tinted with violet ; a charming colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

RINALDO, soft magenta, shaded with rose and violet ; a large showy flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ROSARIO, blush, shaded with pink towards the centre, which is pure white ; immense truss ; very fine flowers. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SÉNATEUR BERNARD, a very beautiful variety, giving large round trusses of flowers of a rose madder colour, with lighter centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SIBYLLA, a beautiful flower ; blush white, the central half of the petals marked with bright salmon pink, forming a ring around the light centre ; a remarkably attractive variety. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SONORA, a beautiful variety, giving immense trusses of very large and fine flowers of a light rosy cerise colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

SYLPHE, this variety produces large trusses of white flowers. 2*s.* 6*d.*

TAPOS, a fine variety, producing large trusses of bright rosy cerise flowers. 1*s.* 6*d.*

THAPTO, large flowers of a rich deep magenta crimson colour, shaded with violet. 1*s.* 6*d.*

THESSA, a showy variety, producing immense trusses of cerise scarlet flowers. 1*s.* 6*d.*

THIAM, intensely bright vermilion scarlet ; extremely showy and effective. 1*s.* 6*d.*

TINTAMARRE, an excellent bedding variety, producing immense trusses of fine flowers of a cerise red colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

TISON, very fine large flowers, of a magnificent rich shade of magenta crimson ; very showy. 2*s.* 6*d.*

URANIE, a fine flower, of a very deep rich magenta crimson colour, with violet shading ; the upper petals are tinted with scarlet ; immense truss. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ZELIA, a very fine large flower, of a soft magenta rose colour ; good truss. 2*s.* 6*d.*

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr W. B.'s *general collection at* 9*s. and* 12*s. per dozen.*

NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE-FLOWERED IVY-LEAVED PELARGONIUMS.

ADINE, pale rosy pink, with light centre ; a pretty flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

AURELIA, rosy pink, feathered with crimson in the upper petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*

BIJOU, an extremely attractive hybrid, producing large trusses of full double flowers of a rich bright scarlet colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CALYPSO, pale pink, the upper petals feathered with rich crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CHARM, a very fine large flower of a beautiful bright pink colour, with rich crimson marking in the upper petals. 5*s.*

DUNOIS, delicate blush ; the upper petals slightly feathered with dark crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

EGERIA, deep violet rose ; the upper petals slightly marked with crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

EMBLEM, a beautiful hybrid, with pretty double flowers of a cerise pink colour, slightly shaded with salmon ; light centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ERNEST, deep rich mauve pink, the upper petals flaked with dark crimson. 1*s.* 6*d.*

FESTINA, lavender rose, the upper petals marked with bright crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

FINETTE, blush white, the upper petals flushed with rose and feathered with dark crimson ; a very fine, large and distinct flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GAZELLE, delicate blush with light rose tint, upper petals feathered with crimson ; a very full double flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

HERMINE, rosy lavender, with rich crimson feathering in the upper petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ISABEL, soft pink, with attractive crimson marking in the upper petals ; a fine showy flower. 5*s.*

JULIA, delicate blush white, the upper petals rayed with purple ; a fine flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LUCINDA, blush pink, the upper petals feathered with crimson ; a very large and finely-formed double flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MARSHAL, rich rosy cerise ; a most attractive hybrid variety producing fine double flowers. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MARTHA, blush, with crimson feathering in the upper petals ; a very beautiful flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MINERVA, pinkish lavender, the upper petals feathered with crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NEPHELE, deep rosy lilac with purplish feathering in the upper petals ; a fine large flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NORMA, a distinct variety, giving fine flowers of a deep lavender pink colour, the upper petals barred with violet crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

OLIVAR, pale mauve pink, with light crimson marking in the upper petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*

OLYMPUS, rich mauve pink, with slight crimson marking in the upper petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ONDINE, a very fine large flower of a soft rosy pink colour, the upper petals feathered with bright carmine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

OPHIR, a showy variety, producing fine flowers of a rich rosy pink colour, with light crimson marking in the upper petals. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PABLO, soft lavender blush, with slight crimson marking in the upper petals. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PLUTUS, this splendid variety produces fine large rosette-like flowers of a violet rose colour. 5*s.*

PORTENA, pinkish lavender, the upper petals feathered with crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

RENOWN, a magnificent hybrid, producing fine double flowers, of a rich rosy carmine colour shaded with scarlet ; exceedingly showy. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ROSETTE, soft rose, shaded with mauve ; a beautifully formed large rosette-like flower ; the plant is of compact habit and very free blooming. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ROSINA, pale pink, with crimson marking in the upper petals ; a very pretty variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SCEPTRE, soft pink, slightly shaded with lavender, the upper petals blotched with violet crimson ; a very fine full double flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SERAPH, light mauve pink, the upper petals beautifully barred and feathered with rich dark crimson ; flowers very full and double. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SIDONIE, a free-blooming variety, producing fine full flowers of a deep mauve pink colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

THALIA, pale rosy pink, the upper petals marked with crimson ; a pretty and effective flower. 5*s.*

THISBE, rosy lilac, with crimson feathering in the upper petals ; a pretty flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

URANIE, soft rose, tinted with violet, the upper petals blotched with rich crimson ; very fine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VESTA, fine large double flowers of a very delicate blush pink colour, the upper petals rayed with purplish crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VIRGO, a beautiful flower, of a very pretty soft pink colour, the upper petals feathered with bright crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ZEPHYR, a beautiful variety, with large full flowers of a rich soft rose colour with mauve tint, and the upper petals striped with carmine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE IVY-LEAVED PELARGONIUMS.

"PELARGONIUM LATERIPES."

Ivy-leaved Pelargoniums, on aeeount of their graeeful drooping growth, are extremely useful for vases, and rustie or suspended baskets; the rich wax-like foliage alone is ornamental, but added to that, they have pretty flowers, and the different varieties present a eontrast and charm obtained by few other plants.

AVOCA, a beautiful flower, of a blush pink colour, feathered with rich crimson in the upper petals. 3*s.* 6*d.*

BUTTERFLY, bright rose, striped with crimson in the upper petals, and blotched with rosy violet. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CAMBODA, bright rose, with rich crimson marking in the upper petals; a very attractive variety. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CAPTIVE, rose, marked with pink in the upper petals, and feathered with carmine. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CASSIDY, rose pink, with white centre, blotched in the upper petals very conspicuously with purplish crimson; a most attractive flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CEDARO, deep rose, shaded with purple, upper petals feathered with crimson and white; a fine large flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CONSTANCE, mauve, striped with crimson in the upper petals; very distinct and pretty. 1*s.* 6*d.*

DUCHESSE, violet pink, feathered with bright red on the upper petals. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ECLIPSE, a splendid variety, freely producing its lovely flowers, which are of a beautiful mauve pink colour, and have the upper petals distinctly and attractively feathered with rich crimson; this charming variety is one of the best and most distinct of its class. 3*s.* 6*d.*

FASCINATION, blush white, the upper petals barred with maroon and feathered with crimson; a fine showy variety. 1*s.* 6*d.*

FELICIANO, a beautiful variety, producing fine large flowers of a delicate blush pink colour, with deep crimson blotch and feathering in the upper petals. 5*s.*

FLORINDA, an extremely pretty flower, of a very delicate pink colour, with white centre; the upper petals marked with purplish crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

IDRA, blush, with large purplish crimson blotch and marking in the upper petals; a very fine large flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LEDA, rosy pink, with light centre, the upper petals richly feathered with dark violet crimson; a very fine variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MARION, white tinted blush, the upper petals feathered with dark crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MEDINA, bright rosy lavender, with white centre; the upper petals marked with violet rose; a very pleasing flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MINA, white; the under petals suffused with blush; the upper petals blotched with deep violet rose. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MORA, an attractive variety, producing large flowers of a soft pink colour, with crimson markings in the upper petals. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NAIAD, lavender pink, a very delicate shade of colour; the upper petals ornamented with crimson feathering; a showy and attractive variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PERA, delicate blush; the upper petals beautifully blotched and feathered with rich purplish crimson; a very fine variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

TEKAPO, blush pink, the upper petals feathered with violet crimson; a fine flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE-FLOWERED ZONAL PELARGONIUMS.

ALBA PERFECTA, a free-flowering variety, producing enormous trusses of large and well-formed pure snowy white flowers. 3*s.* 6*d.*

AMAZONE, a fine variety, giving large trusses of creamy white flowers. 5*s.*

AMPHITRITE, this variety produces nice compact trusses of alabaster white flowers. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ANATOLE DE LA FORGE, very large trusses of fine full flowers, of the most beautiful brilliant carmine lake colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ARETUSA, a magnificent variety, producing very fine large well-expanded flowers, of a deep rich crimson scarlet colour; extremely attractive. 5*s.*

NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE-FLOWERED ZONAL PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

BOULE DE NEIGE, a beautiful variety, producing enormous trusses of full double flowers of a pure snowy whiteness; of dwarf habit, and very free blooming. 5*s.*

BRONTES, a fine variety, producing large, full, well-formed flowers of a rich dark crimson scarlet colour; very attractive. 7*s.* 6*d.*

CANDIDISSIMA PLENA, very large, full, and finely formed flowers of the most pure snowy whiteness, not becoming tinted with rose as the flowers get fully expanded. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CELLA, soft rosy purple, upper petals shaded with scarlet; quite a novel and distinct flower. 7*s.* 6*d.*

CHARLES HOVEY, fine full flowers of a delicate blush colour, produced in immense trusses. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CHARLES VOGT, an attractive variety, producing immense trusses of rosy violet flowers. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CLAUDE, light salmon shaded with pink towards the centre of the flower. 5*s.*

COMTE RAMPON, dark red flowers, very full and of fine form; trusses immense. 2*s.* 6*d.*

COMTESSE HORACE DE CHOISEUL, a free-flowering and attractive variety of dwarf habit; the flowers are of beautiful orange salmon colour. 5*s.*

CRATINUS, bright cerise scarlet, a very fine flower; trusses immense. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CRÉMIEUX, orange red; a very attractive variety, producing enormous trusses. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CYBELE, this variety produces immense trusses of fine large flowers of a bright salmon rose colour, some of the petals flaked and blotched with blush white; extremely distinct. 7*s.* 6*d.*

DENFERT-ROCHEREAU, this variety gives huge trusses of flowers of a madder colour, bordered with salmon. 5*s.*

DR. JACOBY, an attractive variety, with enormous trusses of very large full flowers of a clear nankeen salmon colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ED. ABOUT, a fine variety, producing enormous trusses of flowers of a clear coppery red colour, paler towards the edges. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ED. ANDRÉ, a very large flower of a bright red colour, deeper in the centre; all the flowers shaded with lilac. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ELATHEUS, a very free blooming variety, producing large full flowers of a bright crimson colour slightly shaded with purple. 5*s.*

EMILE DE GIRARDIN, a splendid variety, producing immense trusses of flowers of a beautiful rose colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ERNEST LAUTH, a splendid variety, giving huge trusses of rich violet crimson flowers. 1*s.* 6*d.*

EUNICE, a fine large flower, of an extremely pretty shade of rich rose pink colour. 5*s.*

F. P. RASPAIL, a beautiful flower, of a rich bright crimson colour, trusses enormous; a very attractive variety. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GAMBETTA, immense trusses of very large flowers of a deep rosy cerise colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

GÉNÉRAL DE GALLIFFET, bright orange red, shaded with rose; a very beautiful variety. 5*s.*

GORDIUS, rich bright salmon pink, the colour becoming deeper towards the centre of the flower; very showy and effective. 5*s.*

HARMONIA, a fine variety, giving enormous globular trusses of very large full flowers of a light cerise colour, shaded with vermilion. 3*s.* 6*d.*

H. CANNELL, this variety produces immense trusses of fine double flowers of a rich violet amaranth colour, the upper petals marked with bright red; an extremely attractive flower. 7*s.* 6*d.*

HEROINE, a free-flowering variety, producing immense trusses of fine, large and full, pure white flowers. 5*s.*

HILDA, a dwarf-growing variety, producing close compact trusses of pure white flowers. 5*s.*

JULES SIMON, a dwarf and very free-flowering variety, producing beautiful flowers of a clear rose colour; an excellent bedder. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LA CONSTITUTION, brilliant orange salmon; one of the most beautiful flowers of this shade of colour; large and full. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LA LORRAINE, a fine variety, producing enormous trusses of large flowers of a chamois salmon colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LE CENTENAIRE, reddish crimson shaded with violet; a fine large flower, very attractive. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LITTRÉ, immense trusses of fine large flowers of a clear rosy violet colour, the upper petals marked with white. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LOTHARIO, a fine variety, producing large trusses of full flowers of a bright scarlet colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LOUIS POIRIER, large globular trusses of fine full flowers of a beautiful salmon rose colour, with large bright orange centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME AMÉLIE BALTET, an excellent variety producing very full and well-formed flowers of pure snowy whiteness; the trusses are of immense size and borne well above the foliage. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME LA MARÉCHALE DE MACMAHON, a remarkably attractive and beautiful variety, producing enormous trusses of flowers of a clear fresh rose mauve colour with white centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MINOS, bright orange scarlet, fine large flowers, very full and double. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE-FLOWERED ZONAL PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

MIRABEAU, an effective variety producing immense trusses of large flowers of a brilliant scarlet colour. 5*s.*

M. BÜCHLER, a distinct and attractive variety producing very fine flowers of a rich dark purplish crimson colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

M. DALLIÈRE, rich deep vermilion red; fine large flowers produced in strong trusses. 2*s.* 6*d.*

M. LAVIGNE, a fine flower of a rich and brilliant scarlet colour; very effective. 2*s.* 6*d.*

M. MACHET, fine large trusses of reddish orange flowers, the lower petals of which are marked with salmon rose; very distinct. 3*s.* 6*d.*

M. MALLER, a magnificent variety freely producing very large flowers of a dazzling scarlet colour; extremely showy and attractive. 2*s.* 6*d.*

M. PASTEUR, large globular trusses of rich red flowers shaded with orange; very showy. 3*s.* 6*d.*

M. PLAISANÇON, immense trusses of dark crimson purple flowers; a splendid variety. 1*s.* 6*d.*

NAMUR, a large flower of a bright orange scarlet colour, tinted with lilac in the centre; extremely attractive. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NYMPHE, white, slightly tinted with rose; very fine large full flowers produced in immense globular trusses. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PAUL BERT, a dwarf growing variety, giving huge trusses of large rosy violet flowers. 5*s.*

PERLE, this variety produces beautifully formed full flowers of a soft satiny flesh colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PICCO, light pink; a fine large showy semi-double flower. 5*s.*

PILGRIM, a very distinct and attractive variety, producing immense trusses of fine large flowers of a beautiful shade of deep violet rose colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PRESIDENT LÉON SIMON, a vigorous growing variety, producing huge trusses of very large and full flowers, of a clear deep red colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PRESIDENT RENOUARD, a fine flower of a bright carmine colour with light centre. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCESSE DE LÉON, a large and fine flower of a very deep crimson colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PSYCHÉ, a fine variety producing very large semi-double flowers of a clear bright rose colour changing to carmine. 2*s.* 6*d.*

PTERON, a dwarf-habited variety, producing fine flowers of a bright light scarlet colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SMUGGLER, rich carmine scarlet; a very fine large flower with broad petals; large truss. 2*s.* 6*d.*

STENYO, a remarkably attractive variety, producing huge trusses of fine large flowers of a soft rosy carmine colour. 7*s.* 6*d.*

STUDENT, rich rosy scarlet, shaded with magenta; a fine, large and full flower; extremely showy and effective. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TOSILOS, a splendid variety, with large trusses of fine full flowers of a rich magenta crimson colour, shaded with scarlet; habit dwarf and compact; very fine. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TRITON, soft rosy pink, lighter in the centre of the flower; trusses large and fine. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TYNDARUS, very fine, large and full flowers of an exceedingly rich shade of magenta crimson colour. 5*s.*

VATINIUS, deep rich crimson, shaded with magenta, a most beautiful and attractive colour, flowers large and full. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VAUBAN, brilliant reddish crimson, shaded with amaranth and violet; a fine flower. 5*s.*

VICTOR HUGO, a fine variety producing enormous trusses of double flowers of an orange red colour veined and marbled with rose. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VILLE DE NANCY, dwarf and floriferous; large trusses of fine flowers of a soft rose colour; a beautiful variety. 5*s.*

VIOLET, a very free blooming variety, producing beautiful flowers of a violet crimson colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

XENOPHON, a splendid variety, producing huge trusses of very large and well-formed flowers of a rich deep magenta crimson colour, shaded with violet. 5*s.*

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s *general collection at* 9*s.*, 12*s. and* 18*s. per dozen.*

PELARGONIUMS WITH VARIEGATED FOLIAGE.

GOLDEN TRICOLOR VARIETIES.

Good selections of handsome kinds can be made by Mr. W. B. *at* 18*s. and* 30*s. per dozen.*

SILVER TRICOLOR AND SILVER EDGED VARIETIES.

Good selections of handsome kinds can be made by Mr. W. B. *at* 18*s. and* 30*s. per dozen.*

BRONZE AND GOLD VARIETIES.

Good selections of handsome kinds can be made by Mr. W. B. *at* 18*s. and* 30*s. per dozen.*

TREE FERNS.

Of these majestic plants the stock is very large. They have stems varying in height from 1 foot to 10 feet, and having been imported from Australia and New Zealand, they are such as will succeed well in any ordinary greenhouse. Their fine graceful habit and singularly distinct appearance render them peculiarly adapted for the decoration of conservatories. They range in price according to sorts, sizes, and strength of the specimens. It may, however, be as well to remark that they are not merely newly imported trunks, but well established plants with fine heads, many of them having been grown in this country several years.

Prices on application, or an inspection invited.

No.	Name.	Height of Stem.	Height of Head.
1	Dicksonia antarctica	2 ft. 1 in.	1 ft. 10 in.
2	,, ,,	2 ft. 1 in.	2 ft. 3 in.
3	,, ,,	5 ft.	4 ft.
4	,, ,,	5 ft.	3 ft. 3 in.
5	,, ,,	3 ft. 10 in.	2 ft. 3 in.
6	,, ,,	4 ft. 10 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
7	,, ,,	2 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
8	,, ,,	2 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
9	,, ,,	5 ft.	2 ft. 3 in.
10	,, ,,	3 ft. 9 in.	3 ft. 9 in.
11	,, ,,	4 ft. 5 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
12	,, ,,	4 ft. 9 in.	3 ft.
13	,, ,,	3 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 3 in.
14	,, ,,	4 ft. 3 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
15	,, ,,	7 ft.	3 ft. 6 in.
16	,, ,,	8 ft. 5 in.	2 ft. 9 in.
17	,, ,,	4 ft. 6 in.	4 ft.
18	,, ,,	4 ft. 8 in.	3 ft.
19	,, ,,	2 ft. 7 in.	2 ft. 3 in.
20	,, ,,	3 ft. 11 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
21	,, ,,	2 ft. 10 in.	3 ft.
22	,, ,,	5 ft. 10 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
23	,, ,,	6 ft. 10 in.	3 ft. 3 in.
24	,, ,,	6 ft. 8 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
25	,, ,,	5 ft. 2 in.	3 ft.
26	,, ,,	2 ft.	2 ft. 3 in.
27	,, ,,	6 ft. 8 in.	4 ft. 6 in.
28	,, ,,	4 ft. 3 in.	3 ft.
29	,, ,,	3 ft. 1 in.	3 ft.
30	,, ,,	2 ft. 11 in.	2 ft. 9 in.
31	,, ,,	6 ft. 9 in.	3 ft.
32	,, ,,	7 ft. 5 in.	3 ft.
33	,, ,,	3 ft. 2 in.	3 ft.
34	,, ,,	2 ft. 9 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
35	,, ,,	2 ft.	1 ft. 6 in.
36	,, ,,	4 ft.	3 ft. 6 in.
37	,, ,,	4 ft. 4 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
38	,, ,,	3 ft. 3 in.	2 ft.

CYATHEA SMITHII. CYATHEA DEALBATA.

DICKSONIA ANTARCTICA.

TREE FERNS—Continued.

No.	Name.	Height of Stem.	Height of Head.
39	Dicksonia antarctica	5 ft.	2 ft. 3 in.
40	,, ,,	6 ft. 7 in.	4 ft.
41	,, ,,	3 ft. 5 in.	2 ft. 9 in.
42	,, ,,	7 ft. 4 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
43	,, ,,	11 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 9 in.
44	,, ,,	9 ft. 8 in.	3 ft.
45	,, ,,	4 ft. 9 in.	4 ft.
46	,, ,,	7 ft. 8 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
47	,, ,,	5 ft. 8 in.	3 ft.
48	,, ,,	3 ft. 5 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
49	,, ,,	3 ft. 2 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
50	,, ,,	6 ft. 9 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
51	,, ,,	6 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
52	,, ,,	5 ft. 2 in.	3 ft. 3 in.
53	,, ,,	6 ft. 4 in.	3 ft.
54	,, ,,	2 ft. 7 in.	3 ft.
55	,, ,,	6 ft. 5 in.	3 ft. 3 in.
56	,, ,,	4 ft. 2 in.	3 ft.
57	,, ,,	7 ft. 2 in.	4 ft.
58	,, ,,	5 ft.	4 ft.
59	,, ,,	3 ft. 6 in.	3 ft.
60	,, ,,	9 ft. 5 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
61	,, ,,	6 ft. 5 in.	3 ft. 2 in.
62	,, ,,	7 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
63	,, ,,	6 ft. 8 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
64	,, ,,	3 ft. 10 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
65	,, ,,	7 ft. 2 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
66	,, ,,	7 ft.	3 ft. 6 in.
67	,, ,,	6 ft. 3 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
68	,, ,,	5 ft. 4 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
69	,, ,,	6 ft. 6 in.	3 ft.
70	Dicksonia squarrosa	7 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.
71	Alsophila Leiohardtiana	7 ft. 5 in.	1 ft. 10 in.
72	Cyathea dealbata	4 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 10 in.
73	,, ,,	5 ft. 4 in.	1 ft. 6 in.
74	,, ,,	4 ft. 10 in.	2 ft.
75	,, ,,	3 ft. 2 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
76	,, ,,	4 ft. 9 in.	2 ft.
77	,, ,,	8 ft. 10 in.	2 ft.
78	,, ,,	1 ft. 6 in.	2 ft.
79	,, ,,	5 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.
80	,, ,,	4 ft. 2 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
81	,, ,,	2 ft.	2 ft.
82	,, ,,	3 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 6 in.

TREE FERNS—Continued.

No.	Name.	Height of Stem.	Height of Head.
83	Cyathea dealbata	2 ft.	1 ft. 10 in.
84	,, ,,	3 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
85	,, ,,	3 ft. 6 in.	2 ft.
86	,, ,,	4 ft. 2 in.	3 ft. 4 in.
87	,, ,,	7 ft. 3 in.	2 ft. 9 in.
88	,, ,,	3 ft. 2 in.	3 ft.
89	,, ,,	4 ft. 3 in.	2 ft.
90	,, ,,	2 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
91	,, ,,	2 ft. 1 in.	2 ft.
92	,, ,,	2 ft.	2 ft.
93	,, ,,	2 ft. 7 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
94	,, ,,	3 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
95	,, ,,	2 ft. 9 in.	2 ft.
96	,, ,,	1 ft. 9 in.	2 ft.
97	,, ,,	5 ft. 7 in.	2 ft.
98	Cyathea dealbata foliosa	3 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 9 in.
99	Cyathea Smithii	5 ft. 8 in.	1 ft. 6 in.
100	,, ,,	7 ft. 5 in.	2 ft.
101	Cyathea Burkei	7 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.
102	,, ,,	7 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 3 in.
103	,, ,,	4 ft. 8 in.	3 ft.
104	Cyathea Dregei	3 ft. 1 in.	2 ft.
105	,, ,,	5 ft. 3 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
106	,, ,,	5 ft. 2 in.	3 ft.
107	,, ,,	4 ft.	2 ft. 9 in.
108	,, ,,	2 ft. 10 in.	2 ft. 9 in.
109	,, ,,	7 ft.	3 ft.
110	,, ,,	5 ft. 7 in.	3 ft. 3 in.
111	Cyathea medullaris	6 ft. 10 in.	3 ft. 6 in.
112	,, ,,	6 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 6 in.

CHOICE STOVE FERNS.

Mr. William Bull's general collection of these elegant decorative plants is of considerable extent, and comprises kinds that are moderate in price, as well as many that are extremely rare and unique.

Selections for the Stove can be supplied at 18s., 30s., 42s. and 60s. per dozen; when taken by the hundred, say in 50 sorts, £10, the selection would include many new and expensive kinds.

ADIANTUM AMABILE, *3s. 6d.* | **ADIANTUM CARDIOCHLÆNA**, *5s.*

ADIANTUM BELLUM.

A remarkable neat and pretty dwarf Maiden-hair Fern, recently introduced from Bermuda. It forms dense green tufts; the fronds are erect, ovate-lanceolate in outline, very slender, and divided in a bipinnate manner; the pinnæ are short and the pinnules small, wedge-shaped, varying considerably in their individual form, except that the terminal ones are constantly wedge-shaped and somewhat larger. Its tufted habit and lively light green fronds recommend it to the attention of Fern growers and the cultivators of decorative plants. *5s.*

ADIANTUM CILIATUM.

A very fine Maiden-hair, somewhat resembling *A. caudatum*, but its fronds are double the size of those of that variety, with the pinnæ boldly cut or fringed, and the colour is also brighter. It is of elegant growth, and well suited for hanging baskets or other decorative purposes. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

ADIANTUM CAUDATUM, 5*s.*
—— **CURVATUM**, 5*s.*
ADIANTUM CONCINNUM, 1*s.* 6*d.* & 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **LATUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.*

ADIANTUM FARLEYENSE.

The most magnificent variety of this handsome family; the fronds are of the size and form of *A. trapeziforme*, but pendent, and all the large pinnules are deeply fringed and crisped. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

ADIANTUM GHIESBREGHTII (SCUTUM), 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **HENDERSONI**, 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **HENSLOVIANUM (SESSILIFOLIUM)**, 5*s.*
—— **LUNULATUM**, 5*s.*
ADIANTUM MACROPHYLLUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PENTADACTYLON**, 5*s.*
—— **PERUVIANUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **RUBELLUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SANCTÆ CATHERINÆ**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SEEMANNI**, 5*s.*

ADIANTUM TETRAPHYLLUM GRACILE. For description and price, *vide* page 113.

ADIANTUM TETRAPHYLLUM GRACILE.

A handsome stove Fern, sent by one of my collectors from the United States of Colombia. It is of moderate stature, and remarkable for the beautiful reddish tint assumed by its fronds when first developed, and continuing until they are fairly expanded. The fronds are bipinnate, on slender black stipes, arching over elegantly at the top, and dividing into from 4 to 6 linear pinnæ. The red colour of the young fronds adds very much to the ornamental aspect of the plant, which is moreover of an elegant mode of growth. For illustration, *vide* page 112. 10*s.* 6*d.*

ADIANTUM TINCTUM, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **TRAPEZIFORME**, 5*s.*

ANEMIDICTYON PHYLLITIDIS, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

ANEMIDICTYON PHYLLITIDIS TESSELLATA.

A pleasing variety of the stove flowering Fern, *Anemidictyon Phyllitidis*, remarkable for its reticulated variegation. It has dimorphous fronds, which are ternately branched, the two lateral branches erect, contracted and fertile, and the terminal branch leafy, spreading and sterile. The venation of this Fern is reticulated in elongated meshes pointing towards the apex, and the course of the veins is indicated by a line of dark green, while the areole is of a paler green ; and sometimes there is a band of pale bright green along the centre of the pinnæ. Introduced from Brazil. 5*s.*

ASPLENIUM BELANGERI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CICUTARIUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **FERNANDEZIANUM**, 5*s.*
—— **HETEROCHROUM**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PROLONGATUM**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **SHEPHERDII**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

ASPLENIUM, of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
BLECHNUM BRASILIENSE, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **POLYPODIOIDES**, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
CYATHEA (CIBOTIUM) PRINCEPS, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

CYATHEA PUBESCENS.

A handsome West Indian Fern, introduced from Jamaica. The bipinnate fronds have the stipes castaneous, the pinnæ oblong, and the pinnules sessile, with falcate segments. It is a free-growing ornamental Fern of noble aspect. 10*s.* 6*d.*

DAVALLIA MOOREANA.

This most beautiful Fern is a native of Borneo. The stipes are quite smooth and pale coloured. The fronds are from two to three feet long, and from one to two feet wide at the base, triangular and pointed, of a graceful arching habit of growth, and most elegantly cut into a multitude of small blunt oblique soriferous segments ; their colour is a pale green, and they are very remarkable for the dotted appearance presented by the upper surface from the prominence of the sori. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

DAVALLIA HEMIPTERA, 5*s.*
—— **PARVULA**, 5*s.*

DAVALLIA PENTAPHYLLA, 5*s.*
—— **POLYANTHA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

DAVALLIA TENUIFOLIA STRICTA.

An extremely elegant free-growing Fern. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

DAVALLIA (HUMATA) TYERMANNI.

One of the most beautiful of all the Hare's-foot Ferns, of dwarf compact habit, having rich dark green fronds. The rhizomes are slender and densely clothed with large silvery-white chaffy scales, which contrast charmingly with the deep green of the fronds. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

DIPLAZIUM ARNOTTII.

A stout free-growing arborescent Fern from the Sandwich Islands. The fronds are of a broad or triangular outline, the pinnæ oblong acuminate, and the pinnules of the same form and cut into close-set lobes, bearing the duplex sori which are characteristic of Diplazium. It is a large-growing plant, well adapted for clothing masses of bold rock-work in warm plant houses. 10*s.* 6*d.*

GONIOPHLEBIUM GLAUCOPHYLLUM.

A very distinct and interesting stove Fern, well suited for basket culture. It has widely creeping rhizomes, which are clothed with scales on the younger portions, and from which spring the simple coriaceous oblong-lanceolate fronds, which are of a deep glaucous green colour on the upper surface, silvery beneath, and rather conspicuously veined. An illustration of this plant was given in the *Gardeners' Chronicle* for July 4th, 1874. 5*s.*

GONIOPHLEBIUM SUBAURICULATUM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
GYMNOGRAMMA CALOMELANOS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

GYMNOGRAMMA CHRYSOPHYLLA, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **DECOMPOSITA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
—— **LAUCHEANA**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

GYMNOGRAMMA MERTENSII DOBROYDENSIS.

A new form of Gold Fern, with the shortish triangular fronds, and irregular-shaped pinnules of *G. Mertensii*, densely clothed with golden powder beneath, and partially so on the upper surface of the younger fronds. 5*s.*

GYMNOGRAMMA PERUVIANA ARGYROPHYLLA.

Beautifully silvered above and below the fronds, and of neat and compact habit. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

GYMNOGRAMMA WETENHALLIANA.

An exceedingly handsome species, richly powdered with sulphur, and having the ends of the fronds finely tasselled. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GYMNOTHECA RADDIANA.

A noble Brazilian stove Fern of the Marattiaceous order, and one of the plants included in '*Marattia cicutæfolia* by some authors. It has a large purplish brown root-stock, formed by the imbricating stipuliform bases of the stout fleshy stipites, and produces ample bipinnate bright glossy green fronds, the pinnæ of which are lanceolate, and the pinnules linear with the posterior base cordate, the anterior base truncate, and the apex acuminate, while the margin is distinctly serrated with sharp even teeth. This plant can be recommended as being of noble and ornamental character. 2 and 3 guineas.

LASTREA QUINQUANGULARE.

A very handsome ornamental Fern. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LITOBROCHIA COMANS DENSA, *vide* page 5.

LOMARIA GIBBA.

This is one of the most beautiful and useful Ferns in cultivation, and admirably adapted for exhibition or decorative purposes. 1*s.* 6*d.*, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

LYGODIUM SCANDENS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
NEPHROLEPIS DUFFII, *vide* page 115.
MICROLEPIA HIRTA CRISTATA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

NEPHRODIUM TRUNCATUM.

An elegant free-growing subarborescent stove Fern introduced from the Sandwich Islands. It is well figured by Gaudichaud in his account of the plants of Freycinet's voyage, and is quite distinct from the *N. truncatum (abruptum)* of gardens. It has a short erect caudex, with smooth green stipes. The fronds are large, lanceolate-ovate in outline, palish green in colour, of a firm membranaceous texture, and are chiefly remarkable in the pinnato-pinnatifid series for their elegantly wavy surface. 7*s.* 6*d.*

NEPHROLEPIS ENSIFOLIA.

A pretty Fern for suspended baskets. 5*s.*

NEPHROLEPIS PECTINATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PHLEBODIUM GLAUCUM, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*
PLATYCERIUM GRANDE, 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

PLEOCNEMIA LEUZEANA.

This remarkably handsome stove Fern is of arborescent habit. The fronds are as broad as long, triangular, and tripinnate in the basal pinnæ. The pinnules appear deflexed from being set on below the surface of the rachides, which thus appear raised and produce a kind of ridge and furrow appearance. The ordinary pinnules are cut into ovate or oblong-toothed lobes, the sinuses being reflexed, which gives a crisped appearance to the surface. The specimens now offered were imported from the Philippine Islands, but it is found also in India, China, the Moluccas, and in some of the Pacific Islands. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

POLYSTICHUM LENTUM, *vide* page 6.
—— **VIVIPARUM**, *vide* page 6.
PTERIS BIAURITA, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— of sorts, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

SADLERIA CYATHEOIDES.

A very handsome Tree Fern of moderate stature, introduced from the Sandwich Islands. The fronds are bold and of coriaceous texture, the pinnæ cut down to the rachis into numerous linear pinnules. The sori form a continuous line on each side of the midrib, in the way of *Blechnum*, to which genus it is closely related, differing technically in the fact of the veins forming a series of costal arches. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Dundee in 1876. 1, 1½ and 2 guineas.

NEPHOLEPIS DUFFII.

NEPHROLEPIS DUFFII.

A very distinct and remarkable Fern, introduced from Duke of York Island. It is of a close tufted habit of growth, throwing out long thread-like stolones on which young plants are developed, and producing numerous fronds of a very peculiar character and exceedingly ornamental. The fronds, which have a charmingly drooping habit, are pinnate, with small rounded or flabellate pinnæ, which have the peculiarity of growing two together from the same point, and are crenate at the edges. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

CHOICE GREENHOUSE FERNS.

Selections of good kinds can be supplied from Mr. W. B.'s general collection, at 18s., 30s., 42s. and 60s. per dozen.

ADIANTUM CAPILLUS-VENERIS MAGNIFICUM.

The fronds of this really useful and attractive Fern are much larger than those of *A. Capillus-Veneris*, being from twelve to fifteen inches long by four inches broad, and curving over the sides of the pot. The pinnæ are of a beautiful soft green, and are almost as large as those of *A. farleyense*, and, like that variety, they gracefully overlap each other with finely incised and fringed edges. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

ADIANTUM CAPILLUS - VENERIS DAPHNITES, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

ADIANTUM CUNEATUM, 1*s.* 6*d.* & 2*s.* 6*d.*

—— **DECORUM**, 5*s.*

ADIANTUM CUNEATUM DISSECTUM.

An extremely elegant variety, of French origin. It has long black shining stipes, and triangular ovate bright green drooping fronds, which are evergreen, tripinnate, with normal-sized deeply lobed pinnules. This very graceful fern will be found most useful for all decorative purposes. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 15*s.*

ADIANTUM FORMOSUM, 2*s.* 6*d.*

ADIANTUM GRACILLIMUM, 2*s.* 6*d.* & 3*s.* 6*d.*

ADIANTUM MUNDULUM.

A charmingly pretty and exceedingly compact growing variety; its fronds are tripinnate, with numerous small crowded pinnules, which are narrowly cuneate, the larger of them three-lobed. This distinct and elegant plant was raised in France, and is quite a little gem among Adiantums. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 7*s.* 6*d.*

ALSOPHILA CAPENSIS.

Trunks of various sizes, 15*s.*, 1 and 1½ guinea.

ALSOPHILA AUSTRALIS, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

BALANTIUM CULCITA, 3*s.* 6*d.*

CIBOTIUM REGALE.

An exceedingly beautiful Fern, very remarkable from the stems and young fronds having a thick silky covering of pale yellow hair-like scales. 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

CYATHEA DEALBATA.

The Silver Fern of New Zealand. 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea For large plants, *vide* pages 110 & 111.

CYATHEA DREGEI.

A very fine South African greenhouse Fern, with bipinnate fronds of stoutish texture, and having the pinnules lanceolate, with oblong-ovate falcate segments, bluntish at the point, and the sori in the lower half immersed in rufous wool. 1 guinea. For large plants, *vide* page 111.

CYATHEA BURKEI, *vide* page 111.

—— **MEDULLARIS**, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.* *Vide* also page 111.

—— **SMITHII**, 1 to 2 guineas. *Vide* also page 111.

CYRTOMIUM FORTUNEI, 3*s.* 6*d.*

DAVALLIAS, of sorts, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

DICKSONIA ANTARCTICA, 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.* For large plants, *vide* pages 108 to 110.

—— **SQUARROSA**, *vide* page 110.

—— **YOUNGIÆ**, 15*s.* and 1 guinea.

DOODIA ASPERA MULTIFIDA, *vide* page 4.

LASTREA ARISTATA VARIEGATA.

One of the most charming of greenhouse variegated Ferns. It has the same kind of firm leathery fronds as the type, and like it is of a rich dark full green colour, which sets off the distinct variegation to much advantage; the variegation consists of a band of pale yellowish green which runs down the centre of the pinnæ and includes the midrib of rachis. This will no doubt prove to be one of the most valuable of recent introductions. It was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the Provincial Show of the Royal Horticultural Society, held at Preston, in 1878. For illustration, *vide* page 117. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*; strong plants, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

LITOBROCHIA VESPERTILIONIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*

LOMARIA CYCADÆFOLIA, 5*s.*

LASTREA ARISTATA VARIEGATA. For description and price, *vide* page 116.

LOMARIA DALGAIRNSIÆ. For description and price, *vide* page 119.

LOMARIA DALGAIRNSIÆ.

A very fine Fern of arborescent habit, possibly a form of *L. Boryana* (*magellanica*) and having something the aspect of that arborescent variety of this species which bears the name of *L. zamioides*. It has a blackish trunk, shaggy at the apex; subcoriaceous fronds and lanceolate acute pinnæ, dark green on the upper surface and paler beneath. It has been introduced from South Africa, and is a free-growing vigorous plant in a greenhouse temperature, and therefore a valuable acquisition. In the absence of fertile fronds, its glabrous surface and confluent upper pinnæ point to the plant published by Dr. Pappe under the name here adopted. For Illustration, *vide* page 118. 1, 1½ and 2 guineas; a few very handsome plants at 3 guineas each.

LOMARIA DISCOLOR BIPINNATIFIDA.

This beautiful Fern is certainly one of the most handsome of the Lomarias yet introduced. It is of symmetrical habit, its broad sterile fronds rise evenly from the crown, spread outwards in all directions, and arch in an exceedingly graceful manner. Their pinnæ are closely set, so that their parts overlap each other, and are divided to the mid-rib, the segments being very much toothed and somewhat crisped, which gives the fronds an elegantly fringed appearance. This was one of the twelve new plants with which Mr. W. Bull gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition, held at Dundee in September, 1876. The specimens offered have been imported from Victoria, and are of various sizes. Prices on application.

LOMARIA GIBBA, *vide* page 119. | **LOMARIA ZAMIÆFOLIA**, 5*s*.

MICROLEPIA ANTHRISCIFOLIA.

An elegant South African Fern of remarkably free growth, the creeping rhizomes throwing off an abundance of quadripinnate fronds, which resemble those of *Cheilanthes elegans* in their numerous and finely cut divisons, while their more ample size, velvety texture, and soft green colour, give a delightful effect to the whole plant. 5*s*.

NEPHRODIUM MOLLE CRISTATUM, 5*s*. | **NEPHRODIUM MOLLE RAMOSUM**, 5*s*.
ONYCHIUM JAPONICUM, 2*s*. 6*d*.

OSMUNDA PALUSTRIS.

A handsome evergreen warm greenhouse Fern, very closely resembling our native Royal Fern in its general style of growth, but differing in the fronds being persistent through the winter, which adds very much to its desirable qualities. The fronds are bipinnate, with the leaflets oblong and obtuse, the stipes and raches tinted of a reddish-brown colour. It is a native of Brazil. 3*s*. 6*d*. and 5*s*.

POLYPODIUM TRICHODES (LASTREA TENERICAULIS), 3*s*. 6*d*., 5*s*. and 7*s*. 6*d*.
PTERIS ARGYREA, 1*s*. 6*d*. and 2*s*. 6*d*.
PTERIS CRETICA ALBO-LINEATA, 1*s*. 6*d*.
—— **SERRULATA CRISTATA**, 2*s*. 6*d*. and 3*s*. 6*d*.

PTERIS SERRULATA CRISTATA VARIEGATA

A pretty greenhouse evergreen Fern, which probably owes its origin to an accidental cross between *P. serrulata cristata* and *P. cretica albo-lineata*. The sterile fronds are pinnate, with the lower pinnæ forked; they are sharply toothed at the edge, sometimes tasselled at the tips, and marked with a white band down the midrib; the fertile fronds are similar in division but taller and narrower, with a gracefully drooping character, and multifidly tasselled at the apices of the pinnæ. 7*s*. 6*d*. and 10*s*. 6*d*.

PTERIS SERRULATA FIMBRIATA, 5*s*. and 7*s*. 6*d*.
—— **TREMULA**, 1*s*. 6*d*. and 2*s*. 6*d*.
PTERIS of sorts, 2*s*. 6*d*. and 3*s*. 6*d*.
THAMNOPTERIS (NEOTTOPTERIS) AUSTRALASICA, 5*s*. and 7*s*. 6*d*.

TODEA (LEPTOPTERIS) HYMENOPHYLLOIDES.

This pretty New Zealand Filmy Fern, commonly called *Todea pellucida*, can be supplied in nice plants at 5*s*., 7*s*. 6*d*. and 10*s*. 6*d*.

TODEA (LEPTOPTERIS) INTERMEDIA, 2 and 3 guineas.

TODEA (LEPTOPTERIS) SUPERBA.

Any attempt at description must fall far short of conveying an adequate notion of the exquisite beauty of this lovely Fern, which is unquestionably one of the most handsome yet known. It should be seen to be justly appreciated.

The fronds, which are fifteen to eighteen inches in length, are of a bright green, of transparent texture and of a lanceolate outline, spreading, beautifully arching and feathered down to the very base; the pinnæ are crowded and cut into narrow segments, which, instead of lying flat, as in *Todea hymenophylloides*, are turned upwards, giving the frond a frilled surface, and producing an effect distinct from that of any Fern in cultivation.

This is probably the most beautiful of all the dwarf-growing New Zealand Ferns. Small plants, 2*s*. 6*d*. and 3*s*. 6*d*.; fine strong established plants, 15*s*., 1 and 1½ guinea. For illustration, *vide* page 120.

CHOICE GREENHOUSE FERNS—Continued.

TODEA (LEPTOPTERIS) SUPERBA. For description and price, *vide* page 119.

TRICHOMANES RADICANS.

(THE KILLARNEY OR IRISH BRISTLE FERN.)

This is a British species, but it must, as far as culture is concerned, be included among the greenhouse kinds, as it is almost impossible to succeed with it if treated as an ordinary hardy Fern. 10*s.* 6*d.*

WOODWARDIA RADICANS CRISTATA, 10*s.* 6*d.*

NEW HARDY FERN.

ATHYRIUM FILIX-FŒMINA APICALE.

A dwarf crested form of considerable beauty, well deserving a place in collections of hardy Ferns. It grows about 6 inches in height, and has the fronds very much divided, the apices of the several divisions ending in a tasselled or cristate head of curled segments. It is one of the smaller and more elegant varieties of this very polymorphous Fern. 5*s.*

CHOICE HARDY FERNS.

Selections of good kinds can be supplied at 18s., 30s., 42s. and 60s. per dozen.

SELAGINELLAS (LYCOPODIUMS).

G, greenhouse ; *H*, hardy ; *S*, stove.

	s.	*d.*
S **AFRICANA** (Vogelii)	2	6
S **APUS (APODA)**	1	6
S **ATROVIRIDIS**	2	6
S **BROWNII**	2	6
S **CAULESCENS GRACILIS,** *vide* page 7.		
S **CONFERTA**	2	6
S **CONVOLUTA** (paradoxa)	2	6
S **CUSPIDATA** (circinalis)	2	6
S **DELICATISSIMA** (microphylla)	2	6
S **ERYTHROPUS** (umbrosa)	2	6
S **FILICINA** (dichrous)	2	6
S **GALEOTTII** (Schottii)	2	6
S **INÆQUALIFOLIA**	1*s.* 6*d.* & 2	6
H **JAPONICA**	3	6
G **KRAUSSIANA** (denticulata)	1	6
G —— **VARIEGATA**	2	6
G **KRAUSSIANA AUREA,** *vide* page 7.		
S **LÆVIGATA** (cæsia arborea)	3	6

SELAGINELLAS (LYCOPODIUMS)—Continued.

	s.	d.		s.	d.
S LEPIDOPHYLLA . . 3*s.* 6*d.* &	5	0	*S* SERPENS (mutabilis and variabilis)	1	6
S LOBBII	2	6	*S* SETOSA	3	6
S LYALLII	3	6	*S* TRIANGULARIS	2	6
S MARTENSII	1	6	*S* UNCINATA (cæsia)	1	6
S —— ALBO-VARIEGATA . .	2	6	*S* WALLICHII	3	6
S POULTERI	2	6	*G* WILDENOVII (pubescens) . . .	2	6
S RUBRICAULIS	2	6			

Selections of good kinds can be supplied at 18s. per dozen.

SELAGINELLA PERELEGANS (BELLULA).

An elegant plant from Ceylon, of erect habit, the reddish tinted terete stems rising to about a foot in height, with successive branches, which are set on at short distances apart along the stem, the ultimate branches terminated by long tetragonal rigid spikes. The larger lateral leaves are close-set, oblong, sub-falcate, the smaller ones ovate acuminate. 5*s.*

SELAGINELLA VICTORIÆ.

An elegant sub-scandent species, introduced from the South Sea Islands. It has a creeping caudex, from which at intervals springs up an erect stem, which lengthens by forming new growths at the point; these stems produce alternate lateral branches of an ovate outline, flat and closely pinnate, like the frond of a Fern. The colour is a dark sap green, the spikelets and young growth being of a paler and lighter hue. It is allied to *S. Wallichii*, but is a still more elegant plant, and differs essentially in having a long terminal pinnulet to each branch, instead of diminishing gradually to the end. 5*s.*

PALMS, CYCLANTHS AND CYCADS.

Including ENCEPHALARTOS, MACROZAMIA, &c.

The Palms constituto the most noble family in the vegetable kingdom, and afford sufficient diversity of character to allow of selections being made from them for the greenhouse, stovo, or conservatory, to either of which Palms impart a richer tropical appearance than any other plants. Some of the miniature dwarf-growing kinds arc, from their light and graceful forms, admirably adapted for table decoration, for vascs, or for almost ovcry purpose in which ornamentation is dcsired. The more hardy and larger kinds can be used for sub-tropical gardening, to which they impart a most luxuriant grandeur, evidence of which has heen given in Battersea Park, and in other places where Palms have been used.

Selections of Stove Palms, at 6, 9 *and* 12 *guineas per dozen.*
Selections for the Greenhouse, at 6, 9 *and* 12 *guineas per dozen.*
Larger specimens, from 2, 3, 4 *and* 5 *to* 10 *guineas each.*
Those marked with an asterisk are kinds that will succeed in a greenhouse.

ACANTHOPHŒNIX (ARECA) CRINITA ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— (——) **HERBSTII** ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea
ARECA ALBA, *vide* **Dictyosperma alba.**
—— **AUREA**, a fine and graceful Palm, with yellowish stems ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
*—— **BAUERI** (Seaforthia robusta) ..... 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CRINITA**, *vide* **Acanthophœnix crinita.**
—— **HERBSTII**, *vide* **Acanthophœnix Herbstii.**
—— **LUTESCENS** ..... 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MADAGASCARIENSIS** ..... 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **NENGA** ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— **RUBRA** ..... 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SAPIDA** ..... 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
—— **TRIANDRA** ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— **VERSCHAFFELTII**, *vide* **Hyophorbe Verschaffeltii.**
ARENGA SACCHARIFERA ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

ASTROCARYUM ARGENTEUM, a fine silver-leaved Palm, from the United States of Colombia. The stalks and the under surface of the leaves are covered with a fine white scurf, which gives them a silvered appearance. The leaves are arching, wedge-shaped and bilobed, distinctly plicate, and of a bright green colour on the upper surface, which contrasts strongly with the whitened under surface. One of the best of the so-called Silver Palms. 1½ and 2 guineas.

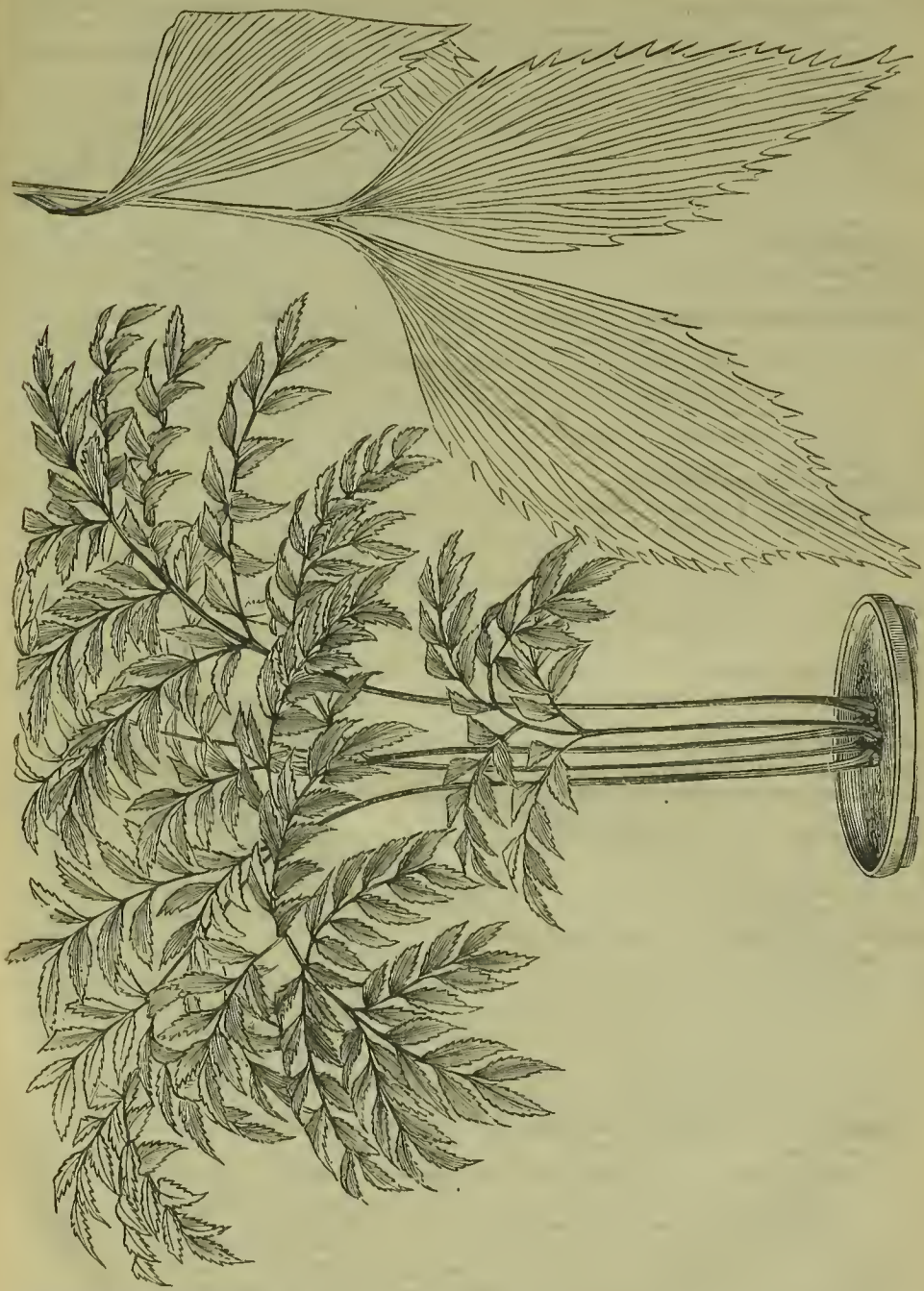
—— **DECORUM**, an elegant and very dwarf-growing Palm, sent from the United States of Colombia by one of my collectors. The leaves are pinnate, with lanceolate leaflets, which are ciniferous on the ribs along the upper surface. It is a desirable and pretty decorative species, that will be useful where dwarf-growing Palms are required ..... 1 guinea

—— **FILARE**, this very distinct and elegant Palm, which is comparatively of small and slender growth, is an introduction from the United States of Colombia. The leaves are erect and narrowly cuneate, with two divergent lobes. The petioles are thickly covered with white scurf, both on the upper and under surfaces ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea

—— **GRANATENSE**, a distinct Palm from the United States of Colombia. It has brownish-looking leaf-stalks, which latter are armed with numerous scattered needle-shaped dark-coloured spines. The leaves themselves are pinnately parted, with oblong acuminate segments, and the rachis is spiny, like the petiole, both on the upper and lower surfaces..... 10*s.* 6*d.*

—— **TENUIFOLIUM** ..... 1½ and 2 guineas

BOWENIA SPECTABILIS SERRULATA. This is a most distinct and remarkable plant, Bowenia being the only known Cycad having bipinnate fronds. It has a short thick caudex, from the crowns of which are developed its large and singularly handsome leaves. The petioles are long, slender, roundish, and of a dark green colour; the lamina is bipinnatisect and spreading, the pinnules are firm in texture, differing materially from the typal and only other known Bowenia in having their margins distinctly and prettily toothed or serrated. Any description must fail to give an adequate idea of the distinct and striking character of this ornamental Australian plant. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. William Bull gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition held at Carlisle in 1877, and the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition held at Ghent in 1878. For Illustration, *vide* page 123 ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea



BOWENIA SPECTABILIS SERRULATA. For description and price, *vide* 122.

*BRAHEA FILAMENTOSA (*Pritchardia filifera*),
small plants, 1*s.* 6*d.*, 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*; fine plants, 1 and 1½ guinea
CALAMUS ADSPERSUS ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
—— CILIARIS ..... 1, 1½, and 2 guineas
—— ROXBURGHII ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

CALYPTRONOMA SWARTZII, an elegant pinnate-leaved Palm from the lower regions of the interior hills in Jamaica. The trunk is spineless, with unequally pinnatisected leaves, the segments of which are linear-acuminate, green, and glabrous. It has the flowers and staminal tube of *Geonoma*, and produces sub-angular one-seeded fruit. It is a useful and pretty Palm for decorative purposes ..... 1 guinea

CARLUDOVICA DRUDEI, a noble and decorative stove plant, introduced from the United States of Colombia. In habit it somewhat resembles a Fan Palm, with handsome and effective deep green lustrous leaves. The flowers are borne on a stalked erect spadix of cylindrical form and of ivory-white colour, and resemble a bottle brush by reason of the long stamens which project horizontally from the female flowers. This plant was illustrated and described in the *Gardeners' Chronicle* for December 8th, 1877... 15*s.*

—— **PALMATA** ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea

CARYOTA SOBOLIFERA ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

—— **URENS** ..... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

CATAKIDOZAMIA HOPEI, a remarkably distinct and fine Cycadaceous plant, introduced from Queensland. It has an ovate trunk clothed with thick broad-based scales. The leaves are of a dark green colour, somewhat recurved, with a stout petiole and rachis, and very thick leathery crowded leaflets, linear-lanceolate in form, and having a broad flattened decurrent base, those situated near the base of the leaf being more or less convergent. It is a distinct and well-marked plant ..... 5 guineas

—— **MACLEAYI** .....

CATOBLASTUS MONTANUS ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

CERATOZAMIA FUSCO-VIRIDIS, a noble species of Ceratozamia, introduced from Mexico. Its trunk is furnished with broadish scales surrounding each of the leaf stalks, which are nearly terete above and asperous along the edges. The leaves are from three to four feet long, broadly pinnate, and of a fine arching habit, the pinnæ deep green, six to seven inches long, sessile, lanceolate, and tapering to a longish point. The young leaves are of a rich bronzy chocolate colour, gradually changing to olive green, and ultimately developing into deep green ..... 4 and 5 guineas

***CEROXYLON ANDICOLA**, this Palm produces the South American Palm Wax. It forms a splendid ornamental plant with finely divided pinnate leaves, the under surface of which is silvery white ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*

—— **NIVEUM (Diplothemium caudescens)** ..... 1½ and 2 guineas

CHAMÆDOREA GRAMINIFOLIA ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

***CHAMÆROPS FORTUNEI (excelsa)**, in all sizes, from 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.*, and 15*s.* to 2, 3, 4 and 5 guineas each.

*—— **HUMILIS**, this useful decorative Palm can be supplied in all sizes, from 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea to 2, 3 and 4 guineas each.

*—— —— **ROBUSTA** ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea

*—— —— **TOMENTOSA** ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea

***COCOS CHILENSIS**, *vide* **Jubæa spectabilis.**

—— **WEDDELLIANA**, perhaps the most elegant of all the smaller Palms, of which so many charming species are now to be found in cultivation. Its slender erect stem is not of rapid growth, but is freely furnished with its gracefully arching leaves, made up of innumerable long narrow pinnæ or segments, of a rich green colour. For illustration, *vide* page 125. 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

Mr. William Bull, having raised a large quantity of this desirable species, can offer small seedling plants at 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.* each.

COPERNICIA (CORYPHA) CERIFERA, this is the Carnauba Palm of Brazil, one of the most useful and hence valuable Palms known. The top, when young, is an appreciable and nutritious article of food ; and from this tree also wine, vinegar and a saccharine matter are extracted, as well as a kind of gum similar in its tastes and properties to Sago. From the wood musical instruments are made, as also tubs and pumps for water. The delicate fibrous substances of the pith of the stalk and its leaves make a good substitute for cork. The roots have the same virtues as the Sarsaparilla. The pulp of the fruit is of an agreeable taste, and the nut, oily and emulsive, is roasted and then used as coffee by many persons. From the trunk are obtained strong fibres, and also a species of flour similar to Maizena, and a liquid resembling that of the Bahia Cocoa-nut. From the dried straw are made mats, hats, baskets and brooms ; and large quantities of the straw are exported to Europe for the manufacture of fine hats. Finally, from the leaves is produced the wax used in the manufacture of candles ; and the export of this wax from Brazil exceeds £162,000 a year in value. 1½ and 2 guineas

COCOS WEDDELLIANA.

For description and price, *vide* page 124.

*CORYPHA AUSTRALIS, *vide* Livistona australis.

—— CERIFERA, *vide* Copernicia cerifera.

—— UMBRACULIFERA ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea

CYCAS ARMSTRONGII, a strikingly handsome species, with long broadish leaves furnished with numerous pinnæ, which are of a rich shining green colour, and have a very prominent midrib of a lighter shade; the fine bold foliage is very gracefully recurved, giving the plant an exceedingly ornamental character ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

—— CIRCINALIS ..... 1½, 2 and 3 guineas

—— MEDIA, a noble form of Cycad introduced from intertropical New Holland. The trunk is both stout and tall, cylindrical, and tolerably even in outline, the surface closely dotted by the scar-like marks which indicate the places whence leaves have been removed. This stem produces a grand head of leaves, which are of a large size, and somewhat variable in form and character in different specimens. Trunks of various sizes. Prices on application.

—— NORMANBYANA ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

DÆMONOROPS PALEMBANICUS.

One of the most elegant of Palms, and, together with *D. periacanthus*, exceedingly appropriate for table decoration and other ornamental purposes. The leaves are broadly ovate, pinnate, consisting of numerous narrow elongated segments, and they are supported by leaf-stalks bearing numerous deflexed spines, which latter are thickened at the base. The young leaves are of a bright cinnamon brown, and the contrast between this warm colour and the deep green of the matured leaves renders the plants exceedingly beautiful at the time they are in course of development. It is a native of Java. 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

CYCAS PLUMA .....

—— REVOLUTA, in all sizes, 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea; fine specimens, 3, 4 and 5 guineas each

—— RIUMINIANA .....

—— RUMPHII .....

—— SIAMENSIS .....

CYPHOKENTIA GRACILIS ..... 2 and 3 guineas

—— MACROCARPA, this remarkable new Caledonian Palm is also known under the names of *Kentiopsis macrocarpa* and *Kentia Lindeni*. It is a noble plant, of vigorous habit, with a stout smooth stem, furnished with bold pinnate leaves which in the young state are ovate in outline and spreading, and are supported on stout purplish red leaf-stalks; the pinnæ or segments of the leaves are rather distant and oblong-lanceolate. The young leaves are of a deep olive crimson colour, and in this state add very materially to the effectiveness and beauty of the plant, which is at other times remarkable for its red petioles and broad leaf segments. 3, 4, 5 and 7 guineas.

DÆMONOROPS FISSUS ..... 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

—— MELANOCHÆTES ..... 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

—— ORNATUS, a charming stove Palm, introduced from Java, and having, like most of the other species, finely cut pinnate leaves. At present it is only known in a young state, which, however, is sufficient to show that it will prove to be a plant of very ornamental character. 1 and 1½ guinea.

—— PALEMBANICUS, *vide* page 126.

—— PERIACANTHUS, this graceful Palm, a native of Java, bears a general resemblance to *D. palembanicus*. It differs, however, in having a greater abundance of spines, which group themselves in irregular rings around the petiole, a circumstance which has doubtless suggested the name; it differs also in the young leaves being almost straw coloured instead of cinnamon coloured ..... 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

—— PLUMOSUS, this graceful Palm is exceedingly handsome, either in a small or large size. Its leaves are of a rich dark green, and remarkably plume-like, hence its name. It is unquestionably one of the most elegant of the Palm family, and being of compact growth, is admirably adapted for vases and table decoration ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

DESMONCUS GRANATENSIS, the species of this genus of Palms are peculiarly distinct in their appearance, having a pair of divergent leaflets at the top of the petiole. In the young plants of this species the petioles are terete and spineless, except at the top, where they bear a few setæ, and where are also seated a pair of lanceolate divergent pinnæ, nearly 2 inches broad, and of a lively green colour. It has been imported from Colombia. 15*s.* and 1 guinea

—— MAJOR ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea

DICTYOSPERMA (Areca) ALBA ..... 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

DIPLOTHEMIUM CAUDESCENS, *vide* Ceroxylon niveum.

ELÆIS GUINEENSIS, this is the Oil Palm of Africa ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea

*ENCEPHALARTOS ALTENSTEINII .....

*—— BRACHYPHYLLUS .....

*—— BRACHYPTERIS .....

*—— CAFFRA .....

*—— (Zamia) CYCADÆFOLIUS .....

*—— FRIDERICI-GUILIELMI, this is a very distinct-looking South African species; the leaves are oblong-obtuse, arching, and conduplicate; the petiole and rachis are terete, and somewhat flattened on the upper surface, destitute of spines but covered with woolly down, the segments closely crowded, nearly opposite, linear oblong, and of a glaucous hue. At first sight this distinct Cycad would give the impression of being an intermediate species between *Dion edule* and *Cycas revoluta* ..... price on application.

*—— GHELLINCKII (gracilis) .....

*—— HILDEBRANDII, this Cycadaceous plant has been introduced from Eastern Africa. The leaves are particularly bold looking, with spiny edges, the stipes being leafy to the base, and there clothed with close cob-webby hairs. The leaf-blade is lanceolate, with numerous pairs of pinnæ or lobes, the lower pairs diminishing into trifid scales half an inch long; the larger segments are lanceolate, with distinct marginal and stronger and more crowded terminal teeth, there being often as many as six or eight crowded around the apex, and five or six distributed along each side ..... price on application.

*—— HORRIDUS .....

*—— —— MULTIFLEXUS .....

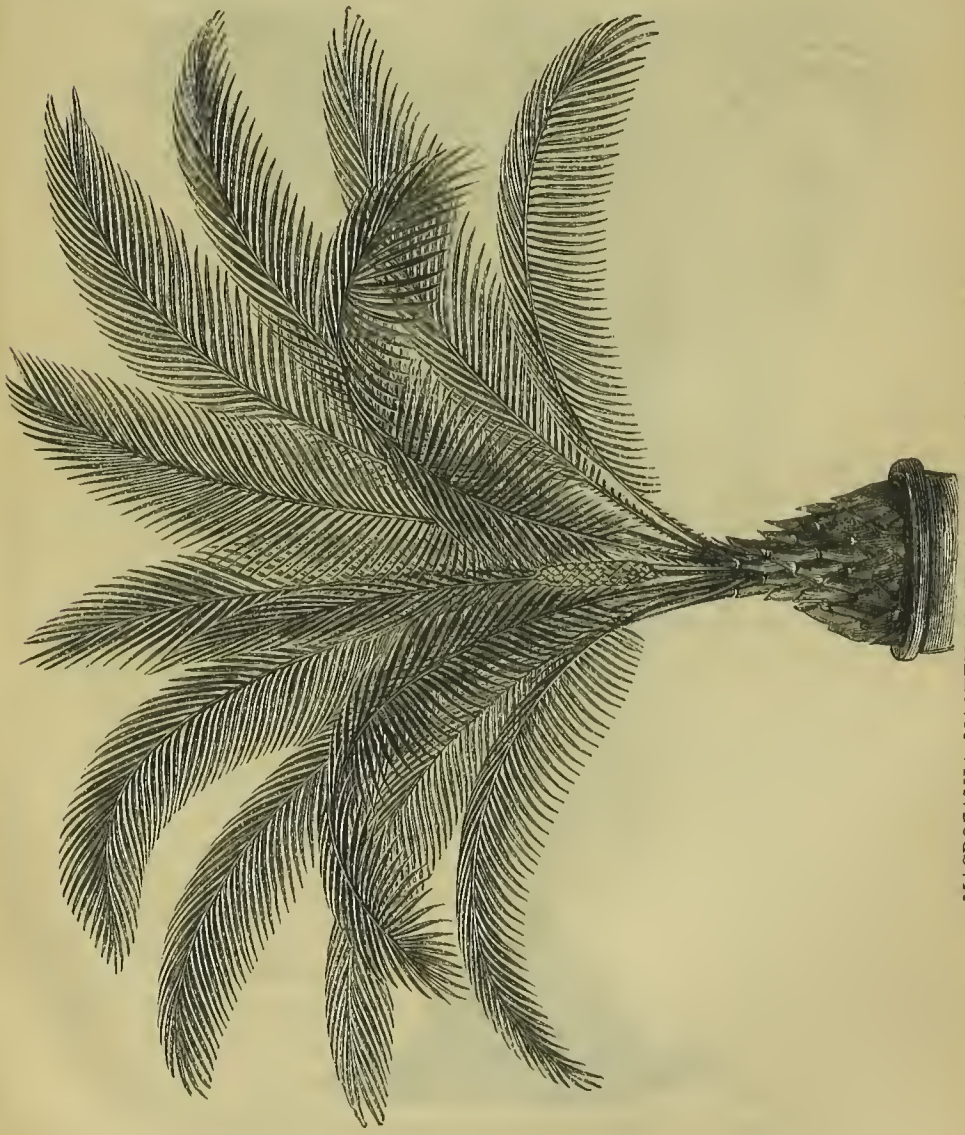
*ENCEPHALARTOS (Zamia) LEHMANNI.....
*—— —— —— GLAUCUS .....
*—— —— —— SPINOSUS .....
*—— VILLOSUS, a noble greenhouse Cycad, with a stout trunk or caudex, supporting a head of erect pinnate fronds, the stout rachis of which is densely clothed with cottony wool ; the pinnæ or segments number from eighty to ninety on each side, and are narrowly elliptic-linear. It has been found in, and introduced from, the interior of South Africa. 3, 4 and 5 guineas.
*—— —— AMPLIATUS, a magnificent greenhouse Cycad, imported from South Africa. It has a stout cylindrical stem, and grandly arching leaves, which are pinnately divided ; the pinnæ are lanceolate, distinctly serrate, the teeth being more numerous towards the tip of the pinnæ. The base of the petiole is thickly clothed with woolly hairs. 6, 8 and 10 guineas
*—— —— DENTICULATUS .....
*—— (Zamia) VROOMII, one of the noblest of this very noble group of plants ; the leaf segments are alternate below, opposite above, 40 to 50 in number on each side of the rachis, which latter is marked with a prominent rounded ridge in the centre ; they are oblong lanceolate, spine-pointed, with a variable number of long spine-pointed teeth at the margins, and of a bright shining green colour, rather paler on the under surface ..... 4 and 5 guineas
EUTERPE EDULIS (Oreodoxa Sancona) ..... 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
GEONOMA CARDERI, a splendid Stove Palm, from the United States of Colombia, of a very ornamental character, with strongly ribbed leaves. The petioles of the leaves are without spines, flat on the upper, and rounded and asperous on the lower face, with the angles acute. The laminæ is pinnately parted, the segments unequal in width, varying from about half an inch to two and a half inches broad, while the upper part is confluent into a broad bilobed apex ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— CONCINNA ..... 1½ and 2 guineas
—— GRACILIS ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— PRINCEPS ..... 2 and 3 guineas
—— SARAPIQUENSIS ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— SEEMANNI .....
—— SPIXIANA ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea
GLAZIOVA INSIGNIS ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
HETEROSPATHE ELATA, *vide* page 5.
HYOPHORBE (Areca) VERSCHAFFELTII ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea
*JUBÆA SPECTABILIS (Cocos chilensis, Molinia chilensis) ..... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
*KENTIA AUSTRALIS ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
*—— BELMOREANA ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*
*—— FOSTERIANA ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea
—— GRACILIS, *vide* Cyphokentia gracilis.
—— LINDENI, *vide* Cyphokentia macrocarpa.
*—— RUPICOLA
—— WENDLANDIANA, a noble Palm, belonging to the pinnate-leaved series, introduced from Queensland. The leaves have numerous unequal segments, usually toothed at the apex, the upper ones confluent at the base. The inflorescence is monœcious, and consists of a panicle of numerous slender spikes, the female flowers being succeeded by ovoid or globular fruit. It belongs to that group of Kentias which has a branched spadix. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition held in Ghent in 1878.
KENTIOPSIS MACROCARPA, *vide* Cyphokentia macrocarpa.
LATANIA AUREA (Verschaffeltii) ..... 1½ and 2 guineas
*—— BORBONICA (Livistona sinensis). Mr. W. B. can supply this useful decorative Palm in all sizes, from 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea to 2, 3, 4 and 5 guineas each.
*—— COMMERSONI ..... 1 and 1½ guinea
*LEPIDOZAMIA PEROFFSKYANA, this name is adopted for the Australian *Macrozamia Denisoni*, on the authority of Dr. Regel, who describes and figures the mature plants as having a stout, short, scaly trunk, supporting a crown of long-stalked leaves. The young plants are very elegant, having ovate horizontal leaves, with decurved linear leaflets..... 4 and 5 guineas
LICUALA PELTATA ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea.
LIVISTONA ALTISSIMA ..... 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*
*—— (Corypha)) AUSTRALIS, this useful Palm can be supplied in all sizes, from 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea to 2, 3, 4 and 5 guineas each.

*LIVISTONA HOOGENDORPII, a fine stove Palm, of spreading habit; the leaves, which are nearly three feet broad, are palmately divided, the segments being broad, and giving the leaves a bold and distinctive character. The leaf-stalks are abundantly furnished at the margins with stout sharp spines ..... 7*s.* 6*d.*, 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

*—— ROTUNDIFOLIA (subglobosa) ..... 5*s.*, 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

*—— SINENSIS, *vide* Latania borbonica.

*MACROZAMIA CORALLIPES, a very remarkable Cycadaceous plant from New South Wales. The trunk is subspherical; the leaves form a very contracted crown, and are diverging below, then sub-erect; petiole deep green, smooth, but not polished, reddish brown towards the base; pinnæ, about 50 pairs, five to seven inches long, one-third of an inch broad, very narrow linear-lanceolate, acute but hardly pungent, dark green, with a bright red petiolule.



MACROZAMIA MACKENZII. For description and price, *vide* page 130.

*MACROZAMIA CYLINDRICA, a distinct and well-marked Cycad, introduced from Queensland. It has a long-necked stem, from which proceed the dark green coriaceous leaves ; the pinnæ are glossy on the surface, each being marked at the base with a large ivory white patch, which strongly contrasts with the dark green midrib which lies between the two rows of ivory markings. 2 and 3 guineas

*—— DENISONI, *vide* Lepidozamia Peroffskyana.

*—— FRASERI .....

*—— MACKENZII, one of the handsome Cycads which are found inhabiting the Australian Continent. It has been obtained from Queensland, and is a fine ornamental species. The leaves are ovate in outline, with numerous pairs of narrow tapering segments of a dark green colour, and nine to ten inches in length. The rachis is strongly convex behind, slightly so in front, with the segments of the central portion set on at about half an inch apart, the upper ones being more closely, the lower ones more distantly placed. For illustration, *vide* page 129. 3, 4 and 5 guineas

MACROZAMIA PLUMOSA, for description and price, *vide* page 131.

*MACROZAMIA PLUMOSA, this beautiful Cycadaceous plant has recently been imported from Queensland. From a small ovate stem, the scales of which are woolly, rise the erect spirally-twisted leaves, which are from two feet to two and a half feet long, and have a flattened petiole. These leaves are furnished nearly to the base with narrow linear leaflets, which are set on at intervals of about a quarter of an inch, and are from six to eight inches long. The plant is remarkable for its distinct and elegant character. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Royal Horticultural Society For illustration, *vide* page 130. 2, 3 and 4 guineas

*—— SPIRALIS ..... 3, 4 and 5 guineas

*—— —— EBURNEA, a grand Australian Cycad, with a sub-globose trunk, a foot or more in diameter. The leaves are pinnate, the segments being linear, eight inches long, and somewhat narrowed down to the thick ivory white base. It is a remarkably fine and elegant plant. 5 and 7 guineas

MARTINEZIA EROSA ..... 2 and 3 guineas

—— GRANATENSIS, a desirable new dwarf Palm, from Colombia ; the leaves are of roundish oblong or roundish ovate outline, entire at the base, bifid at the apex, and evenly toothed along the edges, the young leaf-stalks being slightly mealy. Both the petioles and the rachis are armed with dark brown needle-shaped spines, varying from half an inch to an inch in length, and which are either spreading or deflexed ..... 10*s.* 6*d.* and 15*s.*

*MOLINIA CHILENSIS, *vide* Jubæa spectabilis.

OREODOXA GRANATENSIS, *vide* page 6.

—— SANCONA, *vide* Euterpe edulis.

PHŒNICOPHORIUM SECHELLARUM (Stevensonia grandifolia) ..... 2 and 3 guineas

*PHŒNIX ACAULIS ..... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

*—— DACTYLIFERA (the Date Palm) ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea

*—— RECLINATA ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea

—— RUPICOLA, this is one of the most exquisitely graceful amongst the smaller Palms, and in elegance takes a similar place among Phœnices to that of *Cocos Weddelliana* among Cocoes. It is of acaulescent habit, with wide spreading arching pinnate leaves, broadly lance-shaped in outline, with long narrow pinnæ, the lower of which become gradually reduced to spines. It comes from India, and is a most valuable acquisition for collections of ornamental plants ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*

*—— SYLVESTRIS, a Sugar-yielding Palm ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea

PHYTELEPHAS MACROCARPA, this Palm yields the Vegetable Ivory of commerce. 1½ and 2 guineas

PLECTOCOMIA ANDERSONI ..... 1½ and 2 guineas

—— HIMALAYANA, a fine Indian Palm of the pinnate-leaved series, found at Emodus in the Himalayan range. It is a distinct and graceful species, with ample foliage of a bold and striking character. The leaves are of the pinnate mode of development, the pinnæ being linear-lanceolate and acuminate. The flowers are borne on long branched lateral spadices. 2 guineas

*PRITCHARDIA AUREA ..... 2 and 3 guineas

*—— FILIFERA, *vide* Brahea filamentosa.

PTYCHOSPERMA ALEXANDRÆ ..... 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

*—— CUNNINGHAMII, this plant is usually cultivated under the erroneous name of *Seaforthia elegans*. It is a most useful conservatory or cool greenhouse plant, for it will stand a low temperature with impunity, and possesses a highly decorative character ; scarcely anything can equal the effect of a large plant of this noble Palm. all sizes, from 3*s.* 6*d.*, 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.* to 1, 1½ and 2 guineas.

—— LÆVIGATA ..... 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

—— RUPICOLA ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea

—— SEEMANNI ..... 1 and 1½ guinea

REGELIA PRINCEPS, *vide* Verschaffeltia splendida.

*RHAPIS FLABELLIFORMIS ..... 10*s.* 6*d.*, 15*s.* and 1 guinea

SABAL CŒRULESCENS, this is described by the collector as a remarkably bold and handsome Palm. It has been sent from the United States of Colombia, but is only known here in a young state. These young plants have the leaves of an elongate linear-lanceolate form, with a plicate surface, and a bluish or glaucous tinge of green, which is very strongly marked on the under surface ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea

*—— (Trithrinax) MAURITIÆFORMIS ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea

PALMS, CYCLANTHS AND CYCADS—Continued.

SABAL UMBRACULIFERA (Blackburniana), a noble and very distinct Palm ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea

*__SEAFORTHIA ELEGANS__, *vide* **Ptychosperma Cunninghamii.**

*—— **ROBUSTA**, *vide* **Areca Baueri.**

STANGERIA PARADOXA .....small plants, 10*s.* 6*d.*; strong specimens, 1½, 2 and 3 guineas

—— **SCHIZODON** ..... 3 guineas

STEVENSONIA GRANDIFOLIA, *vide* **Phœnicophorium sechellarum.**

THRINAX BARBADENSIS, this is a very elegant and neat-growing Fan Palm. The petiole terminates in a digitately multipartite blade, the numerous segments of which are of a stoutish texture, three-nerved, and of a lively green colour. It is, as its name implies, a native of the Island of Barbados. This was one of the twelve New Plants with which Mr. W. B. gained the First Prize at the International Horticultural Exhibition held at Ghent in 1878. 1 guinea

—— **ELEGANS**, very handsome for exhibition purposes ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea

—— **ELEGANTISSIMA**, an exceedingly elegant and graceful miniature-growing Palm ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea

*—— **PARVIFLORA** ..... 15*s.* and 1 guinea

*__TRITHRINAX MAURITIÆFORMIS__, *vide* **Sabal mauritiæformis.**

VERSCHAFFELTIA MELANOCHÆTES ..... 1½ and 2 guineas

—— **SPLENDIDA** (Regelia princeps), a magnificent and very distinct Palm from the Island of Seychelles ..... 2 and 3 guineas

*__ZAMIA BREVIFRONS__ ..... 1½ and 2 guineas

*—— **CYCADÆFOLIA**, *vide* **Encephalartos cycadæfolius.**

*—— **FURFURACEA** ..... 2 and 3 guineas

*—— **INTEGRIFOLIA** ..... 2 and 3 guineas

*—— **LEHMANNI**, *vide* **Encephalartos Lehmanni.**

—— **LINDENI** .....

*—— **MIQUELII**, this species has been imported from Queensland. It has a short stout stem, spindle-shaped below, and producing from the crown remarkably elegant fronds, which are erect and somewhat spirally twisted, the smooth bright green pinnæ being of an ivory white colour at their point of juncture with the rachis. It is known in some collections as *Z. Fraseri* and *Z. tenuifolia* ..... 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

—— **OBLIQUA** .....

*—— **ROEZLII** .....

—— **SKINNERI** .....

*—— **VILLOSA** *vide* **Encephalartos villosus.**

*—— **VROOMII**, *vide* **Encephalartos Vroomii.**

NEW AND CHOICE CALADIUMS.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S selection of 12 varieties, 24s., 30s., 42s. and 60s.

New Varieties, 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.

ADOLPHE ADAMS, green leaf ground, densely speckled with white, and rose colonred midribs. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

AGRIPPINE DIMITRY, a fine variety, large leaves with white ground, narrow green margin and veins, and pink centre. 7*s.* 6*d.* & 10*s.* 6*d.*

ALCIBIADE, crimson-rayed centre, surrounded with pale green, stained with pure white blotches; deep green margin. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

ALFRED BLEU, leaf rich green, with pure white spots and flesh-coloured centre; distinct. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

ALFRED MAME, carmine red, bordered with white and profusely spotted with rose; very fine. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

ALPHAND, green, spotted with red, crimson centre. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

ALPHONSE KARR, rosy-carmine centre and red spots. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ARGYRITES, pale green with white and rose spots. 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

AUBER, green ground, marked with white spots and central pink ones. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

AUGUSTE LEMONIER, fine large leaves with soft green centre and distinct rosy crimson rib and veins. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

AUGUSTE RIVIÈRE, white centre and rays upon a light green ground, with crimson spots. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE CALADIUMS—Continued.

BARAQUINII, crimson centre, dark green margin. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

BARILLET, bright rosy crimson centre and ribs on green ground, with broad margin of rich green. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

BARRAL, bright green, with a fine red centre, and large spots of rose. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

BEETHOVEN, ground colour white, intersected and veined with green, centre rib delicate rose. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

BELLEYMEI, fine white variegated leaves. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

BELLINI, mottled pale green ground with rosy centre and spots. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

BICOLOR SPLENDENS, 2*s.* 6*d.*

BLANQUÆRTI, dark green with grey veins and white spots. 5*s.*

BOIELDIEU, like *Bicolor splendens,* but very superior to it. 5*s.*

BUREL, dark bluish green, veined bright rose, marked with rosy violet and spotted orange red. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

CALYPSO, large smooth leaves with dark green margin, bright crimson centre and veins, and pink spots. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

CERES, centre of the leaves rosy salmon, outer portion rich green. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

CHANTINII, reddish ground spotted white. 2*s.* 6*d.*

CHANTINII FULGENS, dark green ground with a brilliant crimson centre and white spots. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

CHARLES VERDIER, fine green, with blush pink centre and spots. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

CHELSONI, bright glossy green, suffused with brilliant red, and blotched with crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

DE CANDOLLE, rich green with beautiful rose coloured spots and creamy white centre rays. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

DE HUMBOLDT, a fine variety having glossy green leaves spotted with scarlet. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DEVINCK, leaves heart-shaped with delicate pink centre ribs, interspersed with white spots. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

DONIZETTI, rich red centre and bright green border, spotted with rose. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

DR. BOISDUVAL, centre rayed with crimson; snow white blotches on a green ground. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

DR. LINDLEY, crimson centre, the green ground marked with rose blotches. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

DUC DE CLEVELAND, deep red centre, surrounded with pea-green, largely spotted with red. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DUC DE MORNY, deep green leaf borders with large and beautiful crimson rayed centre. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

DUC DE NASSAU, brilliant red centre and ribs, white scattered spots on emerald green leaf borders. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

DUC DE RATIBOR, green ground, with red midribs marked with white spots. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

DUCHARTRE, leaf ground white, flushed rose, green veins and red spots. 3*s.* 6*d.*

EDOUARD MOREAUX, mottled green ground, with rich lake centre. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

EDOUARD RODRIGUES, deep carmine, margined with light green, and spotted with rose. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

E. G. HENDERSON, green, finely marked with transparent rose spots and brilliantly mottled crimson rays and centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

EMILIE VERDIER, a very fine and distinct variety, with leaves of a light transparent rose colour, sometimes spotted with red. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

ETOILE D'ARGENT, bright green, midribs and veins creamy white, shaded with gray. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

FELICIEN DAVID, centre of leaf dark carmine, surrounded with white and beautifully veined with red on a light green ground; a splendid variety. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

GOLDEN QUEEN, leaves large, pale green or yellow, uniform in colour; very handsome. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

GRÉTRY, carmine centre, with white spots on a dark green ground. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

HELEVY, white midribs and marked with crimson blotches on a green ground. 3*s.* 6*d.*

HEROLD, dark carmine veins, surrounded by light green zone, blotched with pure white spots, and margined bright dark green. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

IMPÉRATRICE EUGÉNIE, light green, with grayish pink centre, and rose-coloured veins. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

ISADORA LEROY, rich metallic green, with crimson red centre rays. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

JULES PUTZEYS, rich dark green, with crimson midrib and veins; central portion of leaf mottled gray, and the whole surface marked with red blotches. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

KETELEER, spotted white upon emerald green; large crimson centre. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LAINGII, reddish carmine centre, surrounded with yellowish green, the whole of the leaf thickly sprinkled with pure white. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

LA PERLE DU BRÉSIL, an exceedingly attractive variety, with fine large leaves, white, delicately tinted with rose, midrib and veins dark green; extremely chaste and beautiful. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

LEOPOLDII, rich crimson, rayed centre, with deep green border. 5*s.*

NEW AND CHOICE CALADIUMS—Continued.

LEPESCHKINEI, leaves thickly marked with large spots of a rich rose colour, and having a rich bright red centre. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

LEPLAY, leaves attractively marked with white, and beautifully veined with rosy violet. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

LOUISE DUPLESSIS, deep red rays and veins on a white ground, with deep green margin. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

LOUISE POIRIER, crimson leaf ground, with green margin and white spots. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

LOWII, *vide* **Alocasia Lowii.**

LUCY, leaves pea green, with crimson centre and white spots. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME ALFRED BLEU, deep green, with large blotches of pure white, and broad veins of deep crimson scarlet; distinct and fine. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME ALFRED MAME, long light green leaves, densely covered with large white spots, rosy carmine centre. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

MADAME ANDRIEUX, crimson centre rays, with pink spots. 5*s.*

MADAME DE LA DEVANSAYE, leaves white, sometimes slightly shaded with rose, and veined with red and green. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

MADAME DOMBRAIN, leaves large, centre and ribs pale yellowish green, shaded rose, surface covered with large white and rose spots. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

MADAME DUTEIL, green ground, rose blotches. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

MADAME HEINE, silvery white, stained and edged with pale green; very distinct. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

MADAME HOULLET, large leaves, with clustered blush white blotches on the opposite leaf margins. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

MADAME HUNNEBELLE, large leaves veined with light garnet colour on a white ground, and profusely margined with delicate green veins. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

MADAME LAFORGE, centre and ribs reddish crimson, with narrow margin of deep green. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

MARQUIS DE CAUX, red centre and veins, with rose blotches on the margins. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

MARS, clouded crimson centre, the whole leaf spotted with crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

MAXIME DUVAL, fine broad crimson centre and ribs, green margin. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

MAX KOLB, light green ground, with pale centre; distinct. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

MERCADANTE, pale copper-coloured centre and veins, bordered with green. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

MEYERBEER, white leaf ground, green veins and red midribs. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

MINERVE, silvery white midrib and rays, surrounded with grayish white; green margin, with snowy white spots. 7*s.* 6*d.*

MOZART, delicate rose centre and veins on green ground. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

MRS. LAING, a fine variety, with large shield-shaped leaves; white ground; deep rose centre and veins; green margin. 10*s.* 6*d.*

MURILLO, centre and veins metallic red, with large crimson blotches, broad margin of lustrous bronzy green. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

NAPOLÉON III., flamed crimson centre, with forked rays, and carmine red spots on rich green ground. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

ONSLOW, deep rosy crimson, centre, with broad green margin, densely spotted with rose. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

PAILLET, crimson centre, broad green margin, splashed with crimson and dotted with white. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

PAUL VERONESE, large leaves, with pinkish white centre, deep scarlet ribs and broad green margin. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

PETSCHKAUI. 5*s.*

PHILIPPE HERBERT, a very fine variety with deep mottled crimson rays and clear green margin, spotted with crimson. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

PRINCE ALBERT EDWARD, dark emerald green, rich crimson midrib, radiating from centre to margins, the intervening spaces densely spotted with ivory white, the small thread-like veins forming an elegant tracery over the upper surface. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCE OF WALES, a very handsome variety, with large golden yellow leaves. 7*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCESS ALEXANDRA, rosy salmon leaf, green centre rib, bordered with magenta crimson; leaf margin bounded by a green belt, having a picturesque light pink chain running parallel through its centre. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

PRINCESS OF TECK, a fine golden-leaved variety; ground colour bright orange yellow, the veins suffused with deep red. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCESS OF WALES, large pale golden yellow leaves spotted with crimson. 7*s.* 6*d.*

PRINCESS ROYAL, leaves of a golden ground colour, with crimson centre. 5*s.* and 7*s.* 6*d.*

PYRRHUS, centre and ribs deep crimson, surrounded with a margin of pleasing pea-green. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

QUADRICOLOR, centre of leaf pale yellowish green, ribs white, edged with rich rosy crimson, and margined with bright green. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

RAMEAU, centre deep reddish crimson, ribs much deeper; surface covered with large white blotches shaded with red. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE CALADIUMS—Continued.

RAULINII, rich red centre and veins, finely spotted with white. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

REINE VICTORIA, green veins and margins, densely spotted or marbled between with white and scattered rich crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

RICCI, pale greenish white centre, shaded with rosy crimson; broad margin of bright green, spotted with crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

ROSSINI, large leaf, with pale centre, pink midribs, and red blotches. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

ROUILLARD, glossy green margin, pale green centre, midrib and rays rich violet plum; the whole leaf spotted crimson. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

SIEBOLDII, rich green, with fiery red crimson rayed centre; green spaces, densely spotted with claret red. 2*s.* 6*d.* and 3*s.* 6*d.*

SOUVENIR DE MADAME E. ANDRE, large deep green leaves, marbled with pure white; veins fine rosy crimson. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

SPONTINI, an attractive variety; foliage pea-green, with large white spots and rosy pink ribs and veins. 7*s.* 6*d.* and 10*s.* 6*d.*

THIBAUTII, fine large leaf, with rich crimson veins on a red ground. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

TRICOLOR, edges of leaves gray-green intersected with dark green; centre red lake, carmine midribs. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

TRIOMPHE DE L'EXPOSITION, crimson centre, with red ribs and green border; very fine. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

VEITCHII, *vide* **Alocasia Veitchii.**

VESTA, greenish white veins, surrounded with crimson; outer portion of leaf clear green dotted with dark green; the whole of the leaf spotted bright rose. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

VICOMTESSE DE LA ROQUE-ORDAN, red midrib and rays bordered with white; emerald green margin. 3*s.* 6*d.* and 5*s.*

BEGONIAS.

TUBEROUS-ROOTED SECTION.

The following novel and beautiful varieties will be found admirably adapted for the summer and autumn decoration of the Greenhouse and Conservatory, for they produce in the utmost profusion, magnificent flowers of very large size, and great variety in colour. They do not require stove cultivation, but will succeed well in a Greenhouse. The tubers rest during the winter months, similar to Gloxinias, and can be easily started into growth in the spring. Their profuse flowering quality, and the charming variety of colour of their blossoms, render them extremely showy and effective.

Those marked (*) *are double-flowered varieties.*

***ALBA PLENA**, a useful free-blooming variety, producing double white flowers. 5*s.*

ALFONSO, a fine flower; colour cinnamon, shaded with salmon. 3*s.* 6*d.*

AURELIA, a very fine large flower of a cinnamon rose colour; very distinct. 3*s.* 6*d.*

***BALSAMINÆFLORA PLENA**, a showy and attractive variety, producing fine full orange-coloured flowers with large petals. 5*s.*

BOLIVIENSIS, foliage light green, flowers bright glossy red, very freely produced, generally in pairs, but sometimes in clusters of three. 1*s.* 6*d.*

BRILLIANT, rich bright orange, a dazzling colour; flowers large and fine; very showy. 5*s.*

CALYPSO, a fine flower with very broad petals of a bright rose colour, shaded with magenta. 7*s.* 6*d.*

CARDINAL, a magnificent variety, producing large flowers of a rich deep magenta rose colour. 5*s.*

CAROLINE, deep rosy pink, a very fine showy flower with broad petals. 3*s.* 6*d.*

CLEOPATRA, rosy lake, shaded with magenta; a very large flower with fine broad petals. 5*s.*

CLIMAX, deep rich rosy carmine; the two outer petals extremely broad; a beautiful variety. 3*s.* 6*d.*

***CLOVIS**, an attractive variety giving fine large flowers, with fimbriated petals of a bright orange red colour. 10*s.* 6*d.*

CORONET, rich rosy carmine; a large flower with broad petals. 7*s.* 6*d.*

CORSAIR, rosy salmon; a most profuse blooming variety. 3*s.* 6*d.*

DRAGON, a beautiful flower, with fine large long petals; colour rich bright rose; very effective. 5*s.*

DR. MASTERS, a beautiful and effective variety, with very rich carmine crimson drooping flowers, suspended on salmon-tinted pedicels or flower stalks. 2*s.* 6*d.*

BEGONIAS—Continued.

EMBLEM, a very attractive variety, giving fine large showy flowers with extremely broad petals, of a deep rose colour, shaded with magenta. 3*s.* 6*d.*

EMPEROR, a splendid variety, producing very large flowers of a brilliant orange scarlet colour. 5*s.*

ENSIGN, bright pink ; a beautiful shade of colour ; flowers large ; a very elegant variety. 3*s.* 6*d.*

EXCELSIOR, a showy free-blooming variety, with fine large flowers of a bright cinnabar red colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

FLAMMETTA, bright orange scarlet ; a remarkable large and fine flower. 5*s.*

FRŒBELII, a splendid species from Ecuador, very distinct and attractive, producing well above the foliage, erect bunches of large brilliant scarlet flowers ; the foliage is of a bright green colour, furnished on the under side with a thick covering of white hairs. 1*s.* 6*d.*

GEM, light cream colour, the reverse of petals light pink ; extremely distinct and attractive. 5*s.*

GLITTER, vivid orange scarlet ; an extremely bright and showy colour ; a fine large flower. 5*s.*

***GLOIRE DE NANCY**, a beautiful flower ; the exterior petals being of a rich vermilion colour and the centre of a light bright scarlet. 7*s.* 6*d.*

HERMINE, light orange cinnamon, a very distinct and attractive shade of colour ; a pretty flower ; large and well formed. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ICARUS, a very fine large flower of a bright salmon colour. 5*s.*

INTERMEDIA, a fine hybrid, of free-branching strong upright growth ; the flowers are of the size and form of *B. Veitchii*, which they also resemble in colour, but are of rather a darker shade. 3*s.* 6*d.*

JEANNE D'ARC, a beautiful variety with very fine large pure white flowers. 7*s.* 6*d.*

***LEMOINEI**, a splendid variety with large flowers of a rich orange vermilion colour ; the female flowers single ; the male flowers very full and double. 5*s.*

LUCINDA, an extremely attractive variety producing very large and fine flowers, with remarkably long petals, of a deep rose colour. 5*s.*

MAGENTA QUEEN, a beautiful variety, with large pendent flowers of a rich deep rose colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

MAGNET, beautiful light pink, the reverse of the petals deep pink ; a charming variety, producing fine large flowers with good petals. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MARATHON, deep crimson ; a very fine large flower. 5*s.*

***MARIE BOUCHET**, this variety produces immense double flowers of a dark reddish scarlet colour. 10*s.* 6*d.*

***MARIE LEMOINE**, a fine variety producing large bunches of very full double flowers of a salmon chamois colour, with soft rose centre ; the female flowers semi-double. 7*s.* 6*d.*

MASTERPIECE, a magnificent variety, producing immense flowers of an intensely bright vermilion scarlet colour ; extremely attractive. 7*s.* 6*d.*

MAZEPPA, very light cream colour, the reverse of the petals tinted with orange pink ; extremely distinct and pretty. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MINIATA, a fine showy variety, producing flowers of a bright rosy carmine colour ; very elegant and distinct. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MODIOLA, bright rose, shaded with salmon ; a very large flower with fine broad petals. 5*s.*

MRS. MASTERS, a very effective and ornamental variety, producing bright rose carmine blooms in great profusion upon salmon-tinted drooping pedicels or flower-stalks. 3*s.* 6*d.*

OBERON, bright crimson, shaded with orange scarlet ; a splendid variety. 7*s.* 6*d.*

OCTOPETALA, a Peruvian species, producing splendid flowers of large size, composed of eight petals, white, with the reverse of the petals of a bright rosy carmine colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

ORESTES, deep rosy carmine ; a magnificent flower with fine large petals. 5*s.*

ORIFLAMME, an exceedingly beautiful variety, producing very large flowers of a vermilion carmine colour. 5*s.*

***ORNEMENT**, a robust growing variety, producing very fine full flowers of a beautiful soft rose colour. 5*s.*

***PÆONIÆFLORA**, a vigorous growing variety, producing very large and full flowers, with petals of good substance and of a beautiful soft salmon rose colour ; the long foot-stalks bend over with the weight of the flowers. 7*s.* 6*d.*

PAUL MASUREL, a fine variety of pyramidal habit, producing very large flowers of a pure orange colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PEARCEI, flowers large, bright yellow, and borne on slender stems well above the foliage. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PEARCEI GRANDIFLORA, a remarkably showy and attractive variety, with rich dark olive green leaves, which contrast admirably with the very large and fine flowers, which are of a bright golden yellow colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PHYLLIS, a most beautiful variety, with blossoms of a delicate sulphur colour tinted with pink ; an extremely distinct and charming flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

BEGONIAS—Continued.

RUBESCENS, a fine hybrid variety of neat robust branching dwarf habit, giving a profusion of elegant half-drooping racemes of large rich salmon-tinted red blossoms. *5s.*

***SALMONEA PLENA**, fine large double flowers of a clear rosy salmon colour; a very effective variety. *5s.*

SEDENI, a fine variety of free growth, with large leaves, the veins of which are slightly tinted with rose colour; the flowers are of the richest magenta colour, and of large size. *1s. 6d.*

SERAPH, a dwarf-growing variety of neat and compact habit, freely producing fine flowers of a soft pink colour, the exterior part of the two outer petals suffused with rose. *3s. 6d.*

HANDSOME-FLOWERED BEGONIAS, for prices, *vide* pages 135 to 138.

BEGONIAS—Continued.

SPARKLER, a splendid flower, with fine broad petals of a bright crimson colour. 7*s.* 6*d.*

STARLIGHT, a beautiful variety of dwarf compact habit, and a profuse bloomer; the flowers are large and effective, of a pretty shade of blush pink. 5*s.*

SUNRISE, a magnificent variety, producing fine large flowers of a bright rosy scarlet colour; extremely showy and attractive. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SUNSET, rich crimson; a fine large showy flower. 7*s.* 6*d.*

SURPRISE, a beautiful and effective variety, producing extremely pretty bright pink flowers in great profusion. 3*s.* 6*d.*

TEMPLAR, a fine flower, with broad petals of a rosy pink colour. 5*s.*

TROJAN, an extremely distinct and effective variety, freely producing fine flowers of a lovely light rosy pink colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

VEITCHII, this species was discovered near Cuzco in Peru. It differs from other Begonias in having roundish blooms of a vivid vermilion or cinnabar red, and in being comparatively hardy. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VERONA, bright rosy pink; a very pretty variety. 5*s.*

VESUVIUS, a fine variety, producing very large flowers of a rich orange scarlet colour. 2*s.* 6*d.*

VIVICANS, a very graceful plant, with semi-transparent stems, its leaves slightly villose or hairy, and numerous drooping brilliant orange scarlet bell-shaped flowers. 3*s.* 6*d.*

WHITE QUEEN, a distinct and beautiful variety, producing ivory white flowers tinted with rose. 3*s.* 6*d.*

Selections of good varieties can be made by Mr. W. B. at 30s. and 42s. per dozen.

BEGONIAS.

Variegated-foliaged Section.

These are remarkable for their variegated and beautifully coloured ornamental foliage.

ABBÉ DELAHAYE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
A. CARRIÈRE, 5*s.*
ADRIEN ROBINE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
ANDALOUSIE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
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ARGENTEA HIRSUTA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ZEBRINA**, 5*s.*
ARGUS, 5*s.*
BERENICE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
CHERUBINI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
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EMILE CHATÉ, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **LOISE**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
FLORA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
FULVA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
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JULES DEHAUSSY, 5*s.*
JULES DUPLESSIS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
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LOUIS BOUTARD, 3*s.* 6*d.*
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MADAME DE CAUVILLE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
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—— **JULES LECOCQ**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PIGNY**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
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—— **VERSCHAFFELT**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
MADEMOISELLE A. BLEU, 5*s.*
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—— **EMMA**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **HENRIETTE GRAUX**, 5*s.*
—— **MARIA DENIS**, 5*s.*
MALETTA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
MARGA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
MARGARITACEA, 3*s* 6*d.*
MARGUERITE BRUANT, 5*s.*
MARMION, 5*s.*
MARQUISE DE ST. INNOCENT, 3*s.* 6*d.*
MAZEPPA, 5*s.*
MONSIEUR ANDREWS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **BIENAIMÉ**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CHRÈTIEN**, 5*s.*
—— **LEFEBVRE**, 5*s.*
NAIALA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
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PICTURATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PRIMA DONNA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PRINCE OF WALES, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PRINCESS CHARLOTTE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PROFESSOR GASPARRINI, 3*s.* 6*d.*
QUADRIZONALIS ORNATA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
SATIN BLANC, 3*s.* 6*d.*
SECRÉTAIRE DELAMARRE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MORREN**, 3*s.* 6*d.*
SOVEREIGN, 5*s.*
VARSOVIE, 5*s.*
VICOMTE DE CONDEIXA, 5*s.*
VICTOR BLEU, 3*s.* 6*d.*
VOIE LACTÉE, 5*s.*
W. E. GUMBLETON, 5*s.*

BEGONIA OTTO FORSTER.

A magnificent hybrid between *B. imperialis* and *B. rex*. Its splendid large foliage is of a rich bronzy green colour, ornamented with shining silvery white veining and marbling, producing an exceedingly superb effect. 3*s*. 6*d*.

BEGONIA IMPERIALIS, 3*s*. 6*d*. | **BEGONIA SMARAGDINA**, 3*s*. 6*d*.

The following are useful flowering species and varieties, and highly effective for decoration; and the majority of them are winter blooming. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d. each.

ARGYROSTIGMA ELEGANTISSIMA
DIGSWELLIANA
DREGEI
GLAUCOPHYLLA
HYBRIDA FLORIBUNDA
INGRAMII
METALLICA
MOONLIGHT
NITIDA
RICHARDSIANA
—— VASTISSIMA
SAUNDERSIANA
VALIDA
WELTONIENSIS.

NEW AND CHOICE FUCHSIAS.

For new varieties, offered for the first time, vide page 8.

ACIS, deep crimson tube and sepals; tube short, sepals broad and slightly reflexed; large purplish crimson corolla of good substance. 5*s*.

ACMON, deep rosy pink tube and sepals; large double corolla of a bluish slate colour. 5*s*.

ADINE, a very pretty variety, producing beautiful flowers with white tube and sepals, the latter completely reflexed, and rich deep rosy magenta coloured corolla. 3*s*. 6*d*.

ADMIRATION, a beautifully formed flower; tube and sepals rich crimson, the latter completely recurved; corolla well expanded, and of a purplish crimson colour. 1*s*. 6*d*.

ALICE, tube and sepals pure white; sepals well refloxed; corolla bright rosy scarlet, sometimes edged with a deeper shade. 1*s*.

AMADEO, bright rosy pink tube and sepals; tube very short; pale bluish corolla. 5*s*.

AMBROSIA, *vide* page 8.

ANNIE LUSTRE, tube and sepals pure white; tube very long and sepals broad and beautifully reflexed; corolla vivid crimson. 1*s*. 6*d*.

ATALANTA, crimson tube and sepals, the latter reflexed; purplish crimson corolla. 1*s*.

ATHALIE, a remarkably fine and well-formed flower, with bright crimson tube and sepals, and rich satiny purple corolla; the sepals are broad and elegantly recurved. 3*s*. 6*d*.

AZUREA SUPERBA, tube and recurved sepals of a bright reddish coral colour; enormous corolla, with very large petals of an azure violet colour. 5*s*.

BARONESS, a very pretty and attractive flower, with long white tube, white sepals well reflexed, and violet rose corolla. 1*s*. 6*d*.

BARONNE BLANCHE EZPELTA, large double well-expanded flowers, with coral red tube and sepals, the latter well reflexed, and azure violet corolla shaded with scarlet. 2*s*. 6*d*.

BASILISK, long thick white tube; broad horizontally reflexed sepals, blush white, tipped with green; corolla bright light scarlet. 1*s*.

BEAUTY OF THE WEST, an attractive flower, with white tube and sepals, and bright vermilion scarlet corolla. 5*s*.

BEAUTY OF WILTS, a splendid flower, with long white tube and white sepals elegantly recurved; short corolla of a rich rosy carmine colour. 1*s*.

BERENICE, tube and sepals rich crimson, the sepals broad and beautifully reflexed; corolla rich deep purple marked with rosy crimson at the base. 7*s*. 6*d*.

BLUE KING, flowers of good substance, with bright crimson tube and well-reflexed sepals, and fine cup-shaped blue corolla. 2*s*. 6*d*.

BULRUSH, light crimson tube and sepals; tube long, and sepals horizontally reflexed; light rosy purple corolla. 5*s*.

CALYPSO, tube and sepals rich crimson; sepals completely reflexed; large bell shaped corolla, of a rich crimson purple colour. 1*s*. 6*d*.

CAMILLE FLAMMARION, a free-blooming variety of good habit, producing large flowers with reflexed sepals of a rosy red colour, and well-formed reddish violet corolla. 5*s*.

CHARMER, fine large flowers, with extremely rich and bright reddish crimson tube and sepals; tube short, and sepals broad and well reflexed; fine rich purple plum corolla. 1*s*. 6*d*.

CISSIE, bright crimson tube and sepals, the latter prettily recurved; fine full corolla of a rich dark purple colour. 5*s*.

CLARINDA, *vide* page 8.

CREUSA, *vide* page 8.

DECIMA, tube and sepals deep rose colour; corolla violet purple; a pretty flower. 5*s*.

DE MONTALIVET, a variety with double flowers, having short reflexed sepals of a rosy carmine colour inside, and yellowish rose outside: corolla clear violet flaked with rose, the outer petals dark rose. 5*s*.

NEW AND CHOICE FUCHSIAS—Continued.

DUNOIS, tube and sepals bright reddish crimson, the sepals well reflexed; fine rich purple corolla, each petal of which is distinctly serrated on the edge. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ECLIPSE, bright red tube and sepals; large corolla of a deep purple colour, of fine shape; sepals broad and well reflexed; a splendid dark variety, of good habit and very free-flowering. 7*s.* 6*d.*

EGERIA, short tube and well-recurved sepals of an intensely rich crimson colour; stout long purple corolla. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ELFIN, light crimson tube and sepals, the latter elegantly reflexed; rich purple corolla, flaked with rose; very full and double. 1*s.* 6*d.*

EMILY LYE, a very fine variety; large flowers with white tube and sepals and shaded purple corolla; free and showy. 1*s.* 6*d.*

FLAMBEAU, short tube and well-reflexed crimson sepals; very large and full corolla of a dark violet colour, shaded with azure, and striped and spotted with scarlet. 5*s.*

FRANCISQUE SARCEY, a very free blooming variety, of dwarf compact habit, with very full double flowers; corolla bluish violet; large reflexed sepals of a dark rose colour on the inside and bright red on the exterior. 5*s.*

GALATEA, rosy carmine tube and sepals; stout well-formed corolla of a rich and bright bluish purple colour; a remarkable flower from its size and immensely thick corolla. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GARNIER-PAGÈS, well-formed erect flowers, with large rosy violet corolla and clear red sepals; an extremely floriferous variety. 5*s.*

GASPAR, *vide* page 8.

GEM OF THE WEST, short tube and short recurved sepals of a rich bright crimson colour; large expanded corolla of a rich purplish crimson colour changing to reddish crimson. 1*s.*

GEORGE FREDERICK, tube and sepals rich scarlet crimson; tube short, sepals broad and thick and nicely reflexed; large corolla, of a rich purple crimson colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

GRAND DUCHESS, large pure white double corolla of fine form; brilliant carmine tube and sepals, the latter broad and well reflexed; of good habit and very free flowering; one of the largest and finest of the double whites. 7*s.* 6*d.*

HIGHLAND CHIEF, tube and sepals bright crimson; tube short, sepals elegantly reflexed, leaving completely exposed the large bell-shaped deep purple corolla. 1*s.* 6*d.*

INDIAN CHIEF, tube and sepals carmine pink, the latter recurved; large violet blue corolla, shaded with red from the base. 1*s.* 6*d.*

JAMES LYE, red tube and sepals, dark violet purple corolla; a fine large flower, of good form. 1*s.*

JASON, a distinct variety; the flowers have a very fine corolla about 1½ inch long, and of an intense black purple colour; the sepals, which are very large, long and reflexed, are of a deep crimson colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

JOHN GIBSON, bright scarlet tube and sepals, the latter well reflexed; lavender purple corolla of beautiful shape. 1*s.* 6*d.*

KING ALFONSO, a fine flower; rich crimson tube and sepals, the latter broad and of great substance; corolla deep violet. 1*s.* 6*d.*

KINGSBURYANA, a variety of good habit and a most abundant bloomer, producing fine flowers with bright red tube and sepals, the latter reflexed, and large double open and spreading white corolla. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LE PHARE, a fine flower of very elegant form; short thick tube and well reflexed sepals of a brilliant red colour; globular corolla of a rich violet colour veined with bright red. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LITTRÉ, a beautifully formed flower, with long corolla of a dark violet colour, whitish at the base; short tube and large and elegantly recurved sepals of a soft rose colour. 5*s.*

LYE'S FAVOURITE, white tube and sepals, rich magenta corolla; flowers large and of fine form, borne in elegant clusters; a splendid variety of good habit. 5*s.*

MADAME GALLI-MARIÉ, very large full double flowers, with long recurved sepals of a brilliant rosy red colour and alabaster white corolla. 5*s.*

MANTLE, *vide* page 8.

MEMPHIS, tube and sepals of a bright and rich crimson colour, the sepals gracefully reflexed; large and well-expanded corolla of a rich purple colour; a fine large flower. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MINERVA, a splendid flower with large and very full double white corolla, and bright carmine tube and reflexed sepals; it is one of the finest double whites in cultivation. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MISS LYE, a splendid flower, with long white tube and well-recurved white sepals; corolla rose colour, slightly shaded with violet. 1*s.*

MONSTRUOSA PLENA, this variety is of good habit and vigorous growth, producing enormous flowers, with short tube and well-recurved sepals of a very dark coral red colour, and immense extended corolla of a clear bright reddish crimson colour. 5*s.*

M. DUFAURE, a very floriferous variety of good habit, producing beautifully-formed flowers, with rosy salmon corolla and elegantly-recurved sepals of a yellowish salmon colour, with green tips; extremely distinct. 5*s.*

M. LOMBARD, tube and sepals coral red, the latter reflexed; fine double corolla, of a clear lilac colour, the petals margined with white; very distinct and attractive. 10*s.* 6*d.*

NEW AND CHOICE FUCHSIAS—Continued.

MRS. GRANT, a very beautiful flower, with blush tube and sepals, and orange rose corolla. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NESTOR, a very fine variety, with large showy flowers; tube and sepals carmine, the latter reflexed; very large, full and much expanded corolla of a rich purplish-crimson colour. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NOVEAU MASTODONTE, a splendid variety, of excellent habit and free growth; the flowers are very full and double, the corolla of globular formation, colour a very dark violet veined with red; the sepals are beautifully reflexed, covering the brilliant red tube; it is extremely floriferous. 7*s.* 6*d.*

ORLANDO, a very large flower, with light violet purple colour double corolla, and carmine tube and sepals; an attractive variety. 7*s.* 6*d.*

PATRIOTE, immense violet purple corolla of involuto form; the petals veined with scarlet at the base; large tube and long reflexed sepals of a very rich carmine colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PENTHEUS, rich deep crimson tube and sepals; large open saucer-shaped corolla of a rich dark purple plum colour. 1*s.*

PIERRE JOIGNEAUX, a fine full double flower, with irregularly formed corolla of a rosy purple colour, shaded with violet; reflexed sepals of a light yellowish roso colour, with green tips; exceedingly free-flowering. 5*s.*

PINK PERFECTION, a stout flower of fine form, with creamy white tube and sepals and rich pink and violet corolla, dashed with violet. 2*s.* 6*d.*

REAPER, short tube and extraordinary wide sepals, of a bright rosy carmine colour; short double corolla of a rich purplish crimson colour. 5*s.*

STAR OF WILTS, tube and sepals cream colour, corolla pale pinkish violet, with distinct margin of orange; a very fine flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SYROS, *vide* page 8.

THERA, *vide* page 8.

VILLE DE NANCY, tube and sepals of a pale carmine red colour, the latter very wide and well recurved; fine large double corolla, of a brilliant dark violet colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

VIOLLET-LE-DUC, a floriferous variety of good habit; fine full double flowers, with expanded corolla of a metallic violet colour and short reddish crimson reflexed sepals. 5*s.*

VIRGO, tube and sepals pure white, the latter gracefully reflexed, and forming a perfect crown above the corolla, which is of a beautiful magenta colour, quite a novel shade. 1*s.* 6*d.*

VOIX DU PEUPLE, large flowers, with fine expanded milky white corolla; sepals well recurved, of a rich rosy carmine colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

WAGNERIAN, tube and sepals crimson; the latter beautifully reflexed; large and glossy corolla of a deep crimson purple colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

WHITE GIANT, a splendid variety, producing long racemes of flowers of immense size; one of the largest double white corollas. 1*s.* 6*d.*

Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s *General Collection at* 9*s. and* 12*s. per dozen.*

FUCHSIAS.

HYBRIDS AND SPECIES.

BOLIVIANA, a remarkably ornamental and attractive species, discovered by M. Roczl in Bolivia. It is of compact growth, and its branches terminate in large bunches of beautiful drooping flowers, about three inches long and of a rich carmine crimson colour, with bright carmine corolla. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CANARY BIRD, a showy and attractivo variety; foliage of a golden yellow colour; leaves prettily veined; flowers well formed; tube and sepals scarlet, the latter broad and finely reflexed; corolla of a rich dark purple colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CH. DARWIN, a dwarf and free-flowering variety, obtained from a cross between *F. Dominiana* and *F. serratifolia*; it has tubular flowers of a brilliant rosy carmine colour; the sepals long, slightly reflexed, rose tipped with yellowish green; long expanded corolla of a reddish yellow colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

DR. GORDON, this variety is from the same cross as the preceding; it is of dwarf habit and produces drooping flowers nearly four inches long; the tube is of a brilliant purplish rose colour; the sepals pointed with orange yellow; the corolla is very wide and of a rich orange vermilion colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ED. ANDRE, an extremely free flowering variety, obtained from a cross between *F. Dominiana* and *F. serratifolia*, resembling the latter in its narrow foliage and in the form of its flowers, which are very large, with open corolla of a pale orange colour and long carmine tube and sepals, which are yellowish at the points. 3*s.* 6*d.*

GRACILIS VARIEGATA, an elegant variety of good habit, with small leaves broadly margined with white. 1*s.* 6*d.*

H. LECOQ, an attractive variety, obtained from a cross between *F. Dominiana* and *F. serratifolia*; it has large tube-shaped flowers about one and a half to two inches long, carmine red at the base and dark rose at the summit; straw coloured recurved sepals; rosy orange corolla; dwarf habit 1*s.* 6*d.*

FUCHSIAS—Continued.

MICROPHYLLA, a distinct species with miniature foliage, flowers and growth. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PROCUMBENS, a distinct and interesting species; the flowers are about three-quarters of an inch long, with a linear-oblong ovary, surmounted by an orange-yellow funnel-shaped calyx tube which is divided at the throat into four reflexed segments, nearly as long as the tube and of a deep violet colour edged with green. It has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, tab. 6139. 1*s.* 6*d.*

RAINBOW, an extremely pretty variety with attractively variegated leaves, the colours of which are rose, white and crimson on a light green ground. The flowers have a double white corolla contrasting well with the bright carmine tube and sepals, the latter being nicely reflexed. 3*s.* 6*d.*

RICCARTONI, a beautiful hardy variety, useful for out door planting. 1*s.* 6*d.*

SPLENDENS, a free-bloomiug attractive species, producing rich crimson flowers with the ends of the sepals light green. It is of free growth and easy cultivation, continues a long time in beauty, and is very useful as a winter-flowering plant. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SUNRAY, a beautiful plant, with leaves of a rich bright crimson, white and bronzy green, in about equal parts. The flowers are of fine form; scarlet tube and sepals; light purple corolla. 1*s.* 6*d.*

JAPANESE CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

When in Japan, the late Mr. Fortune sent to this country seven remarkable Chrysanthemums, which proved exceedingly distinct in size, form and colour, from the ordinary kinds grown here. From the types then introduced, have been raised the following, which are still more remarkable for their diversity, possessing as they do either enormous size, peculiarity of form or novelty of colour. Although of a distinct type from the Chrysanthemums in general cultivation, no difference in treatment or soil is necessary to secure a succession of Flowers from November until January or February. Many of them remain longer in bloom, and bloom later than the Chinese kinds, so that we may have our greenhouses gay with them all through the dull winter months, when flowers are scarce. The effect produced in the conservatory by their fantastic forms and brilliant colours is most novel and pleasing, many of their immense blooms having more the appearance of tassels formed of the gay plumage of tropical birds than of flowers.

AMARANTINA CARMINATA, bright amaranth tipped with white; a fine flower. 1*s.*

ARLEQUIN, dark crimson tipped and blotched with gold; a very effective variety. 1*s.*

BELLE CASTELLANE, lilac mauve, pointed with dark buff; a very fine flower. 1*s.*

BERTIER RENDATLER, bright canary, the florets darkly tipped; a fine large showy flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

BISMARCK, bright orange shaded with amber. 1*s.*

BOUQUET FAIT, immense flowers with twisted florets; colour rich rose and silvery white, with golden centre; very fine. 1*s.* 6*d.*

BRONZE DRAGON, a large flower of a bronzy-salmon colour. 1*s.*

COMTESSE DE BEAUREGARD, light rose; a beautiful flower. 1*s.*

CRITERION, buff yellow; a fine flower of good form; dwarf and free. 1*s.*

DIAMOND, bronze mixed with orange; a fine large flower. 1*s.*

DR. AUDIGUIER, rich amaranth crimson, marbled white; reverse of florets silvery white. 1*s.*

DR. MASTERS, a very distinct and showy variety, with long sword-like florets, opening with a large centre of bright yellow, the exterior being flormed of showy red florets, and the centre changing to red as the flower-heads expand, the florets then becoming tipped with gold. 1*s.*

ELAINE, white, the reverse of the florets slightly tinted carmine; a very fine large free flower. 1*s.*

ESPÉRANCE, a fine large flower with curiously twisted florets of a rosy lilac colour, tipped with white; very distinct and beautiful. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ETHEL, pure white; a beautiful formed flower with broad florets; very fine. 1*s.*

FAIR MAID OF GUERNSEY, pure white; a fine large flower. 1*s.*

FULGARE, a large full flower, with long twisted florets of a rosy purple colour. 1*s.*

FULTON, a large and fine flower, with long twisted florets of a clear bright yellow colour. 1*s.*

GARNET, light blood red or garnet; flower heads composed of long curled florets, which form a kind of drooping fringe round an anemone centre. 1*s.*

GLOIRE DE ST. MARTIN, a very large flower, with long twisted florets of a beautiful rose colour tipped with pure white; the reverse of the florets carmine. 1*s.* 6*d.*

GLOIRE DE TOULOUSE, rich amaranth crimson; a very fine flower. 1*s.*

GLORIOSUM, flower-heads of large size, composed of very long slender florets of a bright orange colour, curiously twisted and curled. 1*s.*

GRANDIFLORUM, a fine large tasselled flower of a golden yellow colour. 1*s.*

JAPANESE CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued.

HIVER FLEURI, very large double flowers, cream colour, tinted with rosy violet, the edges of the florets and centre of the flower buff yellow ; novel and distinct. 1*s.* 6*d.*

JAMES SALTER, clear lilac or mauve, shaded towards the centre ; flower-heads very double and of immense size, composed of broad curled florets. 1*s.*

JANE SALTER, white, bordered and striped with rosy lilac ; large flower-heads composed of long broad curled florets ; early and very free flowering. Illustrated in the *Floral Magazine*. 1*s.*

KATAKANA, brilliant orange, shaded saffron, and striped with yellow ; the reverse of the florets yellow. 1*s.*

LA CHARMEUSE, very large flowers of a rich bright amaranth colour. 1*s.*

LA FRISURE, a fine large full flower, with peculiarly twisted and curled florets of a soft rose colour marked with white ; the under side of the florets being of a silvery shade. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LA NUIT, an immense flower, with very long quilled florets of a dark reddish crimson colour, the reverse of the florets golden yellow ; a very curious and showy variety. 3*s.* 6*d.*

LA NYMPHE, a very pretty flower of a delicate peach colour shaded with white. 1*s.*

LE NEGRE, blackish maroon, tipped with fiery red ; very fine. 1*s.*

LILACEUM ROSEUM, rosy lilac ; a very fine large flower, with broad florets. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME BERTIER RENDATLER, large flowers, very double and of fine form ; nankeen shaded with rose ; quite a novel colour ; a free blooming and attractive variety. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME BOUCHARLET AINÉ, a magnificent flower with long quilled florets of a beautiful canary yellow colour ; one of the finest varieties of this colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MAGNUM BONUM, rosy lilac, with lighter back ; the flower heads, which are very large, are composed of broad flat fringed florets. 1*s.*

METEOR, bright golden yellow, changing to orange ; florets very long and curiously curled ; a very early and free-blooming variety of the actinoid class. 1*s.*

M. BRUNET, a very large flower, with long florets of a lilac colour, tipped with white ; a fine and distinct variety. 3*s.* 6*d.*

M. CHARLES HUBERT, an enormous flower, very double, with vertical florets, of a canary yellow colour ; producing large trusses of from eight to ten very fine flowers. 1*s.*

M. CROUSSE, crimson, central florets incurved and of a golden yellow colour ; a splendid flower. 1*s.*

M. DELAUX, a very fine full large flower of a rich reddish crimson colour ; the florets which are long and twisted, are of a beautiful golden yellow colour on their under side. 1*s.* 6*d.*

M. LEMOINE, a large double flower of a rich reddish crimson colour, tipped with bright yellow ; golden centre, the reverse of the florets buff yellow ; distinct and striking. 1*s.* 6*d.*

M. RIEUX, a very large and full flower of a mahogany red colour changing to golden yellow and purple ; very distinct and beautiful. 3*s.* 6*d.*

M. ROUX, a large flower, with laciniated florets of a beautiful dark reddish crimson colour, marked with white in the centre ; a superb variety. 3*s.* 6*d.*

NEC PLUS ULTRA, dark chamois, spotted with yellow, well formed and very double. 1*s.*

NUIT D'AUTOMNE, a very fine variety with partially incurved flowers of a fiery crimson amaranth colour. 1*s.*

NUIT D'HIVER, saffron bronze, tinted brown and tipped with golden yellow ; the reverse of the florets sulphur yellow ; dwarf and free. 1*s.*

ORACLE, dark rose purple ; very large and showy ; a free flowering variety. 1*s.*

PARASOL, a very large and fine incurved flower of a golden buff colour, shaded with rich salmon ; very free blooming and attractive. 3*s.* 6*d.*

PÈRE DÉLAUX, an attractive variety with immense flowers of a rich velvety reddish brown colour ; remarkably showy. 1*s.* 6*d.*

PETER THE GREAT, fine large flowers of a lemon yellow colour ; very free. 1*s.*

PURPUREUM ALBUM, rich purple, mottled and spotted white ; flower heads of medium size, and not unlike a bunch of purple and white ribbon formed into a loose tassel. 1*s.*

PYRAMIDALE, a very full flower, with erect quilled florets of a canary yellow colour passing to brick red ; it is very free, of dwarf habit, and exceedingly attractive. 1*s.*

RED DRAGON, red chestnut, tipped with yellow, and sometimes spotted with gold ; flower heads very double and of immense size. 1*s.*

REINE DES BEAUTÉS, small double flowers with long recurved florets of a most brilliant crimson colour ; the reverse of the florets golden yellow ; very fine. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ROB ROY, tubular florets purple red, with the expanded portions pale amber, like the colours of the wild Honeysuckle. 1*s.*

JAPANESE CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued.

ROSA BONHEUR, immense flowers of a rich deep violet colour, shaded with carmine ; a novel and attractive variety. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ROSE SUPRÊME, delicate rose, lighter towards the edge of the flower, and slightly tinted with lilac in the centre. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ROSETTA, dark rose purple, back of the florets, which are of great length and twisted and curled in the most fantastic manner, of a silvery lilac colour ; a novel and curious variety. 1*s.*

R. T. BIGGS, a very fine large showy flower of a rich crimson colour. 1*s.*

SARNIA, white, with a beautiful stripe down each floret ; very novel and distinct. 1*s.*

SOURCE D'OR, golden yellow, rayed and speckled with dark yellow ; a very fine large flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

SPLENDENS, transparent chrome yellow, tinted with orange ; florets very long and broad, curling inwards ; flower-heads double, and of immense size ; a free-blooming and very dwarf variety. 1*s.*

STAR, very large orange yellow florets, of great breadth and length, radiating from a golden disc. 1*s.*

TENDRESSE, large and very full flowers of a soft chamois colour, bordered with rose ; a beautiful variety, novel and distinct. 1*s.* 6*d.*

THE COSSACK, maroon and yellow ; a showy and attractive flower. 1*s.*

THE DAIMIO, pale pink, changing to rosy lilac ; flower-heads large, double, and of great substance ; an attractive variety of the ribbon-formed section. 1*s.*

THE SULTAN, flower-heads of immense size, composed of a mass of bright rosy purple florets, with a lighter back ; a highly ornamental variety. 1*s.*

TRIOMPHE DE LA RUE DU CHATÊLET, an immense flower, of beautiful form and very distinct ; colour salmon, shaded rose, with golden yellow centre ; very fine. 1*s.* 6*d.*

VICEROY OF EGYPT, deep rosy crimson and white back, first row of florets quilled, the rest very broad and curled inwards. 1*s.*

CHINESE OR LARGE-FLOWERED CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

ABBÉ PASSAGLIA, brassy amber, broad incurved florets ; a beautiful show flower. 1*s.*

AIMÉE-FERRIÈRE, silver white, beautifully tipped with rose pink, incurved and very fine. 1*s.*

ALFONSO, a late-blooming variety, producing very fine large flowers of a bright glowing crimson colour, tipped with gold ; extremely showy and attractive. 1*s.*

ALFRED SALTER, delicate pink ; a very large, fine, and beautifully incurved flower. 1*s.*

ARIADNE, cream and rose, a very pleasing colour ; large and fine for specimens. 1*s.*

AUREUM MULTIFLORUM, bright pure yellow, incurved, of medium size, dwarf and fine. 1*s.*

BARBARA, an exceedingly fine variety, of a very rich and bright golden yellow colour ; it is a splendid incurved show flower, very full, double, and perfectly symmetrical. 1*s.*

BARON BEUST, red chestnut, with gold tips on the under surface ; florets smooth and finely incurved. 1*s.*

BEAUTY, peach blush ; a beautiful flower. 1*s.*

BEETHOVEN, bronzed red, with slight golden tips on the under surface ; florets broad, stiff, and finely incurved ; very double and of free habit. 1*s.*

BEVERLEY, large ivory white broad incurved florets of exquisite form ; a splendid show flower. 1*s.*

BRONZE JARDIN DES PLANTES, bronzed orange, with yellow centre ; a very fine incurved flower. 1*s.*

C. E. WATERS, a fine show flower of a rich amber colour, beautifully incurved. 1*s.*

CHERUB, golden amber, with rosy tint ; a large and finely incurved flower. 1*s.*

CHEVALIER DOMAGE, bright gold, splendid colour. 1*s.*

CLEOPATRA, blush, with rosy shade, beautifully incurved. 1*s.*

DAPHNE, sulphur, incurved ; a fine pot plant. 1*s.*

DIDO, sulpur white, with stiff incurved florets, very double, dwarf compact habit and very fine. 1*s.*

DR. LINDLEY, a large flower, dark orange, with amber centre ; broad incurved florets. 1*s.*

DR. ROZAS, rose crimson, incurved and very fine. 1*s.*

DR. SHARPE, a very fine flower of a crimson magenta colour. 1*s.*

DUKE OF EDINBURGH, rose lilac with lighter centre, very large and finely incurved. 1*s.*

EMBLEM, a fine large flower of a light rosy purple colour ; very showy and effective. 1*s.*

EMPRESS OF INDIA, *vide* **WHITE QUEEN OF ENGLAND.**

E. SANDERSON, a very fine flower of a bronzy red colour ; showy and attractive. 1*s.* 6*d.*

EVE, sulphur yellow, incurved ; a delicate flower. 1*s.*

EXQUISITE, a fine variety, with very full and double blossoms, of exquisitely incurved form ; colour a bright golden yellow, the outer petals shaded orange and reflected salmon. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CHINESE OR LARGE-FLOWERED CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued.

FAUST, bronze crimson purple, incurved and very full, extra fine dwarf habit and foliage. 1*s.*

FINGAL, a large flower, rose violet with lighter back, very double and symmetrical, florets wide and finely incurved; a noble show flower. 1*s.*

FLORA, bright lilac peach, shading off to white; florets broad and finely incurved. 1*s.*

GARIBALDI, red chestnut, very large attractive flower-heads. 1*s.*

GAZELLE, bright crimson tipped with yellow; an exceedingly attractive variety, of dwarf compact growth; flowers large and of fine form. 1*s.*

GEORGE PEABODY, pearl white, back of florets dark lilac purple, beautifully incurved and very double; a first-rate show flower. Figured in the *Floral Magazine*. 1*s.*

GLOBE WHITE (WHITE GLOBE), incurved and fine. 1*s.*

GLORIA MUNDI, brilliant golden yellow, beautifully incurved, very high in the centre, fine dwarf habit and very free. 1*s.*

GOLDEN BEVERLEY, golden canary colour; a beautiful incurved show flower. 1*s.*

GOLDEN CHRISTINE, golden buff, large and fine for specimens. 1*s.*

GOLDEN EMPRESS OF INDIA, fine incurved flower, of a beautiful golden yellow colour. 1*s.*

GOLDEN JOHN SALTER, golden yellow changing to amber; a very fine flower. 1*s.*

GOLDEN QUEEN OF ENGLAND, golden canary; very large and fine. 1*s.*

GOLDEN TRILBY, clear yellow; a finely incurved flower. 1*s.*

HERCULES, large red carmine, incurved; this, when well grown, is the largest variety known. 1*s.*

HERO OF STOKE NEWINGTON, rosy blush shaded with purple. 1*s.*

IONA, bright citron yellow, beautifully incurved, high centre and a model of form. 1*s.*

JARDIN DES PLANTES, bright golden orange; a splendid colour; flowers finely incurved. 1*s.*

JOHN SALTER, reddish crimson shading off to orange in the centre; a fine incurved flower. 1*s.*

JULIE LAGRAVÈRE, dark velvety crimson, finer colour than *Bob*; extra fine. 1*s.*

KING OF DENMARK, bright rosy lilac; incurved and fine. 1*s.*

LADY HARDING, delicate rosy pink, tipped with blush, large and finely incurved. 1*s.*

LADY SLADE, delicate lilac pink with blush centre; beautifully incurved. 1*s.*

LADY TALFOURD, delicate rose lilac with silvery back, florets beautifully incurved and of a shell-like form, very double and of medium size. 1*s.*

LEDA, large white; a fine late flowering variety. 1*s.*

LE GRAND, extra large, florets broad and stout, elegantly incurved, colour delicate rosy peach, shading to fawn, the florets next the centre faintly striped. 1*s.*

L'ÈMIR, light crimson, incurved and fine. 1*s.*

LORD DERBY, very dark purple, florets broad and finely incurved, flower-heads globular or cone-shaped; a most splendid variety either for cut blooms or specimens. 1*s.*

LORD PALMERSTON, rose amaranth, tipped silvery blush, incurved, distinct and fine. 1*s.*

LORD STANLEY, large orange amber, finely incurved. 1*s.*

LUNA, golden yellow, with small brown tips, incurved; a fine show flower. 1*s.*

MADAME CHATÈ, large flower, fine broad florets; white, striped lilac; cream coloured centre. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME RIEUX, a beautiful flower, with laciniated florets of a soft rosy peach colour, changing to creamy white. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MADAME ROUX, a fine incurved flower, of a beautiful reddish amaranth colour; the reverse of the florets light violet. 3*s.* 6*d.*

MARÉCHAL DUROC, fine rose and lilac, incurved. 1*s.*

MONARCH, dark Indian red; back of the florets golden yellow; finely incurved and of immense size; a magnificent show flower. 1*s.*

MOUNT EDGCUMBE, transparent sulphur white, delicately tinted with rose; very large, double and beautifully incurved. Figured in the *Floral Magazine*. 1*s.*

MOUNT ETNA, a fine flower of a chestnut red colour. 1*s.*

M. BONAMY AINÉ, clear amaranth; all the florets toothed and curled, and silvery white on the reverse side; very distinct and showy. 3*s.* 6*d.*

M. ELIE, bright amaranth with silvery reflections; the reverse of the florets white. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MR. BRUNLEES, large Indian red, with tips incurved; a fine showy flower. 1*s.*

MR. COBAY, a splendid flower of ruby red colour; fine for specimens and cut blooms. 1*s.*

MR. GEORGE GLENNY, a very fine large flower of a bright amber or straw colour. 1*s.*

MR. JAMES LAING, a very finely-formed flower, with broad incurving florets of a bright yellow colour slightly suffused at the base; dwarf and of excellent habit. 1*s.*

MR. MURRAY, velvet rose, very full and fine. 1*s.*

MR. W. H. MORGAN, a very fine large flower of a bright yellow colour. 1*s.*

MRS. DIXON, a remarkably fine flower of a rich golden yellow colour; very attractive. 1*s.*

CHINESE OR LARGE-FLOWERED CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued.

MRS. G. RUNDLE, white, beautifully incurved. 1*s.*
MRS. HALIBURTON, sulphur white ; a fine incurved flower. 1*s.*
MRS. HEALE, pure white ; flowers of exquisite form. 1*s.*
MRS. W. SHIPMAN, incurved large flower, beautiful fawn shade ; fine and distinct. 1*s.* 6*d.*
MULBERRY, dark mulberry, not large, but incurved ; fine and very distinct. 1*s.*
NIL DESPERANDUM, dark red and orange ; a fine showy flower. 1*s.*
NOVELTY, large blush, beautifully incurved, but requires good cultivation. 1*s.*
ONDINE, cream, tipped rose lilac and lighter centre, fine incurved form. 1*s.*
ORANGE ANNIE SALTER, bright orange ; well adapted for specimens or the conservatory. 1*s.*
OSSIAN, large rose, incurved, very double and free ; an attractive conservatory plant. 1*s.*
PINK PERFECTION, soft pink, the lower florets tinted with a darker shade ; flower-heads large and of exquisite form, composed of broad incurved wax-like florets of great substance. 1*s.*
PRINCE ALFRED, a very large and fine flower of a rosy crimson colour. 1*s.*
PRINCE OF WALES, dark purple violet, with lighter shade, beautifully incurved. 1*s.*
PRINCESS BEATRICE, this variety has grand incurved flower heads, of the finest form and style, and the colour is a beautiful lively tint of rosy pink ; a splendid show flower. 1*s.*
PRINCESS OF WALES, pearl white ; a very fine flower. 1*s.*
PROGNE, amaranth ; a very brilliant colour ; the flowers have the odour of violets. 1*s.*
PURPUREUM ELEGANS, rich purple violet or crimson, with half-incurved florets, of medium size, very double and free ; a scarce and most attractive shade of colour. 1*s.*
REFULGENS, a fine flower of good form ; colour a deep claret crimson ; very attractive. 1*s.*
RIFLEMAN, dark ruby, beautifully incurved, fine for cut blooms or specimens. 1*s.*
RIVAL LITTLE HARRY, dark yellow or golden amber, very double and finely incurved ; a seedling from *Little Harry*, with broader florets and more robust habit, but equally dwarf. 1*s.*
ROTUNDIFLORUM, pearl white, changing to pale lilac as the flower-head expands, when it becomes a complete ball ; florets broad, stiff, and finely incurved. 1*s.*
SERAPH, sulphur, with yellow centre, finely incurved. 1*s.*
STAFFA, golden yellow, with stiff incurved florets of wax-like appearance. 1*s.*
SULPHUREUM SUPERBUM, clear sulphur yellow, very double and fine for specimens. 1*s.*
THE REV. C. BOYS, bright shining crimson, faintly shaded at tip of florets, which are very broad, stout, and beautifully incurved ; a splendid exhibition variety, very free and of good habit. 1*s.*
VIOLET UNIQUE, a beautifully formed flower of a dark carmine violet colour ; very fine. 1*s.* 6*d.*
WHITE EVE, pure white, of exquisite form and wax-like appearance. 1*s.*
WHITE GLOBE, *vide* **GLOBE WHITE.**
WHITE QUEEN OF ENGLAND (EMPRESS OF INDIA), ivory white, finely incurved. 1*s.*
WHITE VENUS, pure white ; a finely incurved flower. 1*s.*
ZEPHYR, salmon red and yellow, incurved and fine. 1*s.*

Mr. WILLAM BULL will be happy to make good selections of 100 in 50 varieties for 50s.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS.—ANEMONE-FLOWERED.

ACQUISITION, bright rose lilac and yellow disc ; guard florets broad and regular ; centre very high and round ; a splendid flower. 1*s.*
BIJOU, bright rosy purple ; guard florets broad and stiff ; disc high and finely formed. 1*s.*
FAIR MARGARET, delicate rose pink, distinct colour. 1*s.*
FINETTE, a delicate lilac peach, with lighter centre ; guard florets broad and well arranged. 1*s.*
FLEUR DE MARIE, a splendid large white flower. 1*s.*
GEORGES SAND, red with gold centre ; a very attractive variety. 1*s.*
GLUCK, golden yellow ; a very fine flower. 1*s.*
LADY MARGARET, large white anemone, with double row of guard florets. 1*s.*
MARGARET OF NORWAY, light red and rose centre. 1*s.*
M. CHATÉ, a beautifully formed flower ; outer florets rosy peach ; centre white, tipped rose. 1*s.* 6*d.*
MISS EYRE, blush, with yellow centre, medium size, dwarf habit, and very free. 1*s.*
MRS. PETHERS, rosy lilac ; a beautiful flower. 1*s.*
PRINCE OF ANEMONES, large lilac blush, and fine high centre. 1*s.*
PRINCESS LOUISE, delicate rosy lilac, with a full high centre ; very fine. 1*s.*
PRINCESS MARGUERITE, lilac pink, with lighter centre. 1*s.*
VIRGINALE, pure white ; a very dwarf late-flowering variety. 1*s.*

CHRYSANTHEMUMS.—POMPON, LILIPUTIAN AND HYBRID.

AIGLE D'OR, hybrid, splendid canary yellow. 1*s.*

AMPHILLA, a most useful and effective variety, flowers of a bright glowing red colour. 1*s.*

AMY, clear yellow, dwarf habit, fine form and free. 1*s.*

ANNETTE, silvery lilac tipped with purple; creamy white towards the centre of the flower; full, and of good form. 1*s.* 6*d.*

ARIOSTO, a fine flower of an attractive amaranth crimson colour, slightly shaded with yellow; very dwarf and prettily fringed. 1*s.*

AURORE, very fine bright orange coloured flowers of perfect form. 1*s.*

BERROL, golden yellow; extra fine for specimen plants. 1*s.*

BOLIDE, a very full and regularly formed imbricated flower of a golden yellow colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CENDRILLON, a full double flower of a rosy lilac colour, the reverse of the florets white; a dwarf-growing and early-flowering variety. 1*s.*

CHAMPS ELYSÉES, an attractive flower of a rich violet amaranth colour; extra fine. 1*s.*

CRIMSON PERFECTION, a most desirable and effective variety, with beautiful bright crimson flowers; one of the richest and best colours in the Pompon section. 1*s.*

DANAE, bright gold, very dwarf, abundant bloomer and fine for specimens. 1*s.*

DRIN DRIN, clear yellow; very fine. 1*s.*

ERNEST BENARY, a full well-formed flower, white, tinted with rose; very dwarf and free. 1*s.*

FABIOLA, a very dwarf-habited variety, freely producing large corymbs of pretty lilac flowers with fine broad florets. 1*s.*

GÉNÉRAL CANROBERT, pure yellow; very fine for specimens. 1*s.*

GOLDEN CIRCLE, bright golden orange, of dwarf habit and fine for specimen plants. 1*s.*

HECLA, an attractive variety, producing flowers of a very bright amaranth colour. 1*s.*

IRIS, white, tipped with bright pink, double and of fine form. 1*s.*

JASON, bright clear amaranth; a beautifully-formed medium-sized hybrid flower, distinct and attractive; of dwarf habit and very free flowering. 1*s.*

JERSEY GEM, golden yellow; flowers of excellent form with the florets slightly and prettily laciniated, and lightly tipped with crimson on the back. 1*s.* 6*d.*

JOSEPHE SCHWARTZ, a well formed imbricated flower of a bright reddish crimson colour; dwarf and free flowering. 3*s.* 6*d.*

JULIA ENGLEBACK, yellow and brown points, very distinct and fine. 1*s.*

LA RENONCULE, rosy carmine, tipped with gold; a fine flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LUCIEN CABOCHE, light rose pink; new colour and fine. 1*s.*

LUCRÈCE, a splendid variety, producing finely-formed fimbriated flowers of a very brilliant orange colour, shaded with reddish brown. 1*s.*

MADAME DE VATRY, rose, lilac and white. 1*s.*

MADAME EUGÈNE DOMAGE, pure white, very fine. 1*s.*

MADAME FERRAND, clear rosy lilac, all the florets finely embroidered with pure white, flower medium, reflexed; a very fine variety. 1*s.*

MADAME RIVAL VERNE, a very dwarf and free-flowering variety, producing fine trusses of full well-formed creamy white flowers, with golden centre; excellent for bedding. 1*s.*

MADEMOISELLE MARTHE, pure white, good well-formed flowers; a useful variety. 1*s.*

MADEMOISELLE OPOIX, a semi-double flower of a very bright yellow colour; dwarf, free and well adapted for bedding. 1*s.*

M. HOSTE, pure snowy white, finely-formed flowers; excellent for bouquets. 1*s.* 6*d.*

M. ULRICH, a very fine full flower, of a reddish amaranth colour tipped with white. 1*s.*

MUSTAPHA, dark brown crimson, very free. 1*s.*

OLIVAR, a fine hybrid, extremely dwarf and floriferous; clear light brown flowers of excellent form; very distinct and pretty. 1*s.*

PABLO, fine flowers, excessively full and beautifully fringed; rose colour, slightly tinged with purple; very showy and attractive. 1*s.*

POLYCARP, medium-sized flowers of a light rosy peach colour, prettily fringed. 1*s.*

PRESIDENT DECAISNE, rosy carmine, fine violet scented. 1*s.*

PRINCE VICTOR, dark red maroon, double and fine. 1*s.*

PROSERPINE, a very dwarf variety, of a bright yellow colour. 1*s.*

CHRYSANTHEMUMS—POMPON, LILIPUTIAN AND HYBRID—Continued.

RAJAH, a floriferous variety of dwarf habit, producing medium-sized bright rose flowers. 1*s.*
ROSE D'AMOUR, clear rose, full size, very fine and free and of dwarf habit. 1*s.*
ROSE TREVENNA, rosy blush, extra fine. 1*s.*
ROSINA, a pretty flower, of a beautiful pink colour, with the back of the florets bright carmine. 1*s.*
SAINT JUSTIA, red and orange, fine. 1*s.*
SAINT MICHAEL, very bright gold, equal in colour to *Jardin des Plantes*, dwarf habit. 1*s.*
SALAMON, dark rose carmine, very free and fine. 1*s.*
SANGUINEUM, rich dark reddish crimson with citron coloured centre ; very pretty. 3*s.* 6*d.*
VARIEGATUM, an exceedingly pretty variety with large well-formed flowers of a light magenta colour, the florets tipped and margined with white. 1*s.* 6*d.*

CHRYSANTHEMUMS—ANEMONE-FLOWERED POMPON.

AGATHA, flowers very full and double, of a blush pink colour, tipped with gold ; a pretty dwarf variety. 1*s.* 6*d.*
CALLIOPE, bright ruby red, with full high centre, very fine. 1*s.*
DICK TURPIN, guard petals bright magenta, centre deep orange. 1*s.*
EUGÉNE LAUJAULET, hybrid, yellow, with orange centre, fine. 1*s.*
FIREFLY, bright capucin scarlet, with high centre, a very distinct and striking colour. 1*s.*
GRACE DARLING, fine lilac, with blush centre. 1*s.*
LILAC CEDO NULLI, rose lilac, fine for specimens. 1*s.*
MADAME MONTELS, hybrid, white, with yellow centre, very distinct and beautiful. 1*s.*
MARIE STUART, lilac blush, with high sulphur centre, very fine. 1*s.*
MISS NIGHTINGALE, blush, with white centre, very full and fine. 1*s.*
MR. ASTIE, golden yellow, dwarf and splendid form. 1*s.*
MRS. WYNESS, rose lilac, high centre, free and fine. 1*s.*
SIDONIE, lilac, with high blush centre, full sized. 1*s.*

CHRYSANTHEMUMS—SUMMER-FLOWERING POMPON.

These varieties bloom during the months of June, July, August, September and October.

CAPITAINE NEMO, rosy purple, a very pretty variety. 1*s.*
CASSY, a light flower, tipped with lilac. 1*s.*
HENDERSONI, yellow, a very early variety. 1*s.*
LE LUXEMBOURG, yellow, an attractive flower. 1*s.*
LUCINDA, rosy lilac and blush, full and fine. 1*s.*
MADAME DUFOY, pure white, a very fine flower. 1*s.*
PRÉCOCITÉ, a remarkably free-blooming variety, producing its pretty light yellow flowers in the utmost profusion. 1*s.*
SCARLET GEM, fine bright reddish crimson, very dwarf. 1*s.*
SNOWDROP, white, a useful and free-flowering variety. 1*s.*
SOUVENIR DE M. RAMPONT, a dwarf and free-blooming variety, flowers of a beautiful rich reddish brown colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

Mr. William Bull will be happy to make good selections of Chrysanthemums, 100 in 50 varieties for 50s.

PLANTS FOR SUB-TROPICAL GARDENS.

These have either ornamental and attractive foliage, or are of graceful habit and growth, such as Bamboos, &c., and are very effective when planted in groups ; many of them forming striking objects as single specimens.

Good selections made at 30*s. and* 42*s. per dozen.*

NEW COLEUS.

For New Varieties offered for the first time, vide pages 9 and 10.

BIJOU, quite distinct and remarkably neat, the leaves have a creamy white centre, passing outwards by reticulated lines to the edge, the intervening spaces bright green, giving a spotted appearance to the foliage. 2*s.* 6*d.*

NEW COLEUS—Continued.

DUCHESS OF TECK, distinct and effective; the leaves are shaded rich violet crimson in the centre; the edge, except for about one-third at the base, broadly margined with golden yellow and dotted with green and deep violet crimson. Received a Certificate of Merit from the Royal Botanic Society. 2*s.* 6*d.*

EMPRESS OF GERMANY, extremely attractive on account of its bright coloration; the leaves have a few large lobe-like teeth, which form a yellow beaded border to the richly shaded violet crimson centre. Received a Certificate of Merit from the Royal Botanic Society. 2*s.* 6*d.*

JAMES BARNSHAW one of the most striking and distinct varieties yet raised, and of a curiously bizarre character; the leaves have a yellowish ground colour with here and there a tint of green, but the whole surface is freely marked in an irregular way with longish blotches of crimson, occasionally flushed with maroon. Received a First Class Certificate from the Royal Horticultural Society. 2*s.* 6*d.*

LOVELY, centre of the leaves cream colour, flushed with violet, and the edge a mottled green, from the pale central hue feathering out along the main veins and extending to the finer reticulations of the margin. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ROYAL PURPLE, colours extremely bright and rich; the leaves have a magenta crimson centre running out in feathery bars along the primary veins into the rich dark brown margin, which is slightly bordered by the olive green of the crenatures. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SENSATION, elegantly and brightly coloured, and therefore effective; the leaves are magenta rose in the centre, margined by a broad band of rich maroon, the crenatures being green and forming a beaded edge. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ADELINA PATTI, 2*s.* 6*d.*
ADMIRATION, 1*s.* 6*d.*
ALARM, *vide* page 9.
AMAZEMENT, *vide* page 10.
AMI CONSTANT, 1*s.* 6*d.*
ARTHUR W. SUTTON, 1*s.* 6*d.*
AURORA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
BARON DE HABER, 1*s.* 6*d.*
BEAUTY, 1*s.*
—— OF WIDMORE, 1*s.*
BEETHOVEN, 2*s.* 6*d.*
BRILLIANT, *vide* page 10.
BUTTERFLY, 1*s.* 6*d.*
CAPTIVATION, *vide* page 10.
CHAMÆLEON, 2*s.* 6*d.*
CHELSEA BEAUTY, *vide* page 10.
CHERUB, *vide* page 10.
CLAIRE DE CHANDENEUX, 1*s.* 6*d.*
CLOWN, 1*s.* 6*d.*
COMTESSE AGUADO, 1*s.* 6*d.*
CONRAD ROSENTHAL, 1*s.* 6*d.*
CORSAIR, 1*s.*
DAZZLE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
DIADEM, 3*s.* 6*d.*
DISTINCTION, 1*s.* 6*d.*
ECLIPSE, 1*s.*
ELDORADO, 1*s.*
EMBLEM, 2*s.* 6*d.*
EMMY, 1*s.* 6*d.*
ERNST BENARY, 1*s.* 6*d.*
EXQUISITE, 1*s.*
FAME, 1*s.* 6*d.*
FASCINATION, 1*s.*
FAVOURITE, 1*s.* 6*d.*
FIREFLY, 1*s.* 6*d.*
FLAMBEAU, *vide* page 9.
FRAU ANNA ALEXANDER, 2*s.* 6*d.*
GAIETY, *vide* page 9.
GARNET, 1*s.*
GEM, 1*s.*
GEORGE BUNYARD, 1*s.*
GLITTER, 2*s.* 6*d.*
GLOIRE DE MONCEAU, 1*s.* 6*d.*
GLOW, 1*s.* 6*d.*
GOLDEN BEAUTY, 3*s.* 6*d.*
HARLEQUIN, 1*s.* 6*d.*
HARRY VEITCH, 1*s.* 6*d.*
HESPERUS, 3*s.* 6*d.*
HIEROGLYPHICA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
JOHN BENARY, 1*s.* 6*d.*
JUBILEE, 3*s.* 6*d.*
JUNO, 2*s.* 6*d.*
KAISER WILHELM, 1*s.* 6*d.*
KENTISH FIRE, 1*s.*
LE COUTANÇONNAIS, 1*s.*
LILIAN, 3*s.* 6*d.*
LONGIFOLIUS PICTUS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
LORD FALMOUTH, 1*s.*
LORD OXFORD, 1*s.*
MAGIC, 1*s.* 6*d.*
MDLLE. LUCIE THOMAS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
M. CAMILLE BERNARDIN, 1*s.* 6*d.*
M. CH. AVRIL, 1*s.* 6*d.*
M. COLMET D'AAGE, 1*s.*
M. DELAUX, 1*s.*
M. DELEUIL, 1*s.*
M. DESBROSSES, 1*s.*
M. J. LINDEN, 1*s.*
M. P. HOCHET, 1*s.*
M. PUTEAUX-CHAIMBAULT, 1*s.* 6*d.*
M. THIBAUT, 1*s.* 6*d.*
MULTICOLOR, 1*s.*
MULTICOLOR SPLENDENS, 1*s.* 6*d.*
MUSAICA, 1*s.*
NOBILIS, 2*s.* 6*d.*
NON PLUS ULTRA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
NOVELTY, 2*s.* 6*d.*
PARAGON, 1*s.*
PERICLES, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PHŒBUS, *vide* page 9.
PICTUS, 1*s.*
PILLAR OF GOLD, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PLACIDA, 3*s.* 6*d.*
PORTIA, 1*s.*
PRINCE OF WALES, 1*s.* 6*d.*
PRINCESS, 2*s.* 6*d.*
QUADRICOLOR, 1*s.* 6*d.*
ROYALTY, 1*s.*
RUHM VON ERFURT, 1*s.* 6*d.*
SPARKLER, 1*s.* 6*d.*
SPLENDENS, 2*s.* 6*d.*
STARLIGHT, 5*s.*
STELLA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
SUNBEAM, 1*s.* 6*d.*
SURPRISE, 1*s.* 6*d.*
TALISMAN, 2*s.* 6*d.*
TURBAN, *vide* page 10.
VICTORY, *vide* page 10.
WIZARD, 1*s.* 6*d.*
WONDER, 1*s.* 6*d.*
YELLOW GEM, *vide* page 10.

NEW AND CHOICE BEDDING AND SOFT-WOODED PLANTS.

ACHYRANTHES HOVEYI, 1*s.*
AGERATUM CUPID, 9*d.*
AGERATUM LADY JANE, 9*d.*
—— THE QUEEN, 9*d.*

ALTERNANTHERA PURPUREA.

A new variety of dense compact habit, and of a deep purple shade, with a gray metallic reflection in the sun. It differs completely from all other Altornantheras in its peculiar shade of colour, and is well adapted for carpet bedding. 1*s.* 6*d.*

BOUVARDIA ALBA ODORATA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— BICOLOR, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— CANDIDISSIMA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— HUMBOLDTII CORYMBIFLORA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
BOUVARDIA JASMINOIDES LONGIPETALA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— MAIDEN BLUSH, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— QUEEN OF ROSES, 1*s.* 6*d.*

BOUVARDIA ROSEA OCULATA.

An exceedingly free-blooming variety, producing abundantly, on the lateral as well as terminal shoots, corymbs of delicate flesh-coloured flowers, with deep rose eye; extremely distinct and pretty. 2*s.* 6*d.*

BOUVARDIA UMBELLATA ALBA, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— VREELANDII, 1*s.*
BOUVARDIA UMBELLATA CARNEA, 1*s.* 6*d.*

CANNAS.

These striking foliage plants, so effective for sub-tropical gardening and border grouping, 12*s.*, 18*s.* and 30*s.* per dozen.

CHRYSANTHEMUM FRUTESCENS ETOILE D'OR.

An extremely useful decorative plant, of free growth, producing in great profusion fine large flower-heads which are of a delicate soft yellow colour; excellent for cutting, and well adapted for bedding out in summer. 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

COPROSMA BAUERIANA PICTURATA.

A free-growing and effective bedding plant, differing from the *C. Baueriana variegata* in having central instead of marginal variegation. The leaves are ovate and bluntly rounded, and they have a smooth surface of pale green, marked with blotches of pale yellow and creamy white, spreading out from the midrib on one or both sides, and assuming a variety of grotesque forms. 3*s.* 6*d.*

COPROSMA BAUERIANA VARIEGATA.

This is a very useful variegated-leaved bedding plant, and for border or ribbon planting is extremely effective; indeed it is one of the most attractive and useful of summer bedding plants.

It has moderate-sized glossy obovate leaves, which are bright green in the centre, with very broad white marginal variegation, this marginal portion being creamy yellow in a young state, which diversity adds much to the beauty of the plant. 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*

DAHLIAS.

Choice Exhibition Varieties, 9*s.*, 12*s.*, 18*s.* and 30*s.* per dozen.
Choice Exhibition Varieties, Fancy Flowers, 9*s.*, 12*s.*, 18*s.* and 30*s.* per dozen.
Dwarf Bedding Varieties, 9*s.* and 12*s.* per dozen.
Bouquet or Pompon Varieties, 9*s.* and 12*s.* per dozen.

DELPHINIUMS.

These handsome-flowered perennials are extremely showy and effective; and from the various shades of blue to be met with in their fine spikes of blossom, they are among the most attractive features in a garden. 18*s.* and 30*s.* per dozen.

ECHEVERIA AGAVOIDES, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CARINATA**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **CŒRULESCENS**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **FERREA**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GLAUCO-METALLICA**, 1*s.* 6*d.* & 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **GRANDISEPALA**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **IMBRICATA**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **METALLICA**, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **MUTABILIS**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
ECHEVERIA OVATA, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PEACOCKII (DE SMETIANA)**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **PRUINOSA**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **RETUSA FLORIBUNDA SPLENDENS**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— —— **GLAUCA**, 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **ROSEO-PICTA**, 7*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SCAPHYLLA**, 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **SPATHULATA**, 2*s.* 6*d.*

ECHEVERIA SCHEIDECKERI.

A very distinct variety, obtained from a cross between *Echeveria secunda glauca* and *Pachyphytum bracteatum;* the leaves, which are short and thick, are of a light glaucous hue; the plant is of neat and compact growth, and will be very useful for bedding. 2*s.* 6*d.*

ECHEVERIA SECUNDA, 9*d.* each; 6*s.* per dozen.

ECHEVERIA SECUNDA GLAUCA, 9*d.* each; 6*s.* per dozen.

GAILLARDIA ADMIRATION.

A very fine free-blooming variety, producing large reddish crimson flowers bordered with citron yellow. 2*s.* 6*d.*

IRESINE WALLISII.

A distinct new species of dwarf compact habit; the leaves are small, round and of an attractive reddish purple colour with intense metallic green reflections, producing a brilliant effect. Its richly coloured foliage and bushy habit render it very useful for bedding. 1*s.* 6*d.*

LANTANAS,

Of sorts, 18*s.* and 30*s.* per dozen.

LOBELIA ERINUS.

This dwarf-growing section of the Lobelias is exceedingly useful and effective. Their neat and compact habit and the redundancy with which their blossoms are produced, render them almost invaluable for bedding, especially for edgings and ribbon borders.

ANNETTE, lilac, with white eye prettily spotted with lilac. 1*s.*
BLUE BEARD, a very fine variety of the *speciosa* type, of compact free-branching habit, producing very large finely formed flowers of a rich, bright, deep blue colour. 1*s.*
BLUE BONNET, bright blue, with white centre spotted with dark blue. 1*s.*
CELESTIAL, celestial blue, with white centre, attractively spotted with indigo blue. 1*s.*
IMPERIAL, a splendid variety, of a lovely torquoise blue colour with attractive white centre. 1*s.*
OMEN, a beautiful rose-coloured flower, with distinct white eye. 1*s.*
SERENA, pure white, with upper lobes and tube light blue. 1*s.*
SPECIOSA ALBA, an extremely useful and effective variety, resembling the old *L. speciosa* in habit and growth, but having pure white flowers, which are produced in great profusion. 1*s.*
VIOLETTA, charming light blue, with white eye; a fine large flower, very pretty. 1*s.*

HERBACEOUS LOBELIAS.

MARVEL, puce, with light centre; an exceedingly attractive and well-formed flower. 2*s.* 6*d.*
RINGLEADER, light purple, a very pretty colour; free grower. 1*s.* 6*d.*
SYPHILITICA GRANDIFLORA, very light pink, with white eye; a pretty flower. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MATRICARIA INODORA.

A very useful and exceedingly free-blooming plant, producing in the utmost profusion pure white flowers, which resemble those of a Pompon Chrysanthemum. The blooms keep fresh a long time, and are therefore, of the greatest service for cutting for decoration. 1*s.* 6*d.*

MIMULUS.

The new and improved varieties of this showy flower are very handsome, many of them blotched or freckled and spotted, on white, sulphur and yellow grounds; the lobes margined with crimson and maroon. Selections at 9*s.*, 12*s.* and 18*s.* per dozen.

PENTSTEMONS.

As attractive and decorative plants, either for flower beds or borders, the modern varieties of Pentstemon have scarcely any rival, their cultivation being of the easiest description, while they are suitable to almost any soil, and their large and showy flowers are given with a remarkable redundancy from June to September. Choice sorts, 12*s.* and 18*s.* per dozen.

PETUNIAS.

Choice Selections of Double-flowered kinds, including blotched, fringed and variegated varieties, 18*s.* and 30*s.* per dozen ; choice new kinds, 42*s.* per dozen.

Choice Selections of Single-flowered kinds, including striped and blotched varieties, 12*s.* and 18*s.* per dozen.

PHLOXES (HERBACEOUS).

Selections of good and choice kinds at 12*s.*, 18*s.* and 30*s.* per dozen.

SALVIA BETHELII.

A very effective variety, of compact sturdy habit, producing in great profusion its attractive flowers, which are of a bright rosy-pink colour, tipped with white ; it is a useful plant for winter blooming. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SALVIA BRUANTII.

A dwarf-growing variety, producing fine large flowers of a dazzling velvety-red colour ; exceedingly attractive. 1*s.*

SALVIA CŒLESTINA.

A vigorous-growing variety, with quadrangular whitish stems and foliage, having toothed edges ; the flowers, which are freely produced in long branched spikes, are of a bluish lilac colour. 1*s.* 6*d.*

SALVIA FARINACEA.

A very showy and effective variety, of good branching habit, producing freely from July until late in the autumn fine spikes of beautiful rich blue flowers, which have the lip and throat marked with white. 3*s.* 6*d.*

SALVIA HOVEYI.

This is a most desirable and handsome variety, of the habit and general character of *S. splendens*, but with dark blue flowers. 2*s.* 6*d.*

SALVIA SPLENDENS, 1*s.*
—— **VERSCHAFFELTII,** 1*s.*
SEMPERVIVUM ARACHNOIDEUM, 9*d.*
—— **CALCAREUM (CALIFORNICUM),** 9*d.* and 1*s.*
—— **CHRYSANTHUM,** 2*s.* 6*d.*
SEMPERVIVUM HAWORTHII, 1*s.*
—— **SPECIOSUM,** 2*s.* 6*d.*
—— **TECTORUM,** 9*d.*
TORENIA BAILLONII, bright yellow, 1*s.* 6*d.*
—— **FOURNIERI,** sky-blue, 1*s.* 6*d.*

VERBENAS.

CHOICE KINDS, for bedding and pot culture, at 9*s.* and 12*s.* per dozen.

VERONICA CHAMÆDRYS AUREA.

A golden-leaved form of this pretty plant, which for garden decorative purposes will be an acquisition. 1*s.* 6*d.*

VITEX TRIFOLIA VARIEGATA.

A pretty and attractive variegated plant of the Labiate order, introduced from the South Sea Islands. It has downy branches, which are furnished with opposite leaves ; these in this variety have a marginal variegation of white, which in some places leads to irregularity of outline. The flowers are violet purple. 2*s.* 6*d.*

Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S SEED CATALOGUE,

Published in January, contains descriptions and prices of all the most desirable novelties in Flower Seeds, saved from extra fine carefully selected stocks. Also Ornamental-foliaged Plants, so much used now for sub-tropical gardening.

Descriptions and prices of the best and most popular seeds that can be offered for the Kitchen Garden, Flower Garden, Conservatory, &c., &c.

SEEDS FROM PRIZE STRAINS.

	Per pkt.—s.	d.
Auricula Alpine . . . 1s. 6d. &	2	6
Balsam, Camellia-flowered . . .	1	0
Begonia, from handsome-flowered hybrids	2	6
Calceolaria, Herbaceous, Bull's Prize Strain. . . . . 1s. 6d. &	2	6
Calceolaria, Herbaceous, Crystal Palace Prize	2	6
Cineraria, extra choice mixed colours, 1s. 6d. &	2	6
Cockscomb, Glasgow Prize . . .	1	0
Cyclamen Persicum, mixed colours, extra fine . . . . 1s. 6d. &	2	6
Cyclamen Persicum grandiflorum (new)	5	0
Gloxinia, from choice named varieties 1s. 6d. &	2	6
Mimulus, New Large-flowered . .	1	6
Pansy, Fancy, choice mixed colours .	1	6
Pelargonium, Gold and Bronze, from named varieties . . . 1s. 6d. &	2	6
,, **Zonal**, from named varieties	1	6
,, **Ivy-leaved**, from named varieties . . 1s. 6d. &	2	6
,, **Nosegay**, from named varieties . . .	2	6
Petunia, choice hybridised . . .	1	6

	Per pkt.—s.	d.
Petunia hybrida flore pleno, very choice . . . 1s. 6d. &	2	6
Picotee, mixed colours . . 1s. 6d. &	2	6
Polyanthus, from gold-laced flowers .	2	6
Primula sinensis fimbriata alba 1s. 6d. &	2	6
,, ,, ,, **rubra**, 1s. 6d. &	2	6
,, ,, ,, **Bull's premier mixture**, 1s. 6d. &	2	6
,, ,, ,, **filicifolia alba**, 1s. 6d. &	2	6
,, ,, ,, ,, **rubra**, 1s. 6d. &	2	6
,, ,, ,, **Kermesina splendens**, 1s. 6d. &	2	6
,, ,, ,, **lilacina albo marginata**, 1s. 6d. &	2	6
,, ,, ,, **Village Maid**, 1s. 6d. &	2	6
,, ,, ,, **alba flore pleno**	3	6
,, ,, ,, **rosea flore pleno**	3	6
,, ,, ,, **Kermesina splendens flore pleno** .	3	6

FOREIGN ORDERS.

Plants, Seeds, &c., for transmission abroad, selected and packed with the greatest possible care in Bull's Patent Plant Cases or close boxes, according to the nature of the goods, and despatched by the best Routes, Mail Steamers, Clipper Ships and Railways to any part of the world.

A remittance must accompany all Foreign Orders.

EXPORTING.

Mr. W. B. is continually receiving the most gratifying accounts of the excellent condition in which both the plant and seed orders entrusted to him reach their destinations, and the satisfaction given by the selections made.

Post-office Orders to be made payable at KING'S ROAD, CHELSEA, S.W.

Cheques to be crossed "LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK."

Nearly 100,000 Superficial Feet of Glass at Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S Establishment filled with New and Rare Plants.

WILLIAM BULL F.L.S.,

RESPECTFULLY INVITES THE NOBILITY AND GENTRY ABOUT TO FURNISH CONSERVATORIES TO AN INSPECTION OF THE

MAGNIFICENT SPECIMEN ORNAMENTAL PLANTS

IN HIS

WINTER GARDEN,

SOME OF WHICH ARE THE MOST HANDSOME IN EUROPE;

THEY COMPRISE

VARIEGATED ALOES AND YUCCAS
UNIQUE MACROZAMIAS AND ENCEPHALARTOS
NOBLE PALMS AND MUSAS
BEAUTIFUL CAMELLIAS AND LAPAGERIAS
CURIOUS CYCADS AND AGAVES
PICTURESQUE PHORMIUMS AND DRACÆNAS,

AND

THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK IN EUROPE

OF

TREE FERNS,

Well established, with handsome and graceful heads.

THE COLLECTION OF

CYCADACEOUS PLANTS

IS UNEQUALLED IN EXTENT, AND IN THE SIZE AND BEAUTY OF THE SPECIMENS.

Amateurs having Plants that have grown too large for their Greenhouses or Conservatories, can have them exchanged for New and Rare Plants, on application to Mr. WILLIAM BULL, who will also be happy to take any duplicates or large Plants of the older sorts of Orchids in exchange for small plants of the newer kinds, or other New Plants.

ESTABLISHMENT FOR NEW AND RARE PLANTS,

KING'S ROAD, CHELSEA, LONDON, S.W.

THE FOLLOWING ARE A FEW OF THE SPECIMENS IN

Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S

WINTER GARDEN AND OTHER PLANT HOUSES.

Mr. W. B. has a large stock of smaller sizes of most of the plants quoted, as also of many others. Sizes and prices can be had on application.

AGAVE AMERICANA VARIEGATA, fine specimen plants. 6 guineas each.

ALSOPHILA LEICHARDTIANA, *vide* page 110.

ARAUCARIA EXCELSA, fine plants. 3, 4, and 5 guineas each.

ARECA BAUERI (SEAFORTHIA ROBUSTA), about 4 feet high. 6 guineas.

—— **SAPIDA**, 3 and 4 feet high. 5 and 6 guineas each.

CAMELLIA ALBA PLENA, a standard, about 9½ feet high. 12 guineas.

—— **DUC DE MORNY**, about 4 feet 9 inches high. 4 guineas.

—— **FEASTII STRIATA**, about 5 feet high. 3 guineas.

—— **GÉNÉRAL DROUOT**, about 4 feet 3 inches high. 3½ guineas.

—— **MARCHIONESS OF EXETER**, about 10 feet high. 9 guineas.

—— **MONARCH**, about 8 feet high. 6 guineas.

—— **STOREYII**, about 3 feet 6 inches high. 2½ guineas.

—— **WASHINGTONIA**, about 4½ feet high. 4 guineas.

CHAMÆROPS FORTUNEI (EXCELSA), 2½ to 3 feet high. 4 guineas each.

—— **FORTUNEI**, 3 to 4 feet high. 5 guineas each.

—— **FORTUNEI**, 4 to 4½ feet high. 6 guineas each.

—— **FORTUNEI**, 5 to 6 feet high. 8 guineas each.

—— **FORTUNEI**, about 6 feet high. 10 guineas each.

—— **FORTUNEI**, 6 to 7 feet high, a handsome plant. 15 guineas.

—— **FORTUNEI**, about 8 feet high, and spreading about 9 feet; circumference of trunk at base about 2 feet. 25 guineas.

—— **FORTUNEI**, about 8 feet high and spreading 9 to 10 feet; circumference of trunk about 2 feet 2 inches. 30 guineas.

—— **FORTUNEI**, about 10 feet high, and spreading 10 to 11 feet; circumference of trunk at base about 2 feet 3 inches. 50 guineas.

—— **HUMILIS**, trunk about 3½ feet high and about 2 feet in circumference, head about 3½ feet high. 50 guineas.

CHAMÆROPS HUMILIS ELEGANS, about 4 feet high. 10 guineas.

CIBOTIUM GLAUCUM, a fine specimen. 10 guineas.

—— **MENZIESII**, a fine specimen. 10 guineas.

—— **PRUINATUM**, a fine specimen. 10 guineas.

CORYPHA AUSTRALIS, *vide* **LIVISTONA AUSTRALIS**

CYATHEA BURKEI, *vide* page 111.

—— **DEALBATA**, *vide* pages 109 to 111.

—— **DEALBATA FOLIOSA**, *vide* page 111.

—— **DREGEI**, *vide* page 111.

—— **MEDULLARIS**, *vide* page 111.

—— **SMITHII**, *vide* pages 109 and 111.

CYCAS ARMSTRONGII, trunk about 1 foot 4 inches high; fronds from 5 to 5½ feet long. 15 guineas.

—— **MEDIA**, trunks of various sizes, ranging from 1 to 13 feet high, from 5 to 25 guineas each.

—— **NORMANBYANA**, trunk about 5 feet 4 inches high; fronds from 3 to 3½ feet long. 30 guineas.

—— **REVOLUTA**, trunks about 1 foot 9 inches high. 7, 8, and 9 guineas each.

—— **REVOLUTA**, trunks about 2 feet high. 10 and 12 guineas each.

—— **REVOLUTA**, trunk upwards of 2 feet high, and about 2½ feet in circumference; fronds spreading about 6 feet; height of plant altogether nearly 5½ feet. 25 guineas.

—— **REVOLUTA**, trunk about 5½ feet high, one of the finest specimens in Europe. 40 guineas.

DICKSONIA ANTARCTICA, *vide* pages 108 to 110.

—— **SQUARROSA**, *vide* page 110.

DION EDULE, handsome specimens, 4, 5, 8 and 10 guineas each

—— **EDULE**, a magnificent specimen; trunk about 3 feet 3 inches high. 25 guineas.

DRACÆNA AUSTRALIS, about 3 feet high. 1½ and 2 guineas each.

—— **AUSTRALIS LATIFOLIA**, stem about 10½ feet high, head about 3½ feet high. 18 guineas.

—— **AUSTRALIS LINEATA**, from 3 to 4 feet high. 3 and 4 guineas each.

SPECIMEN PLANTS—Continued.

DRACÆNA AUSTRALIS LINEATA, from 4 to 5 feet high. 5 guineas each

ENCEPHALARTOS BRACHYPHYLLUS, fine plants. 3 and 4 guineas each.

—— **BRACHYPHYLLUS**, handsome specimens. 5 and 6 guineas each.

—— **CAFFRA**, fine specimens. 6, 8, 10, 15 and 20 guineas each.

—— **CAFFRA LANUGINOSA**, a handsome plant. 18 guineas.

—— **CAFFRA LATIFOLIA**, a handsome plant. 15 guineas.

—— **FRIDERICI-GUILIELMI**, magnificent specimens of this handsome new Cycad. 8, 10 and 15 guineas each.

—— **HORRIDUS**, fine specimens. 5, 8, and 10 to 15 guineas each.

—— **HORRIDUS MULTIFLEXUS**, handsome specimens. 5, 6 and 8 guineas each.

—— **LEHMANNI**, fine specimens. 6, 7, 8 and 10 guineas each.

—— **LEHMANNI SPINOSA**, splendid plants. 8 and 10 guineas each.

—— **VILLOSUS**, handsome specimens of various sizes. 5, 6, 7 and 8 guineas each.

—— **VROOMII**, trunk about 1 foot 9 inches high ; fronds about 4 feet long. 15 guineas.

—— **VROOMII**, trunk about 1 foot 8 inches high ; fronds about 5½ feet long. 18 guineas.

—— **VROOMII**, trunk about 4 feet high ; fronds about 5½ feet long. 80 guineas.

—— **VROOMII LATIFOLIA**, trunk about 2 feet 6 inches high ; fronds about 4 feet 6 inches long. 50 guineas.

FERNS, TREE, *vide* pages 108 to 111.

GEONOMA PUMILA, about 4 feet high. 4 guineas each.

—— **PUMILA**, about 5½ feet high. 6 guineas each.

LAPAGERIA ALBA, fine plants. 5, 6, 8 and 10 guineas each.

—— **ROSEA**, fine plants. 3, 4 and 5 guineas each.

—— **RUBRA SUPERBA**, fine plants. 4 and 5 guineas each.

LATANIA BORBONICA, 2½ to 3 feet high. 3 guineas each.

—— **BORBONICA**, 3 to 3½ feet high. 4 guineas each.

—— **BORBONICA**, 3½ to 4 feet high. 5, 6 and 7 guineas each.

—— **BORBONICA**, 4 to 5 feet high. 8 and 10 guineas each.

—— **BORBONICA**, about 4, 5 and 6 feet high, and spreading 6 to 7 feet. 10 and 12 guineas each.

LATANIA BORBONICA, a magnificent specimen, about 6 feet high, and spreading 6 to 8 feet. 18 guineas.

—— **BORBONICA**, a magnificent specimen, about 7 feet high, and spreading 8 to 10 feet. 20 guineas.

LICUALA PELTATA, a fine plant. 5 guineas.

LIVISTONA (CORYPHA) AUSTRALIS, 2 to 2½ feet high. 3 guineas each.

—— —— **AUSTRALIS**, 2½ to 3 feet high. 4 guineas each.

—— —— **AUSTRALIS**, 3 to 3½ feet high. 5 guineas each.

MACROZAMIA SPIRALIS, trunk about 1 foot high, and about 3 feet in circumference. 4, 5 and 6 guineas each.

—— **SPIRALIS**, trunk about 1 foot high, and about 3½ feet in circumference. 7 and 8 guineas each.

PALMS, *vide* pages 122 to 132.

PHŒNIX HUMILIS, about 6½ feet high, and spreading about 9 feet. 15 guineas.

—— **RECLINATA**, about 3 feet 4 inches high, and spreading about 5 feet. 6 guineas.

PHORMIUM ATROPURPUREUM, fine specimens. 3, 4 and 5 guineas each.

—— **COLENSOI VARIEGATUM**, fine specimens. 3, 4, 5, 6 and 8 guineas each.

—— **TENAX VARIEGATUM**, fine specimens. 4, 5, 6 and 8 guineas each.

PTYCHOSPERMA CUNNINGHAMII, 2½ to 3 feet high. 3 guineas each.

—— **CUNNINGHAMII**, 3 to 3½ feet high, 4 guineas each.

—— **CUNNINGHAMII**, 4 to 5 feet high, 5 and 6 guineas each.

—— **CUNNINGHAMII**, about 5 feet high, 7 guineas each.

—— **CUNNINGHAMII**, 5 to 6 feet high, 8 to 10 guineas each.

—— **CUNNINGHAMII**, about 8 feet high, 15 guineas.

—— **CUNNINGHAMII**, about 9 feet high, 18 guineas.

—— **CUNNINGHAMII**, a magnificent plant, about 10 feet high. 20 guineas.

—— **CUNNINGHAMII**, a magnificent specimen, about 12 feet high. 25 guineas.

SEAFORTHIA ELEGANS, *vide* **Ptychosperma Cunninghamii.**

—— **ROBUSTA**, *vide* **Areca Baueri.**

TREE FERNS, *vide* pages 108 to 111.

ZAMIA, *vide* **Encephalartos.**

Mr. W. BULL has a staff of thoroughly experienced packers, so that plants of any size or in full bloom can be safely sent any distance without the least injury.

PRIZES FOR NEW PLANTS.

Mr. William Bull having offered through the Royal Horticultural Society

ONE THOUSAND POUNDS

for New Plants of his own introduction, begs to announce the eighth annual series of Prizes, as follows :—

TWELVE SILVER CUPS

will be given at the Great Summer Show to be held at Kensington, June 8th to 11th, 1880, viz.,

FOR PRIVATE GROWERS.

1st Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 15 guineas.
2nd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas.
3rd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.

FOR NURSERYMEN.

1st Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 15 guineas.
2nd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas.
3rd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.

and to those not having previously won any of Mr. William Bull's Silver Cups :—

FOR PRIVATE GROWERS.

1st Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 15 guineas.
2nd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas.
3rd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.

FOR NURSERYMEN.

1st Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 15 guineas.
2nd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas.
3rd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.

In each and all cases the above Prizes to be offered for Twelve New Plants of Mr. W. Bull's introduction, and sent out since the commencement of 1877. The plants available for these prizes to comprise only those announced in Mr. W. Bull's Catalogues, as sent out by him for the first time. The Catalogues can be easily referred to, or a list of the plants had on application.

In each and every entry, the names of the Twelve Plants to be exhibited must be sent with the entry. Exhibitors can only compete for one prize at a time in each class.

The Twelve Plants must be twelve distinct species or varieties, but each may be composed of one or more individual plants, if grouped in one pot, pan, or vase.

Any Exhibitor, winning either of the foregoing Prizes, and having previously won two of Mr. William Bull's Silver Cups, can have money instead of the Cup, if preferred.

LIST OF PLANTS AVAILABLE FOR EXHIBITION

FOR Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S SILVER CUPS.

NEW PLANTS SENT OUT IN 1877.

Anthurium Veitchii
Aralia filicifolia
Artanthe rubronodosa
Bowenia spectabilis serrulata
Chamædorea eburnea
Chevalliera (Æchmea) Veitchii
Cibotium Menziesii
—— pruinatum
Coleus pictus
Croton Henderson
—— rex
Curmeria Wallisii
Cycas pluma
Cypripedium Druryi
Dieffenbachia Chelsoni
—— velutina
Dipladenia ornata
—— regina
Diplazium Arnottii
Dracæna ampliata
—— cruenta
—— Goldieana
—— miniata
—— mirabilis
—— nivalis
—— Robinsoniana
—— rosea-perfecta
—— rubescens
—— triumphans
—— vestalis
—— vivicans
Dracontium albostipes
—— annulatum
—— Carderi
Encephalartos Hildebrandii
Eucalyptus citriodora
Gymnogramma Mertensii dobroydensis
Hæmanthus Mannii
Hibiscus (rosa-sinensis) Collerii
Kentia Wendlandiana
Iris Robinsonia
Lomaria Dalgairnsiæ
—— discolor bipinnatifida
Macrozamia Mackenzii
Nephrodium truncatum
Nephrolepis Duffii
Panax laciniatum
Pavonia multiflora (Wiotii)
Pelargonium Prince of Wales
Phœnix rupicola
Plectranthus fœtidus
Sadleria cyatheoides
Smilax Shuttleworthii
Stanhopea Shuttleworthii.

NEW PLANTS SENT OUT IN 1878.

Adiantum bellum
—— tetraphyllum gracile
Agapanthus umbellatus excelsus
—— —— flore pleno
Alocasia Johnstoni
Anæctochilus concinnus
—— hieroglyphicus
—— inscriptus
—— ornatus
Anemidictyon Phyllitidis tessellata
Aphelandra pumila
Artocarpus eburnea
Arundina bambusæfolia
Asplenium heterochroum
Azalea emblem
—— marvel
Bomarea Carderi
Calyptronoma Swartzii
Croton aureo-lineatus
—— challenger
—— cloriosus
—— princeps
—— roseo-pictus
—— superbiens
—— torquatus
—— triumphans
—— Williamsii
Davidsonia pruriens
Dendrobium superbiens
Dieffenbachia Shuttleworthii
Dracæna cristula
—— Gladilina
—— Lucinda
Eranthemum nigrescens
Gymnotheca Raddiana
Homalomena peltata
Masdevallia bella
Plectocomia himalayana
Ruellia rosea
Selaginella perelegans (bellula)
—— Victoriæ
Thrinax barbadensis.

NEW PLANTS SENT OUT IN 1879.

Antigonon insione
Asparagus falcatus
—— virgatus
Astrocaryum decorum
Bambusa nana
Bertolonia vittata
Bignonia magnifica
Bulbophyllum Beccarii
Carludovica Drudei
Ceratozamia fusco-viridis
Crinum amœnum
Croton Chelsoni
Cyathea pubescens
Cycas siamensis
Cyphomandra argentea
Dendrobium chrysanthum microphthalmum
Dipladenia rosacea
Doodia aspera multifida
Dracontium sculpturatum
Encephalartos Friderici-Guilielmi
Ficus exsculpta
Gardenia globosa
Gentiana Kurroo
Hæmanthus Kalbreyeri
Hibiscus (rosa - sinensis) zebrina
Iris Kæmpferi Chelsea Hero
Ixora Chelsoni
—— profusa
Jussiæa macrocarpa ciliata
Lælia anceps alba
Lastrea aristata variegata
Litobrochia comans densa
Oreodoxa granatensis
Panax plumatum
Pandanophyllum humile
Phyllanthus Seemannianus
Pieris ovalifolia densiflora
Polystichum lentum
—— viviparum
Pteris umbrosa cristata
Ruellia acutangula
Sarracenia atrosanguinea
—— crispata
—— flava ornata
Selaginella Kraussiana aurea.

NEW PLANTS SENT OUT IN 1880.

Asparagus plumosus
Dieffenbachia amœna
—— Carderi
—— delecta
—— Leopoldii
—— splendens
Drosera dichotoma rubra
Heterospathe elata
Juncus lætevirens
—— Zebrinus
Maranta nitens
Pavonia Makoyana
Pelargonium, Maid of Kent
—— Princess of Wales
Philodendron Carderi
Selaginella caulescens gracilis
Senecio speciosus.

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